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### ARTICLE 9.1

#### ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

#### SECTION 9.101 TITLE

This document shall be known as the Lowell Land Development Code and may be referred to as the "Development Code" or "Code."

#### SECTION 9.102 PURPOSE

The purpose of this Code is to establish standards and procedures for the orderly development of land within the City of Lowell in conformance with the Lowell Comprehensive Plan, to protect property rights, provide due process of law and promote the public health, safety and welfare of the citizens of Lowell.
SECTION 9.103 COMPLIANCE STANDARDS

(a) The Lowell Comprehensive Plan shall be the official policy guide for the Lowell Land Development Code.

(b) A property may be used and a structure or part of a structure may be constructed, altered, occupied or used only as this Code permits.

(c) No property, yard, off-street parking area, off-street loading area or other open space existing on or after the effective date of this Code shall be reduced below the minimum required for it by this Code unless authorized under the procedures of this Code.

(d) No property, yard, off-street parking area, off-street loading area, or other open space shall be used as the requirement for another lot or use, except as provided for in this Code.

(e) No lot, structure or use shall be permitted if it is a threat to the health, safety or welfare of the user or the public.

(f) Every lot or parcel shall abut and/or have access to a public street.

(g) Recreational vehicles, fifth-wheelers, travel trailers, tent trailers, tents or similar facilities may not be occupied for more than thirty (30) days in a calendar year within the City limits. The City shall grant one 30-day extension upon receiving a written request.

(h) No person shall divide land or develop land within the City without having complied with the applicable provisions of this Code and the applicable provisions of county, state and federal law.

(i) No person shall sell any subdivision lot or partition parcel until the Plat of the subdivision or partition has been approved by the City and recorded with Lane County.

(j) The City shall be notified of any pending sale of a subdivision, partition or of any property where the Conditions of Approval, Variance conditions or required improvements have not been completed. Sale of property under these conditions shall invalidate the approval granted by the City unless an agreement to complete the approved requirements is accepted by the City.

(k) All approvals granted by the City shall be completed within the time period specified in the approval or within one year of approval if not specified. Periodic reviews of the progress may be conducted by the City.

SECTION 9.104 ASSOCIATED REGULATIONS

In addition to this Code, the following policies, plans or regulations may apply:

(a) The Lowell Comprehensive Plan.
(b) Official Maps or Development Plans, including but not limited to Zoning Map, Water Master Plan, Sewer Master Plan, Master Road Plan and agreed upon individual Development Plans.

(c) Chapter 227, City Planning and Zoning, of the Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS 227).

(d) Chapter 197, Comprehensive Land Use Planning Coordination, of the Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS 197).

(e) Chapter 92, Subdivisions and Partitions, of the Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS 92).

(f) Chapter 209, County Surveyors, of the Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS 209).

(g) Recording requirements of the Lane County Surveyor.

(h) All other applicable regulations provided by law.

No person shall divide land or develop land within the City without having complied with the applicable provisions of this Code and the applicable provisions of county, state or federal law.

SECTION 9.105 INTERPRETATION

(a) Where the conditions imposed by any provision of this Code are less restrictive than comparable conditions imposed by any other provisions of this Code or any other city ordinance, state law or federal law, the applicable provisions which are more restrictive shall govern.

(b) An oral opinion or interpretation of this Code or of the applicability of the Code to specific site situations may be made by the City Administrator. An oral interpretation may not be appealed unless it is first requested in writing as a request for official interpretation as provide for below.

(c) A request for an official interpretation of the content or applicability of this Code, the Comprehensive Plan or any applicable provision of law shall be made to the City Administrator.

(d) A person requesting an official interpretation shall submit the request in writing and may offer an opinion or recommendation. The fee for an interpretation shall be paid in compliance with Section 9.109. Clarifications and interpretations of this Code or the Comprehensive Plan maybe made by the City Administrator or may be referred to the Planning Commission. Public notifications and a Public Hearing by the Planning Commission will be scheduled for interpretations affecting adjacent property owners.

(e) The City Administrator shall issue a written response as soon as possible, but within a maximum of 45 days from receipt of the request for review of the interpretation. A City Administrator interpretation shall be made in writing and transmitted to the person requesting the interpretation.

(f) Appeal of an interpretation may be filed in compliance with Section 9.309.
(g) Interpretations shall be issued in writing and shall be binding on the City and the petitioner unless appealed. A Record File shall be maintained for written interpretations.

SECTION 9.106 VALIDITY

The provisions of this Code are severable. If any section, sentence, clause or phrase of this Code is adjudged by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, the decision shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions of this Code.

SECTION 9.107 ADMINISTRATION

(a) The City shall maintain authority over all activities within the City Limits as provided by law and the City Charter. All powers of the City shall be vested in the City Council unless otherwise provided in the City Charter.

b2) The City Administrator, under the direction of the City Council, shall have the authority and duty to enforce the provisions of this Code and all related city, county, state or federal regulations. An Administrative Decision is a decision by the City Administrator with notification of actions taken provided to the Planning Commission and City Council.

(1) The City Administrator shall have the initial authority and responsibility to interpret all terms, provisions, and requirements of this Code as provided for in Section 9.105.

(2) The City Administrator shall have decision authority for Property Line Adjustments.

(3) Final Plat signature specified in Section 9.237.

(4) Flood Plain development permits as specified in Section 9.622.

(5) All correspondence and inquiries related to this Code shall be directed to the City Administrator at the Lowell City Hall, 107 East Third Street, P.O. Box 490, Lowell, Oregon 97452, Telephone - (541) 937-2157, Fax - (541) 937-2936.

(6) The City Administrator may designate other City Officers or Staff to undertake specialized duties, including but not limited to, the City Attorney, City Engineer and City Planner.

(c) The Planning Commission shall have the authority to review and approve all Site Plans, Conditional Uses, Variances and Partitions.

(d) The City Council, with recommendation from the Planning Commission, shall have the authority to review and approve all Comprehensive Plan and Zoning Map Amendments, Vacations and Subdivisions. The City Council shall also review and approve all Annexations.

(e) In the event that a single land use application requires more than one decision, the highest
deciding authority will make all decisions.

(f) A decision by the City Administrator, the Planning Commission or the City Council may be appealed as provided in Section 9.309.

SECTION 9.108 ENFORCEMENT

Owners and/or occupants of land or buildings within the City of Lowell are subject to the enforcement authority of the City of Lowell as provided by State Law and the provisions of this Code, including any other applicable Ordinances adopted by the Lowell City Council.

The City Administrator, acting on behalf of the City Council, shall have the authority to determine and designate a violation of this Code or a violation of the Conditions of Approval of a prior land use decision and seek such remedies as may be provided for in this Code or by law

(a) Remedy. A structure located, constructed, maintained, repaired, altered or used in violation of this Code, or land used in violation of this Code, shall constitute a nuisance. The City may, as an alternative to other remedies that are legally available for enforcing this Code, institute injunction, mandamus, abatement or other appropriate proceedings to prevent, enjoin, abate or remove the unlawful location, construction, maintenance, repair, alteration or use.

(b) Procedures.

(1) Upon determination of a violation of this Code, the City shall notify the property owner that a violation exists. Such notice shall specify, with reasonable certainty, the following:

A. The location and nature of the violation.

B. The provision or provisions of this Code which have been violated.

C. That immediate enforcement will be sought unless the violation is corrected or corrective action has been initiated within ten (10) calendar days.

A defect in the notice of violation shall not prevent the enforcement of this Code.

(2) If necessary, the City Attorney shall take such legal action as required to insure compliance with this Code unless:

A. It has been demonstrated to the satisfaction of the City that the violation has been corrected or removed or;

B. A court of competent jurisdiction has stayed enforcement pending the outcome of a proceeding before it, concerning the violation.

(c) Penalty. A violation of this Code may be the subject of criminal, civil, or other sanctions authorized by State Law or City Ordinances.
(1) In addition to, or in lieu of criminal actions, a violation of this Code or a permit issued herein may be the subject of a civil penalty to be recovered by a civil action in the nature of a debt or of any appropriate remedy issuing from a court of competent jurisdiction, including mandatory and prohibitory injunctions and orders of abatement.

(2) Upon conviction of a civil violation of this Code, a fine up to $750 may be imposed. Each day such violation continues beyond the ten (10) day Notice of Violation first provided by the City Administrator, will be considered a separate offense.

SECTION 9.109 FEES

Application and review fees established by resolution of the City Council shall be paid to the City at the time of submitting an application and shall be in addition to other fees established by county, state or federal regulations.

SECTION 9.190 DEFINITIONS (Deferred until later)

ARTICLE 9.2 APPLICATION PROCEDURES

SECTION 9.201 PRE-APPLICATION CONSULTATIONS WITH CITY STAFF

An applicant may request an informal review of a proposal prior to application to determine the general feasibility of the proposal. The applicant should submit a brief description and a sketch drawing of the proposed development to the City for preliminary consultation. The City will inform the applicant of the procedural requirements and any conditions and polices of public agencies that may be pertinent to the proposal. The applicant may proceed with an application or the City may suggest a pre-application conference with City Staff and affected agencies to assist the applicant in preparing the application.

SECTION 9.202 PRE-APPLICATION CONFERENCE WITH AFFECTED AGENCIES

Within 30 days after the pre-application consultation, the City Administrator may schedule a pre-application conference with the applicant and representatives of the City and other affected public and private agencies to further clarify the conditions and requirements necessary in the preparation of the application.

SECTION 9.203 APPLICATION PROCEDURE

Following preliminary consultation and the pre-application conference, where applicable, the applicant shall prepare an application together with other supplementary data required to clearly describe the proposed development and the decision requested of the City.

(a) Applications, Petitions and Appeals provided for in this Code shall be made on forms prescribed by the City. Forms are available at the Lowell City Hall, 107 East 3rd Street, P.O. Box 490, Lowell, Oregon 97452, Telephone - (541) 937-2157, Fax - (541) 937-2936.
(b) Applications shall be accompanied by narrative descriptions, an Application Site Plan in conformance with Section 9.204 if required, building plans, maps, specifications and any other information that clearly describe the request and the applicable City Code sections that may apply to the request.

(c) A consolidated procedure shall be utilized by the City for applications that require more than one approval procedure for a development project. The City will identify and address all of the procedures concurrently and will utilize the most comprehensive procedure and decision process of those required in the application. The total fee shall be the sum of all individual procedural fees with the exception that Site Plan Review fees shall not be included to arrive at the total fee.

(d) Applications shall include the application form, site plan together with all documents, evidence and supplemental information relied upon by the applicant. The City may require the applicant to provide additional copies of all application materials. A Review or Hearing will be scheduled not earlier than 30 days from the date the Application is deemed complete.

(e) All Applications shall be available to the public and notifications will be mailed by the City not later than fifteen (15) days prior to the review or hearing meeting.

(f) An application and review fee shall accompany the application request in accordance with the provisions of Section 9.109.

(g) Staff reports used at the review or hearing shall be available at least seven (7) days prior to the review or hearing.

(h) The City shall comply with ORS 227.178 and take final action on an application, including resolution of all local appeals, within 120 days after the application is deemed complete. If an application is incomplete, the City shall notify the applicant within 30 days of receipt of the application and allow the applicant to submit the missing information. The application shall be deemed complete if the applicant supplies the missing information, or if the applicant refuses to submit the missing information, it shall be deemed complete on the 31st day after the application is received by the City.

If an application is complete when first submitted or if the applicant submits the requested missing information within 180 days of the date the application was first submitted, approval or denial of the application shall be based upon the standards and criteria that were applicable at the time the application was first submitted.

(i) The 120 day period specified in subsection (8) may be extended for a reasonable time at the request of the applicant.

(j) The 120 day period specified in subsection (8) does not apply to an amendment to this Code.

(k) The Applicant bears the responsibility and burden of proof for the requested action.
(l) The Application and the decision of the City shall be maintained by the City in a Record File of the Application. Notice of Decision shall be given the Applicant and other participants in the proceedings as specified in Section 9.304.

(m) Expiration. Approved applications shall be void eighteen (18) months after the date of approval unless a building permit has been issued or other significant action has been taken to exercise the approval, unless a different period was specified as a condition of approval. However, upon written request, the Deciding Body may extend authorization for an additional period of time.

(n) The specific requirements and decision process for each application procedure are contained in the Sections of this Article which follow.

SECTION 9.204 APPLICATION SITE PLAN

Applications for land divisions requiring a tentative plan or for any land use request in this code that requires a site plan shall submit the plan on 8 1/2 x 11 inch or 11 x 17 inch black/white reproducible sheets for copying and distribution. Larger drawings may be required for presentation and City review. Drawings shall be drawn to scale. The scale to be used shall be in any multiple of 1 inch equals 10 feet (1” = 20’, 1” = 30’, 1” = 100’, etc.) and may be increased or decreased as necessary to fit the sheet size. The Application and site plan shall show clearly and with full dimensioning the following information, as applicable, for all existing and proposed development. It is understood that some of the requested information may not apply to every application. (X) out the number of non-applicable information.

(a) The names of the owner(s) and applicant if different.

(b) The property address or geographic location and the Assessor Map number and Tax Lot number.

(c) The date, scale and northpoint.

(d) A vicinity map showing properties within the notification area and roads. An Assessor Map, with all adjacent properties, is adequate.

(e) Lot dimensions.

(f) The location, size, height and uses for all existing and proposed buildings.

(g) Yards, open space and landscaping.

(h) Walls and fences: location, height and materials.

(i) Off-street parking: location, number of spaces, dimensions of parking area and internal circulation patterns.

(j) Access: pedestrian, vehicular, service, points of ingress and egress.

(k) Signs: location, size, height and means of illumination.
(l) Loading: location, dimension, number of spaces, internal circulation.

(m) Lighting: location and general nature, hooding devices.

(n) Street dedication and improvements.

(o) Special site features including existing and proposed grades and trees, and plantings to be preserved and removed.

(p) Water systems, drainage systems, sewage disposal systems and utilities.

(q) Drainage ways, water courses, flood plain and wetlands.

(r) The number of people that will occupy the site including family members, employees or customers.

(s) The number of generated trips per day from each mode of travel by type: employees, customers, shipping, receiving, etc.

(t) Time of operation, where appropriate. Including hours of operation, days of the week and number of work shifts.

(u) Specifications of the type and extent of emissions, potential hazards or nuisance characteristics generated by the proposed use. The applicant shall accurately specify the extent of emissions and nuisance characteristics relative to the proposed use. Misrepresentation or omission of required data shall be grounds for denial or termination of a Certificate of Occupancy.

Uses which possess nuisance characteristics or those potentially detrimental to the public health, safety and general welfare of the community including, but not limited to; noise, water quality, vibration, smoke, odor, fumes, dust, heat, glare or electromagnetic interference, may require additional safeguards or conditions of use as required by the Planning Commission or City Council.

All uses shall meet all applicable standards and regulations of the Oregon State Board of Health, the Oregon Department of Environmental Quality, and any other public agency having appropriate regulatory jurisdiction. City approval of a land use application shall be conditional upon evidence being submitted to the City indicating that the proposed activity has been approved by all appropriate regulatory agencies.

(v) Such other data as may be necessary to permit the deciding authority to make the required findings.

SECTION 9.205 RECORD FILE

The City shall maintain an official Record File of each application containing all relevant data, drawings, dates, notices, hearings, postponements, continuances, decisions, appeals and minutes of all meetings pertaining to the application.
(a) Minutes of all meetings, reviews and hearings shall record the substance of all issues before the review or hearing body including the criteria, factual evidence and the justification for the decision as specified in Article 9.3. Summary written minutes shall be maintained in the Record file. The minutes and records need not be a verbatim transcript of the meeting.

(b) Proceedings may be recorded either stenographically or electronically although a verbatim record is not required. Minutes may be summarized from the transcript or tape.

(c) Testimony may be transcribed at the expense of the requesting party, if required for judicial review or local appeal proceedings. The transcribing fee may include all actual costs as authorized by state law.

(d) The staff report and recommendation shall be included in the Record File.

(e) The review or hearing body shall, where practical, retain as part of the record each item of physical or documentary evidence presented and shall have the items marked to show the identity of the person offering the same and whether presented on behalf of a proponent or opponent. Exhibits received into evidence shall be retained in the Record file until after all appeal periods have expired, at which time the exhibits may be released.

(f) The public shall have access to the Record File of the proceedings at reasonable times, places, and circumstances. A person shall be entitled to make copies of the record at the person's own expense.


SECTION 9.209 BUILDING PERMITS

(a) Building Permits are issued by the City. The City contracts with others to provide plan review and construction inspections in accordance with ORS Chapter 455.

(b) Building Permits applications may be submitted and building permits issued at any time upon compliance with established Building permitting processes for Permitted Uses not requiring a Review or Public Hearing by the Planning Commission or City Council.

(c) Application for Building Permits requiring any land use decision described in this Article normally may not be submitted until the land use decision has been made approving the use. The exception to this requirement being that the Applicant may make application for a Building Permit prior to land use approval if the Applicant agrees in writing to pay all Building Permit fees should the land use decision be denied. Building Permits for an approved land use decision shall not be issued until the appeal period, as specified under Section 9.309, has passed without the approval of the City Administrator.

(d) Certificate of Occupancy will only be issued when all Conditions for Approval of a land use decision required to allow the building permit to be issued have been met.
SECTION 9.210  LAND DIVISIONS

SECTION 9.211  PROPERTY LINE ADJUSTMENTS

(a) **Purpose.** A property line adjustment is a relocation of a common property line between abutting properties when both parties agree. A property line adjustment shall not create an additional lot or parcel, reduced a lot or parcel in size below the minimum size specified for the zone, or create a violation of development standards on either lot or parcel.

(b) **Application.** A property line adjustment may be submitted for review by the City Administrator without preliminary consultation, a land division conference, or a hearing where the adjustment complies with Section 9.212 and 9.213.

(c) **Information.** The City may require additional copies of the proposed map of the property line adjustment together with other supplementary data required for recording or specified herein as required for review and action by the deciding authority.

SECTION 2.212  PROPERTY LINE ADJUSTMENT REQUIREMENTS

All property line adjustment requests shall contain the following information:

(a) The property to be adjusted shall comply with ORS 92 for Property Line Adjustments.

(b) A map clearly and legibly drawn to scale with the scale indicated.

(c) The title "Property Line Adjustment for .......," the date and northpoint.

(d) Name and address of the record owner(s) of the property to be adjusted.

(e) Assessor Map and Tax Lot numbers and approximate acreage or square feet of each property prior to and after adjustment.

(f) The location and boundary dimensions and other information to accurately locate the adjusted property line.

(g) Existing conditions for land within the properties to be adjusted:

   (1) The locations, names and widths of existing streets.

   (2) The location, width and purpose of existing or proposed easements.

   (c) The approximate location of buildings, public and private utilities, drainage ways and other significant features that would affect development of the adjusted properties.
SECTION 9.213 DECISION CRITERIA

A Property Line Adjustment may be approved based upon compliance with the submittal requirements specified above and the following findings:

(a) The adjustment will not create an additional unit of land.

(b) The adjustment will not create a land-locked parcel.

(c) The existing unit of land reduced in size by the adjustment complies with applicable City Ordinances and this Code and will not create a non-conforming lot or non-conforming development.

(d) The adjustment shall comply with any previous Conditions of Approval attached to the properties to be adjusted.

(e) The adjustment shall comply with all state and county recording requirements.

SECTION 9.214 DECISION PROCESS

(a) A Property Line Adjustment does not require a Limited Land Use Decision or Notifications. The City Administrator may consider a Property Line Adjustment at any time following submittal of the application.

(b) If the proposed Property Line Adjustment is consistent with City land use standards, the City Administrator may approve the map as submitted, approve with conditions or deny the request for noncompliance.

(c) If the application requires a Variance or the establishment or relocation of an Easement, or requires interpretation or the exercise of policy, the decision shall be placed before the Planning Commission which shall hold a public hearing in conformance with the Quasi-judicial Public Hearings requirements of Section 9.306.

SECTION 9.215 PROPERTY LINE ADJUSTMENT FILING

(a) Deeds or conveyances for all lots or parcels conforming to the approved Property Line Adjustment shall be filed with the County Clerk in accordance with ORS 92.190, subsections (3) and (4).

(b) Upon approval or denial, a Notice of Decision shall be given the Applicant together with any conditions of approval for the proposed Property Line Adjustment as specified in Section 9.306. The Applicant may modify the proposed Property Line Adjustment for compliance with the required conditions or may request an Appeal to the Planning Commission within 15 days of the City Administrator decision or to the City Council within 15 days of the Planning Commission decision in conformance with Section 9.309.

(c) Copies of all recorded deeds, conveyances and filed surveys shall be provided to the City for inclusion in the Record File of the Application, in accordance with Section 9.205.
SECTIONS 9.216 through 9.219 Reserved for Expansion

SECTION 9.220 SUBDIVISION OR PARTITION TENTATIVE PLAN

(a) The Planning Commission shall have the authority to review and approve Land Partitions and the City Council, with recommendation from the Planning Commission, shall have the authority to review and approve all Subdivisions under the provisions of this Code.

(b) In the event that a single land use application requires more than one decision, the highest deciding authority will make all decisions requested in the application.

SECTION 9.221 SUBMISSION REQUIREMENTS

A land divider shall prepare a Tentative Plan together with improvement plans and other supplementary material as may be required to indicate the general idea and objectives of the project. The Applicant shall submit three copies of the Tentative Plan and supplementary data to the City at the time of submittal of the application. The City may require additional copies to be submitted before review or hearing.

SECTION 9.222 FORM AND SCALE

The Tentative Plan shall be clearly and legibly presented on 8 1/2 x 11 inch or 11 x 17 inch black/white reproducible sheets for copying and distribution. Larger drawings may be required for presentation and City review. The scale to be used shall be in multiples of 1 inch equals 10 feet (1” = 20’, 1” = 30”, 1” = 100’, etc.) and may be increased or decreased as necessary to fit the sheet size.

SECTION 9.223 GENERAL INFORMATION

The following information shall be provided on all Tentative Plans:

(a) All information required by ORS 92 for a Tentative Plan including, but not limited to, the following.

(b) No Tentative Plan shall be approved which bears a name using a word which is the same as, similar to or pronounced the same as a word in the name of any other subdivision in the same county, except for the words "town," "city," "place," "court," "addition," or similar words, unless the land Platted is contiguous to and Platted by the same party that Platted the subdivision bearing that name or unless the party files and records the consent of the party that Platted the subdivision bearing that name. All Plats must continue the lot and block numbers of the Plat of the same name last filed.

Subdivisions submitted for final approval shall not use block numbers or letters unless such subdivision is a continued phase of a previously recorded subdivision, bearing the same name, that has previously used block numbers or letters.

(c) Date, northpoint, scale of drawing.
(d) Appropriate identification clearly stating the map is a subdivision or partition Tentative Plan.

(e) Location of the land division by section, township and range sufficient to define the location and boundaries of the proposed subdivision.

(f) Names and addresses of the owner, applicant and surveyor.

(g) The approximate acreage of the tract being subdivided or partitioned, and the size of proposed lots or parcels.

SECTION 9.224 EXISTING CONDITIONS INFORMATION

(a) The location, widths and names of both opened and unopened streets within or adjacent to the land division, together with easements, other right-of-ways and other important locational information such as section lines, corners, city boundary lines and monuments.

(b) The location of all existing sewers, septic tanks and drainfields, water lines, storm drains, culverts, ditches and utilities, together with elevational data, on the site and on adjoining property or streets, if applicable.

(c) The base data used to determine contours shall be clearly indicated and shall be compatible to City datum if bench marks are not adjacent. The following intervals are required:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Contour Intervals</th>
<th>Ground Slope</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>One Foot</td>
<td>Up to 10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Five Feet</td>
<td>Over 10%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Exception: The City may approve slope indications for partitions by means of arrows or other suitable symbol together with not less than four spot elevations per acre evenly distributed for slopes of less than five percent (5%).

(d) The location of at least one bench mark control point within the tract boundaries.

(e) The location and direction of all on-site and off-site drainage, drainage channels, water courses and the location of all areas subject to flooding.

(f) Natural features such as rock outcroppings, wetlands, wooded areas and isolated preservable trees. Lands that are wholly or partially within areas identified as wetlands shall be clearly delineated for review and permit.

(g) Existing uses on and adjacent to the property, including the location of all existing structures to remain on the property after the land division.

(h) Zoning on and adjacent to the property to be divided.

SECTION 9.225 PROPOSED PLAN INFORMATION
(a) A vicinity map clearly showing the relationship and connections of the proposed land division to surrounding developments, streets, storm drainage, sewer, septic tank and drainfield, water and utility services.

(b) The location, width, name and approximate grade and curve radii of proposed street. The relationship of proposed streets to existing streets and any projected future streets shown on the Master Road Plan or other transportation planning document. Streets proposed for public dedication and streets held for private use shall be clearly indicated and all reservations or restrictions relating to such private streets shall be included in the statements specified in Section 9.226.

(c) The location, width, and purpose of existing and proposed easements.

(d) The total acreage and the proposed land use for the land division including sites for special purposes or those allocated for public use.

(e) The location and approximate dimensions of lots or parcels and the proposed lot or parcel numbers. Where the property division results in any lots or parcels that are larger than 2½ times the minimum lot size, the applicant shall provide a sketch plan showing how the parcels may be re-divided in the future to provide for at least 80% of maximum density within current minimum lot sizes, existing site constraints and requirements of this Code.

(f) An outline of the areas proposed for partial recording of a final Plat and a time schedule for additional Platting if staged recording is proposed.

(g) A general layout of all public utilities and facilities to be installed including provisions for connections and extensions beyond the proposed land division.

(h) The proposed method of connection to all drainage channels located outside of the proposed land division and the proposed method of flood control (retention ponds, swales, etc.) and contamination protection (settling basins, separators, etc.).

(i) Identification of all proposed public dedications including streets, pedestrian or bike ways, parks or open space areas.

(j) Identification of any requirements for future streets and easements required for extension of public infrastructure beyond the development together with restrictions on building within those future streets and easements as well as future setback areas required by this Code.

(k) Identification and layout of all special improvements. Special improvements may include, but are not limited to, signs, lighting, benches, mail boxes, bus stops, greenways, bike or pedestrian paths.

SECTION 9.226 ACCOMPANYING STATEMENTS

The Tentative Plan shall be accompanied by written statements from the applicant giving essential information regarding the following matters:
(a) Identify the adequacy and source of water supply including:

(1) Certification that water will be available to the lot line of each and every lot depicted on the Tentative Plan for a subdivision, or

(2) A bond, contract or other assurance by the applicant that a public water supply system will be installed by or on behalf of the applicant to each and every lot depicted on the Tentative Plan. The amount of such bond, contract or other assurance shall be determined by the City Council.

(b) Identify the proposed method of sewage disposal including:

(1) Certification that a sewage disposal system will be available to the lot line of each and every lot depicted on the Tentative Plan for a subdivision, or

(2) A bond, contract or other assurance by the applicant that a sewage disposal system will be installed by or on behalf of the applicant to each and every lot depicted on the Tentative Plan. The amount of such bond, contract or other assurance shall be determined by the City.

(c) Protective covenants, conditions and deed restrictions (CC&R’S) to be recorded, if any.

(d) Identify all proposed public dedications including streets, pedestrian or bike ways, parks or open space areas.

(e) Identify all public improvements proposed to be installed, the approximate time installation is anticipated and the proposed method of financing. Identify required improvements that are proposed to not be provided and the reason why they are not considered necessary for the proposed land division.

(f) A statement that the declarations required by ORS 92.075 on the final Plat can be achieved by the fee owner, vendor and/or the mortgage or trust deed holder of the property.

(g) Proposed staged subdivisions or serial partitions shall be clearly identified on the application. A time schedule for future Platting shall also be submitted. The deciding authority may require a specific time schedule for approval.

SECTION 9.227 SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Any of the following may be required by the City, in writing to the applicant, to supplement the Tentative Plan.

(a) Approximate center line profiles with extensions for a reasonable distance beyond the limits of the proposed land division showing the finished grade of streets and the nature and extent of street construction.

(b) A detailed plan of the domestic water supply lines and related water service facilities.
(c) A detailed plan of the sewage disposal, storm water drainage and flood control, including profiles of proposed drainage ways.

(d) If lot areas are to be graded, a plan showing the nature of cuts and fill and information on the character of the soil.

(e) Specifications and details of all proposed improvements.

(f) Wetland delineation if identified as an existing condition in Section 9.224 (f).

SECTION 9.228 DECISION CRITERIA

A Partition Tentative Plan may be approved by the Planning Commission and a Subdivision Tentative Plan may be approved by the City Council. Approval shall be based upon compliance with the submittal requirements specified above and the following findings:

(a) That the proposed land division complies with applicable provisions of City Codes and Ordinances, including zoning district standards.

(b) Where the proposed land division results in any lots or parcels that are at least two and one half times the allowed minimum lot size, the applicant has demonstrated that all such lots or parcels may be re-divided in the future to at least 80% of maximum density possible within current minimum lot sizes, existing site constraints, and requirements of this Code.

(c) The applicant has demonstrated that the proposed land division does not preclude development on properties in the vicinity to at least 80% of maximum density possible within current minimum lot sizes, existing site conditions and the requirements of this Code.

(d) The proposed street plan:
   (1) Is in conformance with City standards and with the Master Road Plan or other transportation planning document.
   (2) Provides for adequate and safe traffic and pedestrian circulation both internally and in relation to the existing City street system.
   (3) Will not preclude the orderly extension of streets and utilities on undeveloped and underdeveloped portions of the subject property or on surrounding properties.

(e) Adequate public facilities and services are available to the site, or if public services and facilities are not presently available, the applicant has demonstrated that the services and facilities will be available prior to need, by providing at least one of the following:
   (1) Prior written commitment of public funds by the appropriate public agency.
   (2) Prior acceptance by the appropriate public agency of a written commitment by the applicant or other party to provide private services and facilities.
   (3) A written commitment by the applicant of other party to provide for offsetting all added public costs or early commitment of public funds made necessary by development, submitted on a form acceptable to the City.
(f) That proposed public utilities can be extended to accommodate future growth beyond the proposed land division.

(g) Stormwater runoff from the proposed land division will not create significant and unreasonable negative impacts on natural drainage courses either on-site or downstream, including, but not limited to erosion, scouring, turbidity, or transport of sediment due to increased peak flows and velocity.

(h) The proposed land division does not pose a significant and unreasonable risk to public health and safety, including but not limited to fire, slope failure, flood hazard, impaired emergency response or other impacts identified in Section 9.204 (u).

SECTION 9.229 DECISION PROCESS

(a) Upon receipt of an Application and Tentative Plan, the City shall furnish one copy of the Tentative Plan and supplementary material to the Fire District and other agencies known to be affected. Agencies notified shall be given 14 days to review the plan and submit written comments. Notification to the Division of State Lands for identified wetlands shall require 30 days for review in accordance with ORS 227.350, Subsection (4).

(b) A Land Division requires a "Limited Land Use Review" in conformance with Section 9.305. The "Limited Land Use Review" shall be conducted by the deciding authority. A Limited Land Use Decision requires notification to owners of property within 300 feet of the subject property with an opportunity to provide comments at any time prior to the "Limited Land Use Review" decision.

(c) The deciding authority shall consider the Tentative Plan proposal and any comments at the first regular meeting following the 14 day review period.

(d) If the Application includes a Variance request, the Tentative Plan and Variance will be considered together as provided in Section 9.203 (e) and the Decision Criteria for the Variance shall apply as specified in Section 9.252 (b).

(e) The deciding authority shall hold a public hearing on a Tentative Plan and Variance request in conformance with the Quasi-judicial Public Hearing requirements of Section 9.306. A public hearing may also be held on a Tentative Plan if requested or if the deciding authority determines that conditions may present possible adverse effects on adjacent properties or within the land use zoning district.

(f) The deciding authority may continue the review or hearing for good cause.

(g) If the proposed Land Division complies with this Code, the deciding authority may approve the Tentative Plan as submitted or as modified to achieve compliance.

(h) If the proposed land division requires modification to certain features in order to comply with City land use standards, the deciding authority may approve the Tentative Plan with specified conditions of approval to achieve compliance with the intent of City land use standards.
(i) If the proposed land division cannot comply with City land use standards even with conditions of approval, the deciding authority shall deny the request.

(j) Approval of the Tentative Plan shall indicate approval of the final Plat if there is no change in the plan of the land division and if the applicant complies with the requirements of this Code and any conditions of approval specified by the deciding authority.

(k) The action of the deciding authority shall be noted on two copies of the Tentative Plan and any attached documents describing conditions. One copy shall be returned to the applicant and the other shall be retained by the City.

(l) A written record of the findings and action of the City shall be maintained by the City in a Record File of the Application as specified in Section 9.205. Notice of Decision shall be given the Applicant and other parties to the proceedings together with any conditions of approval for the proposed land division as specified in Section 9.308.

SECTION 9.230 SUBDIVISION OR PARTITION PLAT

SECTION 9.231 SUBMISSION REQUIREMENTS

Within 18 months after approval of the Tentative Plan, the land divider shall cause the land division to be surveyed and a Plat prepared and submitted to the City for approval. This time period may be extended for up to one year upon the approval of the Deciding Authority. The Plat shall be in conformance with the approved tentative Plan. All public improvements required by the tentative plan approval must be completed and accepted prior to the City’s approval of the Plat, unless the applicant provides security to assure public improvements will be completed. If the land divider fails to submit the Plat for approval within 18 months or as extended, he must reapply for approval and resubmit the Tentative Plan with any revision necessary to comply with changed conditions.

SECTION 9.232 FORM AND SCALE

The final Plat shall be submitted in the form prescribed by ORS 92 and the county recording standards.

SECTION 9.233 INFORMATION REQUIRED

In addition to that otherwise specified by law, the following information shall be shown on the final Plat.

(a) The name of the owner(s), land divider, surveyor and land division. The date, scale, northpoint, legend and existing features such as creeks, drainage courses, highways and railroads.

(b) Reference to Federal Geodetic Control Committee guidelines for third order class II, points of existing surveys identified, related to the Plat by distances and bearings, and referenced to a field book or map as follows:
(1) Stakes, monuments or other evidence found on the ground and used to determine the boundaries of the land division.

(2) Adjoining corners of adjoining land divisions.

(3) Other monuments found or established in making the survey or required to be installed by provisions of this Code.

(c) The exact location and width of streets, right-of-ways and easements intercepting the boundary of the tract.

(d) Tract and lot or parcel boundary lines and street right-of-way and center lines, with dimensions, bearings or deflection angles, radii, arcs, points of curvature and tangent bearings. Tract boundaries and street bearings shall be shown to the nearest 30 seconds with basis of bearings. Distances shall be shown to the nearest 0.01 feet. No ditto marks shall be used.

(e) The name and width of the portion of streets being dedicated, the width of any existing right-of-way and the width on each side of the center line. For streets on curvature, curve data shall be based on the street center line. In addition to the center-line dimensions, the radius and center angle shall be indicated.

(f) Easements denoted by fine dashed lines clearly identified and, if already of record, their recorded reference. If an easement is not definitely located or recorded, there shall be a written statement of the easement. The width of the easement, its length and bearing, and sufficient ties to locate the easement with respect to the land division, must be shown. If the easement is being dedicated by the Plat or map, it shall be properly referenced in the owner's certificates of dedication.

(g) Locations and widths of drainage channels including one hundred year flood plain or normal high water lines for any creek or other body of water, railroad rights-of-ways, reserve strips at the end of stub streets or along the edge of partial width streets on the boundary of the land division.

(h) Numbering of lots or parcels shall begin with the number "1" and numbered consecutively. Number sequence to generally follow the same system as sections are numbered in a township.

(i) Lots or parcels to be dedicated for any purpose shall be distinguished from lots or parcels intended for sale with acreage and alphabetic symbols for each parcel indicated.

(j) Notations indicating any limitations on rights of access to or from streets and lots or other parcels of land as established by the City.

(k) Special building setback lines and solar easements, if any, which are to be made part of the Deed Covenants Conditions and Restrictions (CC&R's) of the land division.
SECTION 9.234 SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION WITH PLAT

Filing of separate legal documents to achieve any of the requirements of the final Plat may be permitted by the City when it can be shown that placing such information on the final Plat is not required to achieve the purposes of this Code. The following data may accompany the Plat.

(a) Legal descriptions of the land division boundaries if available at the time of Plat approval.

(b) A copy of any proposed deed CC&R's (Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions) applicable to the land division.

(c) A copy of any dedication requiring separate documents.

(d) Verification that:

   (1) All improvements have been installed in accordance with the requirements of these regulations and with the action of the Deciding Authority giving conditional approval of the Tentative Plan or,

   (2) An agreement has been executed to assure completion of required improvements

SECTION 9.235 SURVEY REQUIREMENTS

A complete and accurate survey of the land to be divided shall be made by a registered surveyor licensed to practice in the State of Oregon in accordance with standard practices and principles of land surveying and as provided in this Code and state law including Oregon Revised Statutes, Chapter 92 and Chapter 209.

SECTION 9.236 DEDICATION REQUIREMENTS

(a) All lots or parcels of land shown on the final Plat intended for public use shall be offered for dedication to the City at the time the Plat is filed. Exception: Those lots or parcels, or common linear open spaces which are intended for the exclusive use of the owners, their licensees, visitors, tenants or employees; and also excepted are those parcels of land reserved for public acquisition.

(b) All streets, pedestrian ways, drainage channels, open spaces, easements and other rights-of-way shown on the final Plat intended for public use shall be offered for dedication for public use at the time the final Plat is filed.

(c) All rights of access to and from streets, lots and parcels of land shown on the final Plat intended to be surrendered shall be offered for dedication at the time the final Plat is filed.

(d) The land divider shall provide and designate one-foot reserve strips across the ends of stubbed streets adjoining undivided land or along half streets adjoining undivided land. The reserve strip shall be included in the dedication granting to the City the right to
control access over the reserve strip to assure the continuation or completion of the street. This reserve strip shall overlay the dedicated street right-of-way.

SECTION 9.237  CERTIFICATES ON FINAL PLAT

Certificates on the Final Subdivision or Partition Plat shall be as required in ORS, Chapter 92. The following City of Lowell certificates are required:

(a) A certificate for execution by the City Administrator to certify that the final plat conforms to the approved tentative plan as approved or amended.

(b) If any land is dedicated to the City, A certificate that the City has accepted public dedications, for execution by the Mayor,

SECTION 9.238  DECISION CRITERIA

A final Plat of a subdivision or partition may be approved by the City Administrator based upon compliance with the submittal requirements specified above and the following findings:

(a) The final Plat is in substantial conformance with the Tentative Plan.

(b) The Conditions of Approval attached to the Tentative Plan have been satisfied.

(c) All public improvement requirements have been completed or surety provided.

SECTION 9.239  DECISION PROCESS

(a) Upon receipt by the City, the Plat and other data shall be reviewed by the City Administrator or designee to determine that the land division as shown is substantially the same as it appeared on the approved Tentative Plan and that there has been compliance with provisions of law and of this Code.

(b) The City may make such checks in the field as are desirable to verify that the plat is sufficiently correct on the ground and City representatives may enter the property for this purpose. Certifications of the County Surveyor shall be used to determine that the plat survey is technically correct.

(c) If the City Administrator determines that the Plat conforms to the approved Tentative Plan, including all supplemental documents, provisions for required improvements and all conditions specified by the Deciding Authority, approval shall be indicated by the signature of the City Administrator. The approval of the Plat does not constitute an acceptance by the City of the dedication of any street or other easements offered on the plat until officially accepted by the City. If such dedications have been officially accepted by the City, the Mayor shall certify such by signing the Plat.

(d) If the City Administrator finds errors or finds that the Plat does not substantially conform to the approved Tentative Plan, the City shall advise the land divider of the changes or additions that must be made and shall afford the land divider an opportunity to make
corrections or to request an amendment to the approved Tentative Plan. An amendment to the Tentative Plan must be approved by the Deciding Authority.

SECTION 9.240 FILING OF PLAT

(a) The land divider shall, without delay, submit the Plat for signatures of public officials required by this Ordinance or state law. Approval of the Plat shall be null and void if it is not recorded within 120 days after approval by the City Administrator.

(b) The land divider shall deliver to the City a signed and certified copy of the Plat and all recorded documents required and approved by the City. The City shall maintain the documents in the Record File of the Application in accordance with Section 9.205.

SECTION 9.241 REPLATTING

(a) Replatting shall allow the reconfiguration of lots or parcels and public easements within a recorded Plat in accordance with ORS 92.180 to 92.190. A replat shall conform to all of the requirements of the City for a subdivision or partition of land including approval of a Tentative Plan unless approved as a Property Line Adjustment as described in Section 9.211 of this Code. Upon approval by the City, the replat will act to vacate the Platted lots or parcels and easements within the replat area.

(b) Notice consistent with that required for approval of a Tentative Plan shall be provided by the City. All affected utility companies or public agencies shall also be notified. Utility companies desiring to maintain easements proposed for vacation shall notify the City within 14 days of the mailing of the notice.

SECTION 9.242 EXPEDITED LAND DIVISIONS

When an expedited land division, for residential use only, is requested by an Applicant, the City shall use the procedures for an expedited land divisions specified under ORS 197.365 in lieu of the procedures described in Sections 9.220 through 9.229 if the application complies with the conditions and standards of ORS 197.360 through 197.380. Upon request for an expedited land division, the City Administrator shall evaluate the application against the requirements to qualify for expedited land division contained in ORS 197.360 and provide a written administrative decision, approving or denying expedited land division, to the applicant. The applicant may appeal the decision under provisions of Section 9.309.

SECTION 9.250 SITE PLAN REVIEW

The purpose of the site plan review procedures is to correlate the general code requirements with the specific site conditions and proposed uses through a comprehensive review process to assure that developments are in conformance with the City's applicable land use regulations.

(a) Site Plan Review Application. An application for a use requiring a Site Plan Review shall be filed with the City together with a site plan and other supplementary data described in the Application, Section 9.203 and the Application Site Plan, Section 9.204. The City Administrator may also request a Site Plan Review for any development proposal, in addition to those specifically required by this Code, if the site or proposed buildings have unusual or special features that the City Administrator decides may require a decision by the Planning Commission.

(b) Decision Criteria. After an examination of the Site and prior to approval, the Planning Commission must make the following findings:

1. That the proposed development complies with the Zoning District standards.
2. That the proposed development complies with applicable provisions of city codes and ordinances.
3. That the proposed development will not cause negative impacts to traffic flow or to pedestrian and vehicular safety and future street rights-of-way are protected.
4. That proposed signs or lighting will not, by size, location or color, interfere with traffic, limit visibility or impact on adjacent properties.
5. That proposed utility connections are available, have the capacity to serve the proposed development and can be extended in the future to accommodate future growth beyond the proposed land division.
6. That the proposed development will not cause negative impacts to existing or proposed drainageways including flow disruptions, flooding, contamination or erosion.
7. That the proposed development will not cause negative impacts, potential hazards or nuisance characteristics as identified in Section 2.140, Item 21 of the Application Site Plan consistent with the standards of the Zoning District and complies with the applicable standards of all regulatory agencies having jurisdiction.

(c) Decision Process. The procedure for taking action on an application for a Site Plan Review shall be as follows:

1. A Site Plan Review requires a "Limited Land Use Review" by the Planning Commission in conformance with Section 9.305.
(2) The Planning Commission may approve, disapprove, or modify and approve the Site Plan and attach any reasonable conditions to approval of a site development plan.

(3) The Planning Commission may also call for a public hearing to receive testimony if it determines that the proposed development may present possible adverse impacts on surrounding properties, the neighborhood or the City.

(4) Once approved, the site plan submitted shall become the Official Plan. Building permits shall be issued only for plans that conform to the Official Plan and all construction shall conform to the Official Plan or a Certificate of Occupancy may be withheld until compliance.

(5) All required elements of the approved site plan shall be installed and maintained indefinitely by the owner, unless approval has been received for a revision or amendment.

(6) Revisions or amendments to an approved site plan shall follow the same procedure as for adoption of a site development plan.

SECTION 9.251 CONDITIONAL USES

A conditional use is a use of land or a structure which is normally appropriate in the district where it is permitted, but due to the specifics of that use could cause a potential nuisance, health or safety problem. It is the intent of this section to provide standards and procedures so that uses which are classified as conditional can fit into a particular zone in a manner that safeguards surrounding property, the neighborhood, and the City.

(a) **Conditional Use Application.** An application for a use requiring a Conditional Use must be filed with the City together with a site plan and other supplementary data using forms described in the Application, Section 9.203 and the Application Site Plan, Section 9.204. The Planning Commission may also request a Conditional Use for any development proposal, in addition to those specifically required by this Code, if the site or proposed use has characteristics similar to, but different than, the uses permitted in the zone.

Uses existing prior to the effective date of this Code that are classified as a conditional use in this Code shall conform with the requirements for a conditional use if a change in use, lot area or an alteration is proposed.

(b) **Decision Criteria.** Conditional uses listed in this Code may be permitted, altered, or enlarged upon authorization of the Planning Commission in accordance with the following findings:

(1) That the proposed development can comply with the Zoning District standards with Conditions of Approval.

(2) That the proposed development complies with applicable provisions of city codes and ordinances.
(3) That the proposed development will not cause negative impacts to traffic flow or to pedestrian and vehicular safety and future street rights-of-way are protected.

(4) That proposed signs or lighting will not, by size, location or color, interfere with traffic, limit visibility or impact on adjacent properties.

(5) That proposed utility connections are available, have the capacity to serve the proposed development and can be extended in the future to accommodate future growth beyond the proposed land division.

(6) That the proposed development will not cause negative impacts to existing or proposed drainageways including flow disruptions, flooding, contamination or erosion.

(7) That the proposed development will not cause negative impacts, potential hazards or nuisance characteristics as identified in Section 9.204 (u) of the Application Site Plan consistent with the standards of the Zoning District and complies with the applicable standards of all regulatory agencies having jurisdiction.

(c) Decision Conditions. In approving a conditional use application, the Planning Commission may require additional standards and conditions which the Planning Commission considers necessary to comply implementing codes or ordinances. These conditions may include, but are not limited to, the following:

1. Regulating the required lot size, lot width, or yard dimensions.

2. Regulating the height of buildings.

3. Controlling the location and number of vehicle access points.

4. Requiring dedication of additional street right-of-way or increasing the street width.

5. Increasing the number of required off-street parking or off-street loading spaces.

6. Requiring fencing, screening, landscaping or other facilities to protect adjacent or nearby property.

7. Limiting the number, size, location and lighting of signs.

8. Requiring ongoing maintenance of buildings and grounds.

9. Regulating emissions, potential hazards or nuisance characteristics caused by the proposed use which could have a negative impact on the surrounding area or the City as a whole.

10. Providing internal property improvements such as utilities, drainage facilities, streets, curbs, gutters, walkways, parking areas, landscaping, fencing, screening, or
(11) Regulating time periods for the conduct of certain activities.

(12) Setting a time limit for which the conditional use is approved.

(13) Providing a performance bond or other security for the cost of improvements to guarantee compliance with the standards and conditions of approval for the conditional use approved by the Planning Commission.

(14) Providing a contractual agreement with the City to assure that the applicant will pay a share of the development costs for future public improvements.

(d) Decision Process. The procedure for taking action on an application for a Conditional Use shall be as follows:

(1) A Conditional Use requires a "Quasi-judicial Public Hearing" by the Planning Commission in conformance with Section 9.309.

(2) The Planning Commission may approve, deny, or approve conditionally the Conditional Use and attach any reasonable standards of development to attain compliance with the zone and city codes and ordinances.

(3) If an application is denied, the action must be based on reasons related to non-compliance with Development Code or Ordinance requirements and inability to meet criteria for approval.

(4) Once approved, the Conditional Use shall become the Official Plan. Building permits shall be issued only for plans which conform to the Official Plan and all construction shall conform to the official plan or a Certificate of Occupancy may be withheld until compliance.

(5) All required elements of the approved Conditional Use shall be installed and maintained indefinitely by the owner unless approval has been received for a revision or amendment.

(6) Revisions or amendments to an approved Conditional Use shall follow the same procedure as that utilized for approval.
SECTION 9.252 VARIANCES

Because of the impossibility of foreseeing and providing for all circumstances and conditions which may effect individual properties or uses, the variance provision is created to allow modification of the provisions of this Code for special and unusual circumstances without defeating the purpose and intent of the Code.

(a) **Variance Application.** An application for a Variance shall be filed with the City together with a site plan and other supplementary data using forms prescribed in Section 9.203. The applicant shall submit evidence that the circumstance for granting a Variance as outlined in Item (2) herein apply to the Variance request. The Planning Commission may authorize variances from the requirements of this Code where it can be shown that, owing to special and unusual circumstances related to a specific property or use, strict application of the Code would cause an undue or unnecessary hardship. A Variance shall not be granted to allow a use permitted in another district or zone or to allow a use not authorized within the intended district or zone. In granting a Variance, the Planning Commission may attach conditions which it finds necessary to protect the best interests of the surrounding property or vicinity and otherwise achieve the purposes of this Code.

(b) **Decision Criteria.** A Variance may be granted in the event that all of the following circumstances exist:

1. That there are circumstances or conditions affecting the property or use.
2. That the Variance is necessary for the proper design and/or function of the proposed development or land division.
3. That the granting of the Variance will not be detrimental to the public welfare or injurious to other property in the area in which the property is situated.
4. That the granting of the Variance will not conflict with the purpose and intent of the district or zone, this Code, or other related ordinances of the City.

(c) **Decision Process.** The procedure for taking action on an application for a Variance shall be as follows:

1. A Variance requires a "Quasi-judicial Public Hearing" by the Planning Commission in conformance with Section 9.306.
2. The Planning Commission may approve, deny, or approve conditionally the Variance request and attach any reasonable standards of development to attain compliance with the zoning district and this Code as provided in Section 9.308.
3. If an application is denied, the action must be based on reasons related to non-compliance with Code or Ordinance requirements or with failure to meet criteria for approval.
4. If the application is approved, the Planning Commission may prescribe the terms and conditions upon which a Variance may be granted and may set a time limit for
the duration of such Variance and may require guarantees in an approved form to insure that the conditions and standards for the approved Variance will be fulfilled.

(5) Once approved, the Variance shall become official standard. Building permits or land divisions shall only be approved for plans that conform to the conditions and standards of the approved Variance and all construction shall conform to the approved Variance or a Certificate of Occupancy may be withheld until compliance.

(6) All required elements of the approved Variance shall be installed and maintained indefinitely by the owner unless approval has been received for a revision or amendment.

(7) Revisions or amendments to an approved Variance shall follow the same procedure as that utilized for approval.

(8) A written record of the findings and action of the Planning Commission shall be maintained by the City in a Record File of the Application as specified in Section 9.205. Notice of Decision shall be given the Applicant together with any conditions of approval for the proposed Variance as specified in Section 9.308.

SECTION 9.253 AMENDMENTS

It is recognized that this Code or the Lowell Comprehensive Plan may require amendments to adjust to changing circumstances. An amendment may require either, a Legislative Decision as defined in Section 9.303 (b) or a Quasi-judicial Decision as defined in Section 9.303 (c) depending upon whether the amendment applies to the Code in general or to a specific property.

Amendments may be either Text Amendments or Map Amendments. The City utilizes a single land use map as a Comprehensive Plan Map and a Zoning Districts Map, therefore a zone change map amendment is an amendment to the Lowell Comprehensive Plan and the Lowell Land Development Code.

(a) Amendment Application. An Amendment to this Code may be initiated by the City Council, the Planning Commission or by application of a property owner. A request by a property owner for an amendment shall be accomplished by filing an application with the City using forms prescribed in Section 9.203.

(b) Decision Criteria. All requests for an amendment to the text or map of this Code or the Comprehensive Plan may be permitted upon authorization by the City Council in accordance with following findings:

(1) The proposed amendment does not conflict with the intent of the Comprehensive Plan.

(2) There is a need for the proposed amendment to comply with changing conditions, new laws or to correct existing deficiencies.

(3) The amendment will not have a significant adverse impact on adjacent properties.
(4) The amendment will not have a significant adverse impact on the air, water and land resources of the City

(5) The amendment will not have a significant adverse impact on public facilities, transportation, the economy, and on the housing needs of the City.

(6) The amendment does not conflict with the intent of Statewide Planning Goals.

(c) Decision Process.

(1) Text amendments or zone change map amendments that affect a group or class of properties within the City requires a "Legislative Decision" by the City Council with recommendation by the Planning Commission in conformance with the Legislative Public Hearing procedures of Section 9.307.

(2) Zone change map amendments initiated by an applicant for a specific property within the City requires a "Quasi-judicial Decision" by the City Council with recommendation by the Planning Commission in conformance with the Quasi-judicial Public Hearing procedures of Section 9.306.

(3) The City Council upon recommendation of the Planning Commission may approve, deny or approve with standards or conditions to attain compliance with this Code or the applicable zoning district.

(4) The City is not required to justify denial of a proposed legislative change.

(d) No application of a property owner for an amendment to the text of this Code shall be considered by the City within a one-year period following previous denial of a similar request, except the City Council may permit a new application, if in the opinion of the Council, new evidence or a change of circumstance warrant it.

SECTION 9.254 ANNEXATIONS

The annexation of land to the City of Lowell shall promote orderly growth of the City and the efficient provision of public facilities and services. The procedures and standards for annexations are specified in ORS 222.111 to 222.180. A annexation or change in the UGB requires an Amendment to the Lowell Comprehensive Plan in conformance with Statewide Planning Goal 14 and approval from Lane County and the Boundary Commission as well as an amendment to the Joint Agreement for Planning Coordination between Lane County and the City of Lowell.

A proposal for annexation may be initiated by the City Council on its own motion, or by a petition to the City Council by owners of real property located in the territory to be annexed.

(a) Annexation by City Council Initiation

The City Council may determine the procedures for City initiated annexations within the limits defined by ORS 222.111 to 222.180. These procedures may include, but are not limited to, an election within the territory to be annexed, consent of the requisite number
property owners and electors or a public hearing on the annexation. Proposed annexations shall include the following information:

(1) A legal description of the property to be annexed and a boundary survey certified by a registered engineer or surveyor.

(2) A map of the area to be annexed including adjacent City territory.

(3) The proposed land use zoning district(s).

(4) The availability of public facilities and services for the proposed annexation.

(2) Annexation by Application

A request by a property owner for an annexation shall be accomplished by filing an application with the City using forms prescribed in Section 9.203. Each application for annexation shall include the following material:

(1) Written consent to the annexation signed by the requisite number of affected property owners, electors, or both as provided by state law.

(2) A legal description of the property to be annexed and a boundary survey certified by a registered engineer or surveyor.

(3) A map of the area to be annexed including adjacent City territory.

(4) A statement of the expected demand on public facilities and the availability of public facilities and services to serve the proposed annexation.

(5) A statement of the overall development intent and a conceptual land use plan indicating the types and intensities of proposed development, transportation corridors, watercourses, significant natural features, and adjoining development.

(6) Upon acceptance of a complete application, the City shall request a Staff Review together with other public or private agencies which may be affected by the proposed annexation. Upon receipt of the application, plans and accompanying narrative, Staff shall make an evaluation and recommendation. Comments and recommendations shall be available to the public and the Applicant. The Applicant shall be advised of any recommended changes or conditions for approval. The City shall incorporate all Staff comments into a report to the Planning Commission and City Council. The report shall include an analysis of the impacts of the proposed annexation, a review of applicable City and State policies and standards, and a recommendation as to the appropriateness of the proposed development and the annexation itself.

(c) Decision Criteria. All requests for annexation to the City may be permitted upon authorization by the City Council in accordance with following findings:
(1) The proposed annexation does not conflict with the intent of the Comprehensive or, an amendment to the Comprehensive Plan is included with the requested annexation.

(2) The annexation request is within the Lowell Urban Growth Boundary (UGB) or, a UGB change is included with the requested annexation.

(3) The annexation request complies with the procedures and standards for annexations specified in ORS 222.111 to 222.180.

(4) The annexation will not have a significant adverse impact on adjacent properties within or outside of the UGB.

(5) The annexation will not have a significant adverse impact on the air, water and land resources of the City or surrounding areas.

(6) The annexation will not have a significant adverse impact on public facilities, transportation and the economy of the City.

(d) Decision Process. The procedure for taking action on an annexation request may be one of the following:

(1) Upon the filing of a complete application for annexation, the City Council shall review the application and refer the request to the Planning Commission to evaluate the proposed annexation and to determine the appropriate zoning district to be applied upon annexation and make a recommendation to the City Council.

(2) The Planning Commission may hold a public hearing in accordance with the provisions of Section 9.306 for the purposes of reviewing the proposed annexation and the proposed land use zoning district(s). Following the close of the public hearing the Commission shall recommend the appropriate zoning district to be applied upon annexation and forward its recommendation to the City Council.

(3) The City Council may hold a public hearing in accordance with the provisions of Section 9.306 for the purposes of reviewing the proposed annexation and the proposed land use zoning district(s). The City Council may, by ordinance containing a legal description of the territory to be annexed, declare the territory annexed.

(e) A written record of the findings and action of the City shall be maintained in a Record File of the Application as specified in Section 9.205. Notice of Decision shall be given the Applicant and all parties to the proceedings as specified in Section 9.308.

(f) Approval of the annexation shall require a Notice of Decision be given the proper state and county authorities including the Oregon Secretary of State, the Oregon Department of Revenue, the Oregon U-R Mapping Unit, and the County Clerk and Assessor of Lane County. Notice shall include a legal description of the annexed property, a map of the proposed property showing the location of the annexed property relative to the Lowell City Limits.
SECTION 9.255 VACATIONS

Where it is determined that a proposed Vacation shall not be injurious to the City or abutting properties, it may be appropriate to vacate all or parts of a public right-of-way, easements or other public places. This section states the procedures and criteria to permit the vacation of public lands not needed for municipal purposes, where it is consistent with the community land use policies and goals. Ownership of vacated territory shall revert proportionally to the adjoining properties and become a part thereof, unless specified otherwise by the City Council.

(a) **Vacation Application.** An application for a Vacation may be initiated by the City Council or by petition of adjoining or area land owners in accordance with ORS 271.080. A request by a property owner for a Vacation shall be accomplished by filing an application with the City using forms prescribed in Section 9.203. Applicants shall set forth a description of the area proposed to be vacated and shall submit a map showing the same area and shall state the purpose and justification for the proposed vacation.

(b) **Consent of Affected Property Owners.** At the time the application is submitted, the Applicant shall submit a letter or letters of consent from affected property owners. For purposes of this Code and in compliance with ORS 271.080, affected property owners shall be defined as:

1. All abutting property owners, and
2. Owners of not less than two-thirds in area of the real property affected thereby as defined in ORS 271.080.

Consent of the owners of the required amount of property shall be submitted in writing and duly acknowledged by the City prior to the scheduling of a public hearing for the requested Vacation.

(c) **Decision Criteria.** A Vacation request may be approved if the review body finds that the applicant has shown that all of the following review criteria are met:

1. The proposed Vacation is consistent with the relevant Comprehensive Plan policies and with any official street plan, transportation plan or public facility plan.
2. The proposed Vacation will not adversely impact adjacent areas or the land use plan of the City.
3. The proposed Vacation will not have a negative effect on access between public rights-of-way, existing or future properties, public facilities or utilities.
4. The proposed Vacation will not have a negative effect on traffic circulation or emergency service protection.
5. The portion of the right-of-way that is to be vacated will be brought into compliance with Code requirements, such as landscaping, driveway access, and reconstruction of access for fire safety.
(6) The proposed Vacation will not have an adverse impact on economy of the area.

(7) The public interest, present and future, will be best served by approval of the proposed Vacation.

(d) Decision Process. The procedure for taking action on a Vacation request may be one of the following:

(1) Upon the filing of a complete application for a Vacation, the City Council shall review the application and refer the request to the Planning Commission to evaluate the proposed Vacation and to determine the appropriate zoning district to be applied upon the vacation and make a recommendation to the City Council.

(2) Zoning of Vacated Right-of-Way. Except as otherwise provided within the vacation ordinance or where the official City zoning map is not clear as to the zoning of vacated right-of-way, the zoning of each parcel of vacated territory shall be the same as the adjoining property to which the ownership of the vacated unit of land automatically reverts.

(3) Vacations initiated by an applicant for a specific property within the City requires a "Quasi-judicial Decision" by the City Council with a recommendation by the Planning Commission, in conformance with the Quasi-judicial Public Hearing procedures of Section 9.306 as supplemented by the provisions of ORS Chapter 271. State law defines the affected area and mandates notice requirements that may be more stringent than the City's requirements.

(d) The City Council, upon recommendation of the Planning Commission, may approve, deny or approve with standards or conditions to attain compliance with this Code and State Statutes.

(e) Conditions of Approval. The City may attach conditions to the approval of a Vacation request to ensure that the proposal will conform to the review criteria and may require fair market value for the vacated property as a condition of approval.

(e) A written record of the findings and action of the City Council on the Application shall be maintained by the City in a Record File as specified in Section 9.205. Notice of Decision shall be given the Applicant together with any conditions of approval for the proposed Vacation as specified in Section 9.308.

SECTIONS 9.256 through 9.299 Reserved for Expansion.

ARTICLE 9.3 DECISION PROCESSES

SECTION 9.301 BASIS FOR DECISION

The basis for a decision on a land use application and the reasons for approval or denial are contained in ORS 227.173.
(a) Approval or denial of a discretionary permit application shall be based on standards and criteria contained in the Code or other development ordinances consistent with the City's Comprehensive Plan.

(b) Approval or denial of a land use application shall be based upon and accompanied by:

(1) A brief statement that explains the criteria and standards considered relevant to the decision.

(2) A statement of the facts relied upon in rendering the decision.

(3) An explanation of the justification for the decision based on the criteria, standards and facts set forth.

(c) An application shall not be approved unless the proposed development of land would be in compliance with the City Comprehensive Plan, this Code or other applicable land use regulations or ordinance provisions. The approval may include such conditions as are authorized by ORS 227.215 or any City legislation.

SECTION 9.302 FORM OF DECISION

A land use decision will take one of three forms:

(a) Approval. Approval means the review or hearing body found the approval criteria were satisfied by the presented facts.

(b) Approval with Conditions. Approval with conditions means the review or hearing body found the approval criteria could be satisfied with the application of specified conditions of approval as authorized in this Code.

(c) Denial. Denial means the review or hearing body found the approval criteria was not satisfied by the presented facts and could not be made to comply with attached conditions of approval.

SECTION 9.303 TYPE OF DECISIONS

ORS 197 and ORS 227 define four types of decisions utilized by cities to address land use applications. Each type of decision has its own procedural requirements. The four types of decisions are:

(a) Administrative Decisions

An administrative decision is a decision that correlates the adopted code or ordinance requirements and standards, to an individual issue. These interpretations are usually provided by the City Administrator or designee.
(b) **Legislative Decisions**

A legislative decision produces a general rule, law or policy applicable to everyone under similar circumstances. Legislative decisions have a "presumption of validity." They are the laws that apply to everyone in similar situations.

An example of a Legislative Decision was the adoption of the City's Comprehensive Plan, this Code and Ordinances. Other legislative decisions provided for in this Code include text amendments and zone change map amendments that affect a group or class of properties within the City. Legislative Amendments to this Code are provided for in Section 2.700.

(c) **Quasi-judicial Decisions**

A Quasi-judicial Decision involves a discretionary judgment applying the adopted rules, laws or policies to a specific individual land use situation like determining the permissible use of a specific piece of property. The action is judicial in nature and the hearing body must conduct a fair and impartial hearing. The decision must be based upon demonstrated compliance with the applicable criteria or standards contained in the City Comprehensive Plan, this Code, ordinances or policies, as determined by the factual evidence presented in the public hearing. The applicant for a change in the use of land specified in the Comprehensive Plan and implementing ordinances bears the burden of proof for the requested change.

Examples of Quasi-judicial Decisions provided for in this Code include, but are not limited to, Conditional Uses as provided in Section 9.251, Variances as provided in Section 9.252 or a zone change map amendment for a specific property as provided in Section 9.253.

(d) **Limited Land Use Decision**

The 1991 Oregon Legislature added ORS 197.195 to Chapter 197 to provide provisions for a final decision or determination made by a city pertaining to a site within its urban growth boundary which concerns:

1. Approval or denial of a subdivision or partition, as described in ORS 92.

2. Approval or denial of an application based on discretionary standards designed to regulate the physical characteristics of a use permitted outright, including but not limited to, site reviews and design reviews.

A Limited Land Use Decision is a form of discretionary decision that does not require a public hearing and is not subject to the requirements of ORS 197.763 for quasi-judicial public hearings, but is subject to the requirements of ORS 227.173 for a Planning Commission and/or City Council review of the application.

Examples of limited land use decisions in this Code that require a review by the Planning Commission and/or City Council include, but are not limited to, Subdivision and Partition Tentative Plans specified in Section 9.220 and Site Plan Reviews specified in Section 9.250.
SECTION 9.304  NOTIFICATION

(a) **Administrative** actions authorized by this Code do not require notifications.

(b) **Legislative** actions authorized by this Code require one or more public hearings and notification to the general public. Any means of notification that provides the general public and organizations believed to have an interest in the legislative issue with reasonable opportunity to be aware of the hearing on the issue is permitted and encouraged.

(c) **Limited Land Use** reviews or **Quasi-judicial** public hearings authorized by this Code require notification to the applicant and to owners of property within 300 feet of the property which is the subject of the notice as identified on the most recent property tax assessment roll where such property is located. Notice shall also be provided to public agencies known to be affected and to any neighborhood or community organization recognized by the City whose boundaries include the site.

(d) **State Ballot Measure 56** requires local governments to mail written individual notice to land owners when the governing body changes the base zoning classification of property, or adopts or amends an ordinance in a manner that limits or prohibits land uses previously allowed in the affected zone.

(e) The notice of review or hearing shall be mailed at least twenty (20) days prior to the date of the review or hearing; or if two or more reviews or hearings are required, ten (10) days before the first review or hearing. For notices that are sent by the City as a result of a new or amendment to a state administrative rule or statute, notice shall be mailed within 30 days of the effective date of the administrative rule or statute.

(f) The required notice provisions of this section may be expanded to include properties beyond 300 feet and shall include giving public notice by other means.

(g) The failure of a person to receive the notice as provided in this section shall not invalidate such proceedings if the City can validate by affidavit that such notice was given.

(h) The notice provided by the City shall:

1. Explain the nature of the application and the proposed use or uses which could be authorized.

2. List the applicable criteria from the Code and the Plan that apply to the application at issue or indicate where to find criteria.

3. Set forth the street address or other easily understood geographical reference to the subject property.

4. State the date, time and location of the review or public hearing.
(5) State that failure of an issue to be raised in a review or hearing, in person or by letter, or failure to provide sufficient detail to afford the decision maker an opportunity to respond to the issue precludes based on that issue.

(6) Include the name and address of the City Administrator and the telephone number where additional information may be obtained.

(7) State that a copy of the application, all documents and evidence relied upon by the applicant and the applicable criteria are available for inspection at the Lowell City Hall and copies will be provided at reasonable cost.

(8) State that a copy of the staff report will be available for inspection at least seven days prior to the review or hearing.

(9) Include a general explanation of the requirements for submission of testimony and the procedures for the conduct of reviews or public hearings by the City.

(10) The City shall provide written notice of the decision to the Applicant and all parties to the proceeding. The notice shall briefly summarize the decision making process and contain an explanation of appeal rights.

(i) **Wetland Notice.** The City shall provide the Oregon Division of State Lands, the Applicant and Owner with notice of applications for developments located within areas identified as "Wetlands" on the State-wide Wetlands Inventory. No physical alteration shall occur within defined wetland areas until a notice or permit is received from the Division. If the Division fails to respond within thirty days of notice, City approval may be granted with written notice to the applicant and owner that their proposal may require state or federal permits.

(j) **DLCD Notice.** The City shall notify the Department of Land Conservation and Development of a pending adoption or amendment to the City Comprehensive Plan, Implementing Ordinances, or any other land use ordinance or regulation. The notice shall be provided at least 45 days prior to the first evidentiary hearing on adoption and the notice shall contain information sufficient to inform the Department as to the effect of the proposal. If the City determines that the statewide goals do not apply to a proposed amendment or new regulation, notice is not required. In addition, the City may consider an amendment or new regulation with less than 45 days notice if the City Council determines that there are emergency circumstances requiring expedited review.

(1) The notice shall be provided at least 45 days prior to the first evidentiary hearing per ORS197.610, OAR Chapter 660 – Division 18 and Senate Bill 543. The City may consider an amendment or new regulation with less than 45 days notice if the City Council determines that there are emergency circumstances requiring expedited review.

(2) The notice shall include the text of the amendment and any other information the local government believes is necessary to advise DLCD of the proposal. “Text” means the specific language being added to or deleted from the acknowledged plan or land use regulation.
(3) Submittal of proposed “map” amendments must include a map of the affected area showing existing and proposed plan an zone designations. The map should be on 8-1/2x11 inch paper. A legal description, tax account number, address or general description is not adequate.

(4) Submittal of proposed amendments which involve a goal exception must include the proposed language of the exception.

(5) If the City determines that the statewide goals do not apply to a proposed amendment or new regulation, notice is not required.

(6) The amendment or new regulation shall be submitted after adoption as provided in ORS 197.615 (1) and (2).

(k) **Manufactured Dwelling Park Notice.** If an application would change the zone of property, including all or part of a Manufactured Dwelling Park, the City shall provide written notice by first class mail to each existing mailing address for tenants of the Manufactured Dwelling Park at least 20 days prior to the date of the first hearing on the application.

**SECTION 9.305 LIMITED LAND USE REVIEW PROCEDURES**

The following procedures govern the conduct of Limited Land Use Reviews by the Lowell Planning Commission or the Lowell City Council for all Site Plan Reviews, and Subdivision or Partition Tentative Plan Reviews. Written comments may be submitted prior to the review decision. The City of Lowell will allow oral public comments regarding a limited land use review application after the staff report and before deliberation on the application. Notice of this opportunity will be included in the public notice of the application.

(a) At the commencement of a review the Chairperson shall request a summary of the Staff Report that:

1. States the address or geographic location of the subject property.

2. Explains the nature of the application and the proposed use or uses which could be authorized.

3. Lists the applicable criteria from the ordinance and the plan that apply to the application at issue.

4. States that written testimony and evidence must be directed toward the criteria or other criteria in the plan or ordinances which the person believes to apply to the decision.

5. States that a failure to raise an issue with sufficient detail to afford the decision maker and the parties an opportunity to respond to the issue precludes appeal based on that issue.
(6) States that the City shall provide written notice of the decision to the Applicant and all parties to the proceeding. The notice shall briefly summarize the decision making process and contain an explanation of appeal rights.

(b) The Chair shall invite public comments.

(c) The Chair shall request members of the hearing body to declare and identify any actual or potential conflict of interest or any ex parte contacts on the issue.

Members shall place on the record the substance of any written or oral ex parte communications concerning the decision or action.

(d) The Deciding Authority may choose to schedule a public hearing to receive testimony if it determines that the proposed development may present possible adverse impacts on surrounding properties, the neighborhood or the City.

SECTION 9.306 QUASI-JUDICIAL PUBLIC HEARING PROCEDURES

The following procedures govern the conduct of Quasi-judicial Public Hearings by the Lowell Planning Commission or the Lowell City Council on an application for a land use decision:

(a) A Quasi-judicial Public Hearing is required by the Planning Commission for discretionary land use decisions including, but not limited to: Conditional Uses and Variances. Written testimony may be provided at the hearing or prior to the hearing. Oral testimony may be provided at the hearing.

(b) Quasi-judicial Public Hearings are required by both the Planning Commission and City Council for discretionary land use decisions for a Zone Change Map Amendment initiated by an applicant for a specific property. Written testimony may be provided at the hearing or prior to the hearing. Oral testimony may be provided at the hearing.

(c) The Planning Commission and City Council may choose to combine their hearings into a single joint public hearing. The Mayor or Council President shall preside at joint hearings. Following the joint public hearing, the Planning Commission will deliberate at a separately scheduled meeting and make a recommendation to the City Council. The City Council will consider the recommendation of the Planning Commission and following deliberation, make a final decision on the amendment considering the public testimony, factual evidence presented and compatibility and compliance with the City Comprehensive Plan and the Statewide Land Use Goals and Guidelines.

(d) An issue which may be the basis for an appeal to the Land Use Board of Appeals (LUBA) shall be raised not later than the close of the record following the final evidentiary hearing on the proposal before the City. Such issues shall be raised with sufficient detail so as to afford the City Council or Planning Commission, and the parties, an adequate opportunity to respond to each issue.

(e) At the commencement of a hearing the Chairperson of the Hearing Body shall:
(1) Announce the purpose of the hearing.

(2) State that the applicable substantive criteria will be presented in the Staff Report.

(3) State that testimony and evidence must be directed toward the criteria or other criteria in the plan or ordinances which the person believes to apply to the decision.

(4) State that a failure to raise an issue with sufficient detail to afford the decision maker and the parties an opportunity to respond to the issue precludes appeal based on that issue.

(f) The Chair shall request members of the hearing body to declare and identify any potential conflict of interest or any ex parte contacts on the issue:

(1) Members shall place on the record the substance of any written or oral ex parte communications concerning the decision or action.

(2) Members shall make a public announcement of the content of the communication.

(3) Opposition parties' have a right to rebut the substance of any ex parte communication at the first hearing following said communication.

(4) In accordance with ORS 227.180, no decision or action by the Planning Commission or City Council shall be invalid due to ex parte contact or bias resulting from ex parte contact with a member of the decision-making body if the member makes the declarations cited above.

(g) The Chair shall request presentation of the Staff Report.

(h) The Chair shall request reports or testimony from any Governmental Agencies.

(i) The Chair shall make the following statements before presentation of testimony:

(1) A person shall first stand and state his full name and address.

(2) The Chair, members of the Hearing Body, or others, with the recognition of the Chair may question a witness.

(j) The Chair shall call for the Applicant's Presentation.

(k) The Chair shall call for other Proponent testimony in favor of the Request.

(l) The Chair shall call for Opponent's testimony in opposition to the Request.

(m) The Chair shall call for general comments.

(n) The Chair shall call for the Applicant's rebuttal to opponent's testimony. The Applicant has the right of rebuttal - Opponents do not.
(o) The Chair shall close the hearing or continue it to an announced time and place.

(p) Unless there is a continuance of the hearing, if a participant so requests, before the conclusion of the initial evidentiary hearing, the record shall remain open for at least seven days after the hearing to receive additional written evidence, arguments or testimony. While the record remains open to admit new evidence or testimony, any person may raise new issues which relate to the new evidence, testimony or criteria for decision-making which apply to the matter at issue. The Applicant shall be granted at least seven days after the record is closed to other parties to submit final written rebuttal argument. Otherwise, the record of the hearing may be closed by the hearing body.

(q) The Hearing Body may continue the hearing to gather additional evidence, to consider the application fully, to give notice to additional persons, or for any purpose allowed by this Code. If written or oral notice of the rescheduling of a hearing is provided at the originally scheduled hearing, no additional notice is required. The hearing shall be rescheduled to a specific date, time, and place. If written or oral notice of a continued hearing was not provided, then renotification is required.

(r) Call for deliberation by the Hearing Body following the close of the Hearing. The Hearing Body may make its decision following the hearing or may close the Record and continue its deliberation to a subsequent meeting. The time and place of the subsequent meeting shall be announced.

SECTION 9.307 LEGISLATIVE PUBLIC HEARING PROCEDURES

The following procedures govern the conduct of Legislative land use public hearings conducted before the Lowell Planning Commission and/ or the Lowell City for amendments to the Lowell Comprehensive Plan or this Code:

(a) Legislative public hearings are required by both the Planning Commission and City Council for text amendments or zone change map amendments that affect a group or class of properties. Written testimony may be provided at the hearing or prior to the hearing. Oral testimony may be provided at the hearing. Amendments to this Code are provided for in Section 9.253.

(b) The Planning Commission and City Council may choose to combine their hearings into a single joint public hearing. The Mayor or Council President shall preside at joint hearings. Following the joint public hearing, the Planning Commission will deliberate at a separately scheduled meeting and make a recommendation to the City Council. The City Council will consider the recommendation of the Planning Commission and following deliberation, make a final decision on the amendment considering the public testimony, factual evidence presented and compatibility and compliance with the City Comprehensive Plan and the Statewide Land Use Goals and Guidelines.

(c) The Hearing is a DeNovo Hearing in which all evidence and comment is accepted for consideration. Approval of a Legislative Decision may be appealed to the Land Use Board of Appeals (LUBA) for Review in accordance with ORS 197.830. Denial of a Legislative Decision is not subject to Review.
(d) At the commencement of a hearing, a statement by the Chairperson shall be made to those in attendance that:

(1) Announces the purpose of the hearing.

(2) Asks if any member of the deciding body has an actual or potential conflict of interest in the matter before the Hearing Body.

(3) States that the applicable substantive criteria will be presented in the Staff Report.

(4) States that all testimony and evidence relevant to the issue will be accepted for consideration by the Hearing Body.

(e) The Chair shall request presentation of the Staff Report.

(f) The Chair shall request reports or testimony from any Governmental Agencies.

(g) The Chair shall make the following statements before presentation of testimony:

(1) A person shall first stand and state his full name and address.

(2) The Presiding Officer, members of the Hearing Body, or others, with the recognition of the chair may question a person giving testimony.

(h) Call for public testimony in any order determined by the Hearing Body.

(i) Call for general comments.

(j) Close the hearing or continue it to another announced time and place.

(k) Call for deliberation by Hearing Body following close of the Hearing. The Hearing Body may make its decision following the hearing or may close the Record and continue its deliberation to a subsequent meeting. The time and place of the subsequent meeting shall be announced.

SECTION 9.308 DECISION

Applicants and participants in a land use proceeding are entitled to a decision based upon a fair and impartial review or hearing of the factual evidence presented in conformance with the relevant standards and criteria contained in the City's Codes or Ordinances.

(a) Decision Justification. The Deciding Authority shall make a decision on a land use application and provide a brief statement that explains the standards and criteria considered relevant to decision, states the facts relied upon and explains the justification for the decision, with findings that summarize the facts believed by the review or hearing body and how the standards and criteria are satisfied by the accepted facts.
(b) **Findings.** Findings are based on the information presented in the application, the staff report and evidence presented in the proceedings. **ORS 227.173** requires:

1. An explanation of the relevant criteria applicable to the decision.
2. A statement of the facts supporting the decision.
3. An explanation of how the standards and criteria are satisfied by the accepted facts and justify the decision.

(c) **Findings for Approval.** The findings must contain a statement that the applicable policy or criteria is satisfied by the accepted facts presented.

(d) **Findings for Approval with Conditions.** The findings must contain a statement that the applicable policy or criteria cannot be satisfied by the facts presented without the application of conditions of approval as authorized in this Code.

(e) **Findings for Denial.** The findings must contain a statement that the applicable policy or criteria are not satisfied by the facts presented and cannot be made to comply with the application of conditions of approval as authorized in this Code.

(f) **Notice of Decision.** Written notice shall be given to the Applicant and all parties to the proceedings. The notice shall contain the following information:

1. The name of the Applicant and/or Owner of the subject property.
2. The address or geographic description of the subject property.
3. A description of the requested action.
4. The date of decision.
5. A summary of the decision made.
6. Identification of any actual or potential conflict of interest or any ex parte contacts on the issue by any member of the decision body.
7. An explanation of appeal rights.
8. The location where the record may be reviewed.

(g) The failure of a property owner to receive notice shall not invalidate the action provided a good-faith attempt was made to notify all persons entitled to notice.

(h) Personal notice is deemed given when the notice is deposited with the United States Postal Service.

(i) The records of the Lane County Assessor's Office shall be the official records used for giving notice required by this Ordinance. A person's name and address which is not on
file at the time the notice mailing list is initially prepared shall not be deemed a person entitled to notice.

SECTION 9.309 APPEAL PROVISIONS

An appeal issue shall be raised at the time of the review or hearing, either in person or by letter. The appeal issue raised must be specific and shall be presented with enough clarity to afford the decision body an opportunity to adequately respond to the issue. Failure to raise the issue at the review or hearing or failure to clearly define the issue shall preclude appeal to the City Council or to the Land Use Board of Appeals (LUBA) on that issue.

(a) Written notice of the appeal shall be filed with the City. An Appeal request shall contain:

(1) The name of the appellant(s) and a statement by the appellant that they were a party to the initial proceedings.

(2) Identification of the decision being appealed.

(3) The date of the decision being appealed.

(4) The form and basis of the appeal and the criteria relied upon for the appeal request.

(b) A written decision or ruling of the City Administrator or designee pursuant to Sections 9.105 or 9.107 may be appealed, in writing, to the Planning Commission within 15 days of the date of notification of the decision. If an appeal is not filed within the above specified period, the decision of the City Administrator or designee shall be final. If the appeal is filed, the Planning Commission shall receive a report and recommendation thereon from the City Administrator or designee and shall hold a public hearing on the appeal.

(c) An action or ruling of the Planning Commission pursuant to this Code may be appealed to the City Council within 15 days after notification of the Planning Commission decision is mailed.

Written notice of the appeal shall be filed with the City. If the appeal is not filed within the above specified period, the decision of the Planning Commission shall be final. If the appeal is filed, the City Council shall request a report and recommendation thereon from the Planning Commission and shall hold a public hearing on the appeal. The City Council may continue the hearing for good cause. Following the hearing, the City Council may sustain any recommendations or ruling of the Planning Commission, provided such action complies with the provisions of this Code, or the City Council may decide the issue.

(d) Notice. A "Notice of Appeal" shall be provided in the same manner as provided for in the original Application and Notice of Decision including all parties to the previous proceedings. A "Notice of Appeal" shall contain:

(1) The name of the appellant and a statement that they were a party to the initial proceedings.
(2) Identification of the decision being appealed.

(3) The date of the decision being appealed.

(4) The form and basis of the appeal and the criteria relied upon for the appeal.

(e) **Scope of Review.** The hearing body shall determine the scope of review on the appeal to be one of the following:

(1) Review on specific issues relative to the decision being appealed.

(2) Review only on the official record of the decision being appealed.

(3) A "de novo" hearing as if the request had not been previously heard, except that all testimony, evidence and other materials in the record of the previous review or hearing may be included in the new record of review.

(f) A party aggrieved by the City's final determination in a proceeding for a land use decision, limited land use decision or discretionary permit may have the determination reviewed by the Land Use Board of Appeals (LUBA) under **ORS 197.828 to 197.845** by filing a notice of intent to appeal with LUBA not later than 21 days after the decision becomes final.

**SECTION 9.310 REVOCA TION**

A decision on a land use application may be overturned, revoked or modified by the City on any one or more of the following grounds after a public hearing on the issue:

(a) A material misrepresentation or mistake of fact was made in the application or evidence submitted, either intentionally or unintentionally.

(b) The use for which approval was granted has ceased to exist.

(c) Failure to comply with the terms and conditions of approval.

(d) The use is in violation of a provision of this Code or other applicable statutes, ordinances, or regulations.

(e) The approval decision was overturned on appeal.

A decision on a land use application for text or map amendment, vacation or annexation requiring implementation by ordinance that is overturned, revoked or modified requires adoption of an ordinance repealing, modifying and/or reversing the original implementing ordinance.
SECTIONS 9.311 through 9.399 reserved for expansion.

ARTICLE 9.4 ZONING DISTRICTS

SECTION 9.401 CLASSIFICATION OF LAND USE DISTRICTS

For the purpose of this Code the following Primary Land Use Districts are hereby established:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PRIMARY DISTRICTS</th>
<th>ABBREVIATED DESIGNATION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Single-family Residential</td>
<td>R-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Multiple-family Residential</td>
<td>R-3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Commercial</td>
<td>C-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Downtown Commercial</td>
<td>C-2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Light Industrial</td>
<td>I-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public Lands</td>
<td>PL</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 9.402 CLASSIFICATION OF OVERLAY DISTRICTS

(a) An Overlay District may be established in combination with a Primary Land Use District. The Overlay District shall establish additional requirements, standards and procedures for the use and development of property in the Primary District. In cases of conflict between the standards and requirements of the Primary District and the Overlay District, the standards and requirements of the Overlay District shall apply.

(b) For the purposes of this Code the following Overlay Districts are hereby established:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OVERLAY DISTRICTS</th>
<th>ABBREVIATED DESIGNATION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Planned Development</td>
<td>PD</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 9.403 LOCATION OF ZONING DISTRICTS

The City’s Zoning Districts are also the City’s Comprehensive Plan Land Use Districts. The boundaries for the Zoning Districts listed in this Code are indicated on the combined Lowell Comprehensive Plan and Zoning Districts Map which is hereby adopted by reference and made a part of this Code.

SECTION 9.404 ZONING MAPS

A Zoning Map adopted by Section 9.403 of this Code or an amendment thereto shall be dated with the effective date that adopts the map or map amendment. A certified print of the adopted map or map amendment shall be maintained in the office of the City Administrator as long as this Code remains in effect.
SECTION 9.405  ZONING DISTRICT BOUNDARIES

District or Zone boundaries shall be section lines, sub-division lines, lot lines, center line of public rights-of-way or such lines extended.

SECTION 9.406  ZONING OF ANNEXED AREAS

Zoning of all areas annexed to the City shall be determined as a part of the Annexation approval process contained in Section 9.254. Decisions for zoning of annexed area shall be consistent with projected uses used to justify inclusion of the annexed property within the Urban Growth Boundary.

SECTION 9.407  SIMILAR USE AUTHORIZATION

The Planning Commission may permit, in a particular district, a use not listed in this Code, provided the use is of the same general type as the uses permitted by this Code. However, this section does not authorize the inclusion in a district where it is not listed, a use specifically listed in another district. The decision of the Planning Commission may be appealed to the City Council using procedures specified in Section 9.309 of this Code.

SECTION 9.408  NONCONFORMING USE

It is the intent of the nonconforming use sections of this Code to permit pre-existing uses and structures which do not conform to the use or dimensional standards of this Code to continue under conditions specified herein. However, alteration or expansion of these nonconforming uses and structures that could cause potentially adverse effects in the immediate neighborhood or in the City as a whole, are not permitted as outlined in this section.

(a)  Continuation of a Nonconforming Use.

(1) Subject to the provisions of this section, a nonconforming use of a structure or a nonconforming use, may be continued and maintained, but shall not be altered or extended except as provided herein.

(2) The extension of a nonconforming use to a portion of a structure which was arranged or designed for such use at the time of passage of this Code is not an extension of a nonconforming use.

(3) In the manufacturing-research or commercial district, a pre-existing dwelling may be altered or extended, provided that such alteration or extension shall not exceed the yard, lot coverage and building height requirements specified in the nearest adjacent Residential District.

(b)  Nonconforming Structure. A structure conforming as to use but nonconforming as to height, setback, lot coverage or similar dimensional standards, may be altered or extended if the alteration or extension does not cause the structure to deviate from the standards of this Code.
(c) **Discontinuance of a Nonconforming Use.**

(1) If a nonconforming use involving a structure is discontinued from active use for a period of one (1) year, further use of the property shall be for a conforming use unless approved by the Planning Commission.

(2) If a nonconforming use not involving a structure is discontinued from active use for a period of six (6) months, further use of the property shall be for a conforming use.

(d) **Change of a Nonconforming Use.** If a nonconforming use is changed, it shall be changed to a use conforming to the regulations of the district in which it is located.

(e) **Destruction of a Nonconforming Use or Structure.** If a nonconforming structure or a structure containing a nonconforming use is totally or substantially destroyed by any cause, a future structure or use on the site shall be either in accordance with the provisions of the district in which the property is located or the property owner may apply for a Conditional Use Permit to continue with the existing use or to replace the structure in its present location. A residence may be replaced in any zoning district.

(f) **Repairs and Maintenance.** Any building housing a nonconforming use may be maintained or restored to conform with the standards of the building code, including repair or replacement of fixtures, wiring, or plumbing, provided the building is not increased in cubic content or floor area.

(g) **Completion of Structure.** Nothing contained in this Code shall require any change in the plans, construction, alteration or designated use of a structure for which a building permit has been lawfully issued and construction has commenced prior to adoption of this Code, provided the structure, if nonconforming or intended for a nonconforming use, is completed and in use within one (1) year from the time the permit is issued.

SECTION 9.406 reserved for expansion.

SECTION 9.410 PRIMARY LAND USE DISTRICTS

SECTION 9.411 SINGLE-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT R-1

(a) **Purpose.** To provide areas suitable and desirable for low density, urban, single-family residential use with provisions for associated residential or public service uses.

(b) **Permitted Uses.** In an R-1 District, the following uses and their accessory uses are permitted subject to the standards, provisions and exceptions set forth in this Code:

(1) One single-family dwelling or manufactured dwelling per legal lot.

(2) Residential Care Homes for 5 or less people as provided in ORS 197.660 -670. (Statutory)

(3) Group Child Care Home for 12 or less children as provided in the applicable provisions of ORS 657 A. (Statutory)

(4) Accessory buildings subject to the following standards:

A. Accessory buildings shall not be used for dwelling purposes.

B. No sales, except authorized garage/yard sales, shall be made from an accessory structure unless it has been approved as a Home Occupation under the
conditional use provisions of **Section 9.251** and the home occupation standards of **Article 9.7**.

C. Boats, trailers, detached campers, motorized dwellings and similar recreational equipment may be stored, but not used for human habitation.

(c) **Conditional Uses.** In an R-1 District, the following uses and their accessory uses may be permitted in conformance with the conditional use provisions of **Section 9.251** and the applicable Use Standards of **Article 9.7**.

1. Home occupation.
2. Residential Care Facility for 15 or less people as provided in ORS 197.660 - 670.
3. Group Child Care Center for 13 or more children as provided in the applicable provisions of ORS 657 A.
4. Semi-public uses such as grange halls, churches, public utility facilities
5. Light Agriculture in accordance with applicable standards of Article 9.7.
7. Duplexes on corner lots which have a minimum of 10,000 square feet in area.

(d) **Development Standards.**

1. Minimum lot area: 7,000 square feet.
2. Minimum lot width: 60 feet, except for corner lots which must have no less than 65 feet on any property line adjoining a street
3. Minimum Lot Depth: 80 feet
4. Maximum building coverage including accessory buildings, provided that any patio structure used solely for open space and swimming pool not structurally covered shall not be counted as a structure for ascertaining coverage: 35%
5. Maximum building height – 2 stories, excluding basements/daylight basements, or 30 feet, whichever is lower. Accessory buildings are limited to one story.
6. Yards (all measurements are from the property line unless indicated otherwise):
   A. Front Yard
      1. For Streets with constructed or planned curbs and/or sidewalks, 20 feet from the outside edge of the curb or sidewalk but no less than 10 feet from the property line.
      2. Where no curbs or sidewalks are constructed or planned, 15 feet, except all garages, carports or other parking structures taking access from the front of the property shall be set back 20 feet.
   B. Side yard setbacks:
      1. Interior side yard: 5 feet for single story and 7 1/2 feet for two story structures.
      2. Alley side yard: 5 feet
      3. Street side yard: For Streets with constructed or planned curbs and/or sidewalks, 15 feet from the outside edge of the curb or sidewalk but no less than 5 feet from the property line except for parking structures which shall be set back at least 20 feet from a curb or sidewalk. Where no curbs or sidewalks are constructed or planned, 10 feet, except all parking structures taking access from the side street shall be set back 20 feet.
   C. Rear yard: 10 feet
(7) See Article 9.5 for additional General Development Standards, Article 9.6 for Special Development Standards and Article 9.7 for Use Standards that may apply in the R-1 District.

SECTION 9.412 MULTIPLE-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT R-3

(a) **Purpose.** To provide areas suitable and desirable for medium density multiple-family residential use with provisions for associated residential or public service uses. Medium density shall mean a maximum of 15 dwelling units per acre unless approved as a Conditional Use.

(b) **Permitted Uses.** In an R-3 District, the following uses and their accessory uses are permitted subject to the Site Plan Review provisions of Section 9.250, single-family and duplexes excepted, and other standards and provisions set forth in this Code:

1. Duplexes, apartments, and multiple-family dwellings.
2. One single-family dwelling or manufactured dwelling per tax lot.
3. Residential Care Facility for 15 or less people as provided in ORS 197.660 - 670.
4. Group Child Care Center for 13 or more children as provided in the applicable provisions of ORS 657 A.
5. Accessory buildings subject to the following standards:
   A. Accessory buildings shall not be used for dwelling purposes.
   B. No sales, except authorized garage/yard sales, shall be made from an accessory structure unless it has been approved as a Home Occupation under the conditional use provisions of Section 9.251 and the home occupation standards of Article 9.7.
   C. Boats, trailers, detached campers, motorized dwellings and similar recreational equipment may be stored, but not used for human habitation.

(c) **Conditional Uses.** In an R-3 District, the following uses and their accessory uses may be permitted in conformance with the conditional use provisions of Section 9.251 and the applicable Use Standards of Article 9.7.

1. Home occupation.
2. Semi-public uses such as grange halls, churches, public utility facilities.
3. Multiple-family residential of greater density than 15 units per acre.
4. Townhouses/condominiums
5. Manufactured Dwelling Parks
6. Bed and Breakfast

(d) **Development Standards.**

1. Minimum lot area - 7,000 square feet.
2. Minimum lot width - 60 feet, except for corner lots which must have no less than 65 feet on any property line adjoining a street.
3. Minimum Lot Depth – 80 feet
Maximum Building coverage including accessory buildings - 40%, provided that any patio structure used solely for open space and swimming pool not structurally covered shall not be counted as a structure for ascertaining coverage.

(5) Maximum building height – 3 stories or 45 feet, whichever is lower. Accessory building are limited to one story. For R-3 development within 50 foot of an abutting R-1 district side or rear yard, R-1 height standards apply.

(6) Yards:
A. Front Yard
   1. For Streets with constructed or planned curbs and/or sidewalks, 20 feet from the outside edge of the curb or sidewalk but no less than 10 feet from the property line.
   2. Where no curbs or sidewalks are constructed or planned, 15 feet, except all garages, carports or other parking structures taking access from the front of the property shall be set back 20 feet.
B. Side yard setbacks:
   1. Interior side yard: 5 feet and 7 ½ feet for two story structures.
   2. Alley side yard: 5 feet
   3. Street side yard: For Streets with constructed or planned curbs and/or sidewalks, 15 feet from the outside edge of the curb or sidewalk but no less than 5 feet from the property line except for parking structures which shall be set back at least 20 feet from a curb or sidewalk. Where no curbs or sidewalks are constructed or planned, 10 feet, except all parking structures taking access from the side street shall be set back 20 feet.
C. Rear yard: 10 feet.

(7) See Article 9.5 for additional General Development Standards, Article 9.6 for Special Development Standards and Article 9.7 for Use Standards that may apply in the R-3 District.

SECTION 9.421 GENERAL COMMERCIAL DISTRICT C-1

(a) Purpose. The General Commercial District is intended to provide areas appropriate for the full range of commercial activities to serve the needs of area residents and employees. The C-1 District is well suited for areas having access from the City's major thoroughfares that are free from conflict with non-compatible land uses.

(b) Permitted Uses. In a C-1 District, the following uses and their accessory uses are permitted subject to the Site Plan Review provisions of Section 9.250 and the standards, provisions and exceptions set forth in this Code, provided all operations except off-street parking and temporary activities shall be conducted entirely within an enclosed building:

(1) Retail stores or shops.
(2) Personal or business service.
(3) Repair shops (See 3 (b) below).
(4) Eating or drinking establishments.
(5) Offices, business or professional.
(6) Financial institutions.
(7) Indoor commercial amusement or recreation establishments.
(8) Hotels and Motels.
(9) Semi-public buildings and uses.
(10) Residential Care Facility for 15 or less people as provided in ORS 197.660 - 670.
(11) Group Child Care Center for 13 or more children as provided in the applicable provisions of ORS 657 A.
(12) Second story residences located above a ground floor commercial use in accordance with **Section 9.720 (b).**
(13) Conversion of residence to a permitted commercial use in accordance with **Section 9.720 (a).**

**Conditional Uses.** In a C-1 District, the following uses and their accessory uses may be permitted in conformance with the conditional use provisions of **Section 9.251** and the applicable Use Standards of **Article 9.7.**

(1) Automotive, truck, RV, equipment or other repair shops which possess nuisance characteristics or emissions potentially detrimental to Public health, safety and general welfare of the community such as noise, vibrations, smoke, odor, fumes, dust, heat, glare or electromagnetic interference shall not be permitted unless additional safeguards are specified by the Planning Commission. The applicant shall accurately specify the extent of emissions and nuisance characteristics relative to the proposed use.

(2) Permitted uses listed in (2) above, requiring open display or storage, including but not limited to, automobile or equipment sales.

(3) Light industrial uses identified in Section 9.421 (c) which have no emissions or nuisance characteristics, as identified in Section 9.204 discernible without instruments outside any building, contain no outdoor storage and for which no other significant impacts to adjoining commercial and residential uses have been identified.

**Development Standards.** Lots within a General Commercial District are approved by the Planning Commission as part of the Site Plan Review procedures of **Sections 9.250.** Lots are required to be large enough and developed to accommodate the building, sewage disposal system, required parking, service access and pedestrian circulation including persons with disabilities.

(1) Minimum lot area: None established
(2) Yards:
   A. Front yard setbacks - none required. See **Section 9.509 to 9.512** for additional street setbacks.
   B. Side yard setbacks
      A. None required between commercially or industrially zoned property
      B. 10 feet when abutting residentially zoned property.
      C. None required for street side yard.
   C. Rear yard:
      1. None required between commercially or industrially zoned property.
      2. 10 feet when abutting residentially zoned property.
Maximum building height: There is no building height limitation except when the property abuts a residential zone, in which case the building height is limited to the height allowed in the adjacent residential zone for a distance of 50 feet.

Lot Size: There is no minimum lot size or lot dimension.

Lot Coverage and Density: There is no lot coverage or density requirements except as provided in yard setback and on-site parking requirements.

Access shall be designed to cause a minimum interference with traffic and may be subject to the review and approval of the County Engineer or State Department of Transportation. The dedication of additional right-of-way and construction of street improvements by the applicant may be required in order to facilitate traffic circulation.

See Article 9.5 for additional General Development Standards, Article 9.6 for Special Development Standards and Article 9.7 for Use Standards that may apply in the C-1 District.

SECTION 9.422 DOWNTOWN COMMERCIAL DISTRICT C-2

(a) Purpose. Downtown Lowell is intended to provide a central shopping center for the community to serve the needs of area residents and employees. Downtown Lowell is well suited for a central compact commercial center that includes public buildings and facilities. Downtown Lowell can become Lowell’s central feature supporting easy access, convenient pedestrian circulation and attractive amenities for all users.

(b) Permitted Uses. The following uses and their accessory uses are permitted subject to the Site Plan Review provisions of Section 9.250 and the standards, provisions and exceptions set forth herein. Site Plans shall clearly show compliance with the intent and requirements for downtown revitalization.

(1) Retail stores or shops.
(2) Small Repair Shops
(3) Personal or business service establishments.
(4) Eating or drinking establishments.
(5) Offices, business or professional establishments.
(6) Financial institutions.
(7) Indoor commercial amusement or recreation establishments.
(8) Public or semi-public buildings and uses.
(9) Second and third story residences located above a ground floor commercial use in accordance with Section 9.720 (b)
(10) Conversion of residence to commercial use in accordance with Section 9.720 (a).
(11) Convenience and Decorative Elements including landscaping, benches, temporary banners or signs.

(c) Conditional Uses. Uses and accessory uses similar to those specifically listed in Item (2) above may be permitted in conformance with the conditional use provisions of Section 9.251.

(d) Non-Permitted Uses. The following uses and their accessory uses are not permitted.
(1) Large Equipment Sales or Repair.
(2) Trucking Operations
(3) Auto Storage, Towing or Wrecking Yards.
(4) Automotive Service or Sales
(5) Adult Video or Goods.
(6) Indoor or outdoor storage and warehousing facilities not directly in support of downtown businesses.

(e) Development Standards.

(1) Lot area and configuration - Lots within the Downtown District are approved by the Planning Commission as part of the Site Plan Review procedures of Sections 9.250. Lots are required to be large enough to accommodate the building, required parking, service access and pedestrian circulation including persons with disabilities.

(2) Yards:
A. Exterior yard setbacks - none required. Buildings are encouraged to front onto wide sidewalks that include landscaping and pedestrian amenities.
B. Interior yard setbacks - 5 feet where abutting residential property and zero where abutting commercial property subject the requirements for building construction specified in the Oregon Structural Specialty Code.

(3) Maximum building height – 3 stories

(4) Access shall be designed to encourage pedestrian and bicycle use and shall facilitate vehicular movements with minimum interference or hazards for through traffic. The dedication of additional right-of-way and construction of street improvements by an applicant may be required in compliance with the standards herein.

(5) Development in the Downtown area may be conditional upon an agreement to comply with reasonable exterior building modifications and street and sidewalk standards established as a part of a future Downtown Development Plan.

(f) See Article 9.5 for additional General Development Standards, Article 9.6 for Special Development Standards and Article 9.7 for Use Standards that may apply to the C-2 District.

SECTION 9.423 through 9.429 reserved for expansion.

SECTION 9.430 INDUSTRIAL DISTRICTS

SECTION 9.431 LIGHT INDUSTRIAL DISTRICT I-1

(a) **Purpose.** The I-1, Light Industrial, District is intended to create, preserve and enhance areas for low intensity, light manufacturing and commercial development which create no obnoxious impact on abutting properties and are free from conflict with non-compatible uses.
(b) **Permitted Uses.** In an I-1 District, the following uses and their accessory uses are permitted subject to the Site Plan Review provisions of Section 9.250 and the standards, provisions and exceptions set forth in this Code.

1. All manufacturing, warehousing, wholesaling, compounding, assembling, processing, storing, researching, repair or testing uses, and associated commercial activities, provided all operations except off-street parking and temporary activities shall be conducted entirely within an enclosed building and provided there are no emissions or nuisance characteristics, as identified in Section 9.204 (u), discernible without instruments at the property line.

2. Semi-public buildings and uses.

3. Interim farm use.

(c) **Conditional Uses.** In an I-1 District, the following uses and their accessory uses may be permitted, subject to the provisions of Section 9.251.

1. Manufacturing, warehousing, wholesaling, compounding, assembling, processing, storing, researching, repair or testing uses, and associated Commercial activities, having emissions or nuisance characteristics, as identified in Section 9.204 (u), discernible without instruments at the property line, conducted in part or in full outside a fully enclosed building or uses requiring a permit from a local, state or federal agency.

2. Scrap, waste, recycling or wrecking yards.

3. All other Commercial activities.

4. Waste or hazardous material processing, storage or disposal.

5. A manufactured dwelling for the owner or caretaker whenever an on-site residence is necessitated by such use. The manufactured dwelling shall comply with the standards of Article 9.7.

(c) **Continued Compliance Required.**

1. Uses permitted under paragraph (2) above or a change of use must continually meet the standards that there be no emissions or nuisance characteristics, as identified in Section 9.204 (u), discernible without instruments at the property line. Failure to meet the standard will require the use to cease or require application for a conditional use as in accordance with Section 9.251.

2. Uses permitted under paragraph (3) above or a change of use must continually meet all conditions for approval required to mitigate nuisance characteristics established for a conditional use permit. Failure to meet such conditions will require the use to cease or application for a new conditional use permit in accordance with Section 2.500.

(d) **Development Standards.**

1. Lot area: There shall be no prescribed minimum lot area. Lot area shall be approved as part of the Site Plan Review procedures of Section 9.250. Lots are required to be large enough to accommodate the building, required parking, vehicle and pedestrian access and circulation, including persons with disabilities.

2. Lot coverage and Density: Lot configuration shall be approved as part of the Site Plan Review procedures of Section 9.250.

3. Yard Setbacks:

b. Interior Side – None, except for yard abutting residential uses, which require a 20 foot setback landscaped and maintained.

c. Street Side – 10 feet.

d. Rear - None, except for yard abutting residential uses, which require a 20 foot setback landscaped and maintained.

e. All required yard setbacks must be landscaped and maintained.

(4) Maximum Building Height - 45 feet unless a greater height is approved by the Planning Commission with conditions of approval as part of the Site Plan Review procedures of Section 9.250.

(5) Access shall be designed to cause a minimum interference with traffic and may be subject to the review and approval of the County. The dedication of additional right-of-way and construction of street improvements by the applicant may be required in order to facilitate traffic circulation.

(6) See Article 9.5 for additional General Development Standards, Article 9.6 for Special Development Standards and Article 9.7 for Use Standards that may apply in the I-1 District.

SECTION 9.432 through 9.439 reserved for expansion

SECTION 9.440 OTHER LAND USE DISTRICTS

SECTION 9.441 PUBLIC LANDS DISTRICT - PL

(a) Purpose. The Public Lands District is intended to establish development standards for public lands. Public Lands are those owned by public entities, specifically, the Federal Government, State of Oregon, Lane County, and the City of Lowell, as well as special districts established State law such as the Lowell Fire District and Lowell School District. Public Lands do not include lands owned by public utilities other than governmental entities.

(b) Permitted Uses. In the Public Lands District all uses and their accessory uses generally associated with public functions are permitted, with the exception of uses identified below as conditional uses, subject to the Site Plan Review provisions of Section 9.250 and the standards, provisions and exceptions set forth in this Code, where not specifically excluded by State and Federal law.

(c) Conditional Uses. In the Public Lands District, the following uses and their accessory uses are not outright permitted and must be permitted in conformance with the conditional use provisions of Section 9.251, where not specifically excluded by State and Federal law.

(1) Uses that would create traffic, noise, dust, odor, visual or other types of impacts not consistent with adjoining land uses.

(2) Use of publicly owned property for other than public purposes through lease or rent agreements between the public entities owning the property and non-public entities.
(d) **Development Standards.**

1. **Minimum lot area and configuration** - Lots within a Public Lands District are approved by the Planning Commission as part of the Site Plan Review procedures of Section 9.250. Lots are required to be large enough to accommodate uses proposed for development, including but not limited to, the building, sewage disposal system, required parking, service access and pedestrian circulation including persons with disabilities.

2. **Yards** - No specific yard setbacks are established with the exception that all development on public lands will be set back no less than 10 feet from adjoining residually zoned property. Requested setbacks will be evaluated as a part of the Site Plan Review.

3. **Maximum building height** - There is no building height limitation except when the property abuts a residential zone, in which case the building height is limited to the height allowed in the adjacent residential zone for a distance of 50 feet.

3. **Lot Size** - There is no minimum lot size or lot dimension.

4. **Lot Coverage and Density** - There is no lot coverage or density requirements except as provided in yard setback and on-site parking requirements.

5. **Access** - Access shall be designed to cause a minimum interference with traffic and may be subject to the review and approval of the County Engineer or State Department of Transportation. The dedication of additional right-of-way and construction of street improvements by the applicant may be required in order to facilitate traffic circulation.

6. **See Article 9.5 for additional General Development Standards, Article 9.5 for Special Development Standards and Article 9.5 for Use Standards that may apply in the Public Lands District.**

**SECTION 9.442 through 9.449 reserved for expansion.**

**SECTION 9.450 OVERLAY-DISTRICTS**

An Overlay-District may be established in combination with a Primary District. The Overlay-District shall establish additional requirements, standards and procedures for the use and development of property in the Primary District. In cases of conflict between the standards and requirements of the Primary District and the Overlay-District, the standards and requirements of the Overlay-District shall apply.

**SECTION 9.451 Application.**

The City, a property owner, or any interested person may apply for designation of an Overlay-District in combination with any Primary District in accordance with the application requirements of Sections 9.203 and 9.204 and the amendment procedures.
of Section 9.253. The Quasi-judicial hearing procedures of Section 9.306 shall be used when the application is submitted by a property owner and applies to a specific property. The Legislative hearing procedures of Section 9.307 shall be used when the Overlay-District is applied by the City to a group or class of properties under similar circumstances.

SECTIONS 9.541 through 9.599 reserved for expansion.

SECTION 9.460 PLANNED DEVELOPMENT OVERLAY-DISTRICT, PD

The purpose of the PD Overlay-District is to provide opportunities to create more desirable working or living environments by the application of new development standards applied under an approved plan and program that is professionally prepared. The PD Overlay-District is intended to be used to encourage the application of new techniques and new technology to community development that can achieve economies in land development and maintenance while providing building groupings, open spaces and circulation systems that enhance the working or living environment of the inhabitants. A Planned Development may be residential, commercial or industrial or a mixed combination of land uses. Application procedures are as follows:

(a) Planned Development Applications:

(1) The City or a property owner may request a PD Overlay-Zone in combination with any Primary Zone in accordance with the application requirements of Sections 9.201 through 9.204, the amendment procedure of Section 9.253 and the requirements of Sections 9.430 to 9.437 contained herein.

(2) A property owner located in an existing PD Overlay-Zone may request approval of a PD Plan in conformance with the requirements of Sections 9.421 and 9.430 to 9.437 contained herein.

(3) Application for a PD Overlay-Zone or a PD Plan is divided into three phases:

A. The Applicant shall first submit a PD Conceptual Plan containing drawings and a written program that is presented in enough detail to clearly describe the proposed development. An informal pre-application review by members of the Planning Commission and City Council will be scheduled in conformance with Sections 9.201 and 9.202 to determine if the requested PD conforms to the City's PD requirements and is conceptually acceptable to the City. This preliminary process is intended to save time and expense for the Applicant and the City.

B. After receiving approval in principle of the PD Conceptual Plan the applicant shall have a PD Development Plan prepared by a professional design team that contains drawings and a written program for a formal public hearing and decision by the City.
C. Verification of compliance with the conditions of approval by the City Administrator and acceptance of the Official PD Development Plan in conformance with the approved PD Development Plan.

SECTION 9.461 PD DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

(a) Minimum Site Size. A PD Overlay-District shall not be established on less than five (5) acres unless the City finds a smaller area is suitable by virtue of its characteristics or location.

(b) Comprehensive Plan Compliance and Adjacent Property Protection.

(1) The development plan and program shall present an organized arrangement of buildings, service facilities, open spaces and improvements in compliance with the intent of the Comprehensive Plan that also protects the property rights of adjacent property owners.

(2) Periphery yards of a PD Overlay-District shall be at least as deep as those required by the yard regulations of the underlying District unless the City finds that equal protection will be accorded through the specific design features of the approved plan.

(c) Lot coverage and Building Height. Lot coverage and building height shall be no greater than for the underlying District unless the City finds that an exception is warranted in terms of the adjacent property protection and amenities proposed in the total development.

(d) Open Space. Open space in a PD Overlay-District means the land area to be used for scenic or open recreational purposes within the development.

(1) Open space does not include street right-of-way, driveways, parking areas, required setbacks, or public service easements unless these areas have some special recreational design or purpose.

(2) Open space shall be adequate for the recreational and leisure use of the population occupying the development and shall be designed to enhance the development.

(3) To the maximum extent possible, the plan and program shall assure that natural features of the land are preserved and landscaping is provided.

(4) Instruments guaranteeing the maintenance of open space shall be provided with the proposed plan. Documents dedicating development rights and provisions for maintenance of open space shall be approved as to form by the City Attorney.

(e) Density. Greater overall density than that specified in the Primary District may be allowed under a PD Overlay-District based on the entire development design. Generally the density provision of the underlying District shall be used as a guideline for a deviation from the standard density. Areas used for public street right-of-way or private roadway intended to provide access to more than two (2) structures may be excluded when determining the overall density of the development.
(f) **Subdivision Lot Sizes.** Minimum area, width, depth and frontage requirements for subdivision lots in a PD Overlay-District shall be the same as the basic District unless smaller lots are approved in accordance with proposed plan and program.

(g) **Additional Standards and Controls.** The City may require additional standards or controls to protect adjacent property rights or the health, safety and welfare of the general public in compliance with the Comprehensive Plan based upon the specific development request. Additional standards and controls may include, but are not limited to, the following:

1. Increasing the required setbacks to protect adjacent properties or solar access.
2. Controlling the location and number of vehicular access points.
3. Establishing new streets, increasing the right-of-way or roadway width of existing streets, requiring curbs and sidewalks, and in general, improving the traffic circulation system.
4. Requiring improvements for utilities or storm drainage facilities.
5. Increasing the number of parking spaces and improving design standards for parking areas.
6. Limiting the number, size, location, and lighting of signs.
7. Designating sites for open space and recreation and, in general, improving landscaping requirements.
8. Requiring view obscuring screening or fencing.
9. Establishing time limits for completion of all or any portion of the project, including, but not limited to utilities, drainage facilities, streets, curbs, gutters, sidewalks, parking areas, landscaping, fencing, screening or recreation areas.
10. Requiring contractual agreements with the City to assure development of streets, sidewalks, drainage facilities, utilities, and other improvements to standards acceptable to the City.

(h) **Phased Development.** The applicant may elect to develop the site in successive stages as proposed in the PD Development Plan.

1. Each such stage shall be a substantially complete unit of development.
2. The City may require that development be done in stages if public facilities are not adequate to service the entire development initially.

(i) **Permitted Uses In Residential PD Overlay-Districts.** The following uses and their accessory uses may be permitted in a PD Overlay-District which has been combined with a Residential District.

1. Residential use of land.
2. Related commercial uses when approved by the City.
3. Related community service uses when approved by the City.
4. Proposed standards or controls shall be specified in the PD Development Plan and signed by the owners. Where applicable the requirements may be made part of future deed CC&R's.
SECTION 9.462 PD CONCEPTUAL PLAN

An applicant shall submit at least fifteen (15) copies of a conceptual drawings and a written program to the City for review and acceptance of the proposed development in principle. An informal review by members of the Planning Commission and City Council will be scheduled to determine if the requested PD conforms to the City's PD requirements and is conceptually acceptable to the City. The proposal shall address the following elements.

(a) Elements of the Plan.

(1) Vicinity map showing location of streets and lots in the area within 300 feet of the proposed development.
(2) Existing lands uses.
(3) Proposed land uses including housing unit densities (number of units per acre, type of residence, and number of bedrooms by type of residence); commercial facilities such as shopping and community facilities such as schools or parks.
(4) Building types and approximate bulk.
(5) Vehicular and pedestrian access, circulation, and parking pattern. Status of street ownership.
(6) Proposed Subdivision layout.
(7) Parks, playgrounds, and open spaces.
(8) Existing natural features such as trees, streams and topography.
(9) Landscaping, screening, and fencing proposals.
(10) Proposed method of solid waste disposal.
(11) Proposed method for provisions of water supply and sewage disposal.
(12) Proposed method for the handling of surface water drainage.
(13) Proposed grading patterns.
(14) Street and open space lighting proposals.

(b) Elements of the Program.

(1) Proposed members of the Professional Design Team.
(2) Proposed ownership pattern.
(3) Operation and maintenance proposal, such as condominium, co-op, or Homeowners Association.
(4) Time table of the development, to include expected starting dates, projection of completion time, and project phasing, if anticipated.
(5) Method of public improvements financing, if any.

(c) Review of PD Conceptual Plan

(1) An informal review with the Applicant and City Officials will be scheduled to determine if the requested PD conforms to the City's PD requirements and is conceptually acceptable to the City.
(2) Members of the Planning Commission and City Council shall informally review the PD Conceptual Plan and may recommend either preliminary approval in principle, with or without modifications, or denial. Such action shall be based upon compliance with the intent of City's Comprehensive Plan, the intent of City
development standards and the extent of deviation from City standards proposed in
the PD.

(3) Approval in principle of the PD Conceptual Plan shall be limited to the preliminary
acceptability of the land uses proposed and their interrelationships and shall not be
construed to endorse the precise location of uses nor engineering feasibility. The
City may require the submission of additional information for the PD Development
Plan review.

(4) The City shall review and may recommend expansion, additions, or modifications
in the proposed design team for the preparation of the PD Development Plan.

(5) The City shall determine the extent of any environmental assessment to be included
with the PD Development Plan.

SECTION 9.463 PD DEVELOPMENT PLAN

(a) After receiving approval in principle of the PD Conceptual Plan, the Applicant shall have
a PD Development Plan prepared by a professional design team in such design-related
fields as Architecture, Landscape Architecture, Urban Planning, and Civil Engineering.

(b) An applicant for a PD Overlay-District shall also petition for an amendment to the zoning
map as specified in Section 9.253. Fifteen (15) copies of the PD Development Plan shall
be submitted to the Planning Commission and City Council at least 30 days prior to the
date of public hearing.

(c) Upon receipt of the PD Development Plan, the Planning Commission and City Council
shall hold separate public hearings or a single joint public hearing in accordance with the
provisions of Section 9.306. At the public hearing the applicant shall present the PD
Development Plan.

(d) Plan Elements. In addition to the Application Site Plan required in Section 9.204, the
PD Development Plan shall contain the following elements:

(1) A complete development plan in conformance with the approved conceptual plan.
(2) Existing and proposed contour map of the site to a scale commensurate with the
size of the development.
(3) Location, widths, and names of all existing or platted streets or other public ways,
railroad and utility rights-of-way, parks, or other public open spaces and land uses
within 300 feet of the development.
(4) Existing sewers, water mains, and other underground facilities within and adjacent
to the development and their certified capacities.
(5) Proposed location and capacity of sewers or other disposal facilities, water mains
and other underground utilities.
(6) Proposed system for the handling of storm drainage.
(7) A Subdivision Tentative Plan in conformance with Section 9.220, if the property is
proposed to be subdivided.
(8) A land use plan indicating the uses planned for the development.
(9) Areas proposed to be dedicated or reserved for interior circulation, public parks,
playgrounds, school sites, public buildings, or other uses dedicated or reserved to
the public, if any.
(10) Open space that is to be maintained and controlled by the owners of the property and the proposed uses thereof.
(11) A traffic flow map showing the circulation pattern within and adjacent to the proposed development.
(12) Location and dimensions of bikeways, pedestrian walkways, malls, trails, or easements.
(13) Location, arrangement, number and dimensions of automobile garages and parking spaces, width of aisles, bays, and angle of parking.
(14) Location, arrangement, and dimensions of truck loading and unloading spaces, if any.
(15) Preliminary architectural plans and elevations of typical buildings and structures, indicating the general height, bulk, appearance and number of dwelling units.
(16) A preliminary tree planting and landscaping plan. All existing trees over six (6) inches in diameter and groves of trees shall be shown. Trees to be removed by development shall be so marked.
(17) The approximate location, height, materials of all walls, fences, and screen plantings. Elevation drawings of typical walls and fences shall be included.
(18) The stages, if any, of development construction. Such stages shall be clearly marked on the PD Development Plan.

(e) Program Elements.

(1) Narrative statement of the basic purposes of the planned development.
(2) An environmental assessment if requested by the City during review of the PD Conceptual Plan.
(3) Tables showing the total number of acres and the percentage of the total area which is designated for each type of use including each dwelling type, off-street parking, streets, parks, playgrounds, schools, and open spaces as shown on the proposed development plan.
(4) Tables showing the overall density of the proposed residential development and showing density by dwelling types and any proposals for the limitation of density.
(5) Drafts of appropriate restrictive covenants and drafts of documents providing for the maintenance of any common open space, or required dedications or reservations of public open spaces and of any dedications of development rights.
(6) A timetable indicting when utility and drainage facilities intended to serve the development are to be installed. If the development is to be constructed in stages, the timetable shall reflect this.

SECTION 9.464 DECISION AND FINDINGS

(a) Planning Commission Decision. The Planning Commission, after a public hearing in accordance with the provisions of Section 9.306, may recommend approval, denial or approval with conditions of the PD Development Plan and the PD Overlay-District.

(b) City Council Decision. The City Council, after a public hearing in accordance with the provisions of Section 9.306 and after receiving the recommendation from the Planning Commission on the PD Development Plan shall either approve the application, deny the application or approve the application with conditions.
(c) A single joint public hearing by the Planning Commission and City Council may be utilized in conformance with Section 9.306 (c).

(d) **PD Development Elements.** Approval of the PD Development Plan includes approval of all attached elements including the PD Overlay-District, a Subdivision Tentative Plan and all Conditions of Approval.

(e) **Decision Criteria.** The recommendation of the Planning Commission and decision by the City Council shall be based upon the following findings:

1. That the proposed development is in conformance with the intent of the City's Comprehensive Plan.
2. That exceptions from the standards of the underlying District are warranted by the design and amenities incorporated in the proposed PD Development Plan.
3. That the proposed development is consistent with the purpose and intent of the Primary District and that adjacent properties are protected from potential adverse affects resulting from the proposed development by appropriate controls or development standards.
4. That the proposed development, or a unit thereof, can be substantially completed within two (2) years of final approval.
5. That the streets are adequate to support the anticipated traffic and that the development will not overload the streets outside the PD Overlay-District.
6. That the proposed utilities and drainage facilities are adequate for the population densities and type of development proposed and will not create drainage or pollution problems outside the PD Overlay-District.
7. That the timing of installation of utility and drainage facilities will be closely coordinated with development construction and will not create a hardship to residents either within or outside the PD Overlay-District.
8. That the density in the proposed development will not result in any substantial negative impact on any public facility or utility.

### SECTION 9.465 OFFICIAL PD DEVELOPMENT PLAN

(a) Following approval of the PD Overlay-District by the City Council, the applicant shall make changes in the PD Development Plan to comply with the Conditions of Approval and submit it to the City Administrator for verification of compliance with the PD Development Plan and Conditions of Approval applied by the City.

(b) If the PD Development Plan is found to be in compliance with the approval conditions, it shall be so certified by the City Administrator and placed in the Record File of the Application as the Official PD Development Plan along with all documents relating to dedications, improvements, agreements, restrictions, and associations.

(c) The Platting procedures set forth in Section 9.210 shall be followed and included in the Record File if the property is to be divided or streets are to be dedicated unless private street exceptions have been approved by the City Council.
(d) All public site dedications, development rights to open spaces or other dedications for the entire site or approved staged portion shall be certified and placed in the Record File prior to the issuance of any building permit.

(e) Final copies of all approved articles governing operation and maintenance shall be placed in the Record File prior to the issuance of any building permit.

(f) The PD Overlay-District shall be adopted by City Ordinance. The area shall henceforth be shown on the official zoning map as a PD Overlay-District in addition to the Primary District. All building permits shall be issued only in conformance with the Official PD Development Plan recorded in the Record File.

(g) All requirements of Article 7, Improvement Requirements, shall apply to public improvements required by the approved PD Development Plan unless waivers have been approved by the City Council as a part of the PD Development Plan approval process.

SECTION 9.466 PROPOSED CHANGES IN APPROVED PLANS

(a) Major Changes. Major changes in the Official Development Plan after it has been adopted shall be considered a new petition and shall comply with the procedures for adoption.

(b) Minor Changes. Minor changes in an approved Official Development Plan may be approved by the City Administrator, provided that such changes:

(1) Do not change the character of the development or the population density.
(2) Do not change the boundaries of the PD Overlay-District.
(3) Do not change any use, such as residential to commercial.
(4) Do not change the location or amount of land devoted to a specific land use.
(5) Do not relax dimensional standards or other specific requirements established by the City as a condition of approval.

SECTION 9.467 EXPIRATION

(a) If substantial construction or development has not taken place within two (2) years from the date of final approval and acceptance of the Official Development Plan, the City Administrator shall review the status with the owner and make a report of the findings to the Planning Commission and City Council.

(b) Upon abandonment of a particular Planned Development, or if its development has not been substantially completed within the time specified in the Official Development Plan, the City may schedule public hearings to remove the PD Overlay-District unless a request to extend the time limit is approved.

(c) The procedure for removal of a PD Overlay District is essentially the same as for adoption. The proposed removal of the PD Overlay-District shall be reviewed at a public hearing of the Planning Commission to determine whether or not its continuation in whole or in part is in the public interest. If the PD Overlay-District is found not to be in the public interest, the Planning Commission shall recommend to the City Council that
the PD Overlay-District of the property be removed. The City Council shall then hold a public hearing on the revocation of the PD Overlay-District and shall either maintain the District, revoke the development plan approval, or grant a time extension if it appears justifiable. If the PD Overlay District is repealed, further use of the property and future structures thereon shall be in accordance with the existing Primary District

SECTIONS 9.468 through 9.499 reserved for expansion.

ARTICLE 9.5 GENERAL DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

SECTION 9.501 DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS MATRIX

City Staff will publish a Development Standards Matrix which will contain general development standards contained in this Article and in Article 9.4 of the Lowell Land Development Code. This matrix is intended to provide easy reference to adopted development standards and a reference to the specific sections that establish the standards. The Matrix shall be updated when code amendments are adopted.

SECTION 9.502 DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

In addition to the development standards specified for each zoning district, there are many standards that apply in more than one district. The following Sections specify development standards applicable within any zoning district in the City of Lowell.

SECTION 9.503 PLAN CONFORMANCE

All developments within the City shall conform to any approved development plan adopted by the City. Developments located within an area that has an approved plan shall comply with the design and construction standards of that approved plan in addition to those contained in this Code. In cases of conflict, the approved plan shall control.

SECTION 9.504 HEIGHT STANDARDS

Building height standards are specified in each Zoning District.

SECTION 9.505 BUILDING HEIGHT EXCEPTIONS

Vertical projections such as chimneys, spires, domes, elevator shaft housings, towers aerials, flagpoles, and similar objects not used for human occupancy shall not exceed the building height limitations of this Code by more than ten (10) feet.

SECTION 9.506 BUILDING PROJECTION EXCEPTIONS

Architectural features such as cornices, eaves, canopies, sunshades, gutters, chimneys and flues shall not project more than 30 inches into a required yard.
SECTION 9.507 LOT SIZE

Lot size standards are specified in each Zoning District. Area required for panhandle and easement access shall not be included in the minimum lot size calculations for any lot.

SECTION 9.508 LOT SIZE EXCEPTIONS

If a lot as recorded in the office of the County Assessor at the time of passage of this Code, has an area or dimension which does not comply with the lot size requirements of the district in which the property is located, the property may be occupied by a use permitted in the district subject to the other requirements of the district. If there is an area deficiency, residential use shall be limited to a single-family dwelling or to the number of dwelling units consistent with the lot-area-per-dwelling-unit requirement of the district.

SECTION 9.509 YARD SETBACKS

Yard setback standards are specified in each Zoning District.

SECTION 9.510 YARD SETBACK EXCEPTIONS

(a) No building shall be erected on a lot which abuts a street having only a portion of its required right-of-way (ROW) dedicated, unless, the yard setbacks are increased to accommodate the required ROW plus the required yard setback.

(b) The Planning Commission may require additional setbacks, street right-of-way dedications and street improvements for development projects which are required to be submitted for review and approval.

(c) The Planning Commission may reduce the required yard setbacks for special and unusual site conditions in conformance with Section 9.252, Variances where compliance with the setback provisions of this Code would create an undue or unnecessary hardship.

SECTION 9.511 DRAINAGEWAY SETBACKS

(a) The shore of Dexter Reservoir and any year-round flowing streams shall have a minimum setback of 25 feet from the top of each bank. Additional setbacks may be required for riparian areas and wetlands existing along the shore of Dexter Reservoir and such streams. Alteration of these areas by grading or placement of structures or impervious surfaces is prohibited unless approved by the City in accordance with the procedures of city ordinances and state law.

(b) All other drainageways and watercourses identified as significant by the City shall have a setback of 15 feet from the center of the drainageway. Additional setbacks may be required for identified wetlands. Alteration of these areas by grading or placement of structures or impervious surfaces is prohibited unless approved by the City in accordance with the procedures of city ordinances and state law.
SECTION 9.512 COMMERCIAL & INDUSTRIAL SETBACKS

In Commercial or Industrial districts where an interior yard is not required and a structure is not located at the property line, it shall be set back at least five (5) feet from the property line to accommodate access to the building.

SECTION 9.513 PARKING

For each new structure or use, each structure or use increased in area and each change in the use of an existing structure there shall be provided and maintained off-street parking areas in conformance with the provisions of this section.

(a) Design and Improvement Requirements for Parking Lots:

(1) All parking areas and driveway approaches shall be surfaced with a minimum of two inches asphaltic concrete or four inches Portland Cement Concrete over approved base unless other methods are approved by the City. Under specified conditions the City may defer paving and permit gravel parking areas as a temporary use.

(2) For Commercial and Industrial uses, service drives and parking spaces on surfaced parking lots shall be clearly and permanently marked. Handicapped Parking must comply with the Oregon Structural Specialty Code.

(3) Parking areas for other than single-family and two-family dwellings shall be served by a service driveway and turnaround so that no backing movements or other maneuvering shall occur within a street other than an alley. Design for parking lots shall conform to the Parking Diagram contained in Figure 9.5-1. Two-way driveways shall have a minimum width of 20 feet and a maximum width of 30 feet. One-way driveways shall have a minimum width of 12 feet and a maximum width of 16 feet.

(4) A Parking space shall conform to the Parking Diagram contained in Figure 9.5-1.

(5) The outer boundary and all landscaped islands of a parking area shall be contained by a 6” high curb for protection of landscaping, pedestrian walkways and to contain rainwater runoff. No motor vehicle shall project over the property line.

(6) All parking areas, except those in conjunction with a single family or two-family dwelling, shall have adequate drainage to dispose of the run-off generated by the impervious surface area of the parking area. On-site collection of drainage water shall not allow sheet flow of water onto sidewalks, public right-of-ways or abutting property and shall detain out-flow velocities to that of undeveloped land. On-site drainage must be approved by the City.

(7) Service driveways to off-street parking areas shall be designed and constructed to facilitate the flow of traffic, provide maximum safety of traffic access and egress, and maximum safety of pedestrian and vehicular traffic on the site. The number of service driveways shall be limited to the minimum that will allow the property to
accommodate and service the traffic anticipated. Service driveways connected to County roads must be approved and permitted by Lane County Public Works

(8) All off-street parking areas within or abutting residential districts or uses shall be provided with a sight-obscuring fence, wall or hedge as approved by the City to minimize disturbances to adjacent residents.

(b) Location Standards for Parking Lots:

(1) Required off-street parking shall be provided on the development site unless a Variance is approved by the City or in the case of the Downtown Commercial Zone, a master parking plan has been developed or the applicant has demonstrated that adequate public parking is available.

(2) Off-street parking areas may be located in a required yard required setback provided a 5 foot wide landscaped buffer and screening, as in Section 9.528 (d), is maintained at the property line. Driveways may be used for off-street parking for single-family and two-family dwellings only.

(c) Required parking spaces shall be available for the parking of operable motor vehicles for residents, customers, patrons and employees only and shall not be used for storage of vehicles, trucks, or materials used in the business, or for repair or servicing.

(d) Provisions for and maintenance of off-street parking spaces are continuing obligations of the property owner. No building permit or other approvals shall be issued until plans are presented that show the complete parking layout. The subsequent use of property for which approval is granted shall be conditional upon the unqualified continuance and availability of the amount of parking space required by this Code.

(e) Should the owner or occupant of a lot or building change the use of the property to a use which increases the off-street parking requirements, it shall be unlawful and a violation of this Code to begin to maintain such altered use until the required increase in off-street parking is provided.

(f) In the event several uses occupy a single structure or property, the total requirements for off-street parking shall be the sum of the requirements of the several uses computed separately.

(g) Owners of two or more uses, structures or properties may agree to use the same parking spaces jointly provided the off-street parking is the sum of the requirements of the several uses. If the hours of operation do not overlap, the parking requirement shall be for the highest use. An agreement shall be submitted and approved by the Planning Commission for the cooperative use of the parking facilities.

(h) A plan, drawn to scale, indicating how the off-street parking requirements are to be fulfilled, shall accompany all requests for City approval or a Building Permit.
(i) Parking lots shall be provided with landscaping as provided in Section 9.528 (d) and other suitable devices in order to divide the parking lot into sub-units to provide for pedestrian safety, traffic control, and to improve the appearance of the parking lot.

(j) Off-street parking spaces shall be required as defined in Section 9.514. Fractional space requirements shall be counted as a whole space. When square feet are utilized to determine the required parking spaces, the area measured shall be the gross floor area of the building primary to the use but shall exclude any area within a building used for off-street parking, loading, or service functions not primary to the use. When the requirements are based on the number of employees, the number counted shall be those working on the premises during the largest shift at peak season.

### SECTION 9.514 OFF-STREET PARKING REQUIREMENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>USE</th>
<th>SPACE REQUIREMENT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Residential</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(1) One and two family dwellings</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Studio</td>
<td>Space for one car per unit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 Bedroom</td>
<td>Space for one car per unit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 Bedroom</td>
<td>Space for two cars per unit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3+ Bedroom</td>
<td>Space for two cars per unit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(2) Multiple family dwellings</td>
<td>1.5 Spaces per unit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(3) Rooming or boarding house, Transient Lodging</td>
<td>Spaces equal to 80% of the number of guest accommodations plus one additional space for each owner, manager or employee.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Institutional</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(1) Convalescent hospital, nursing home, sanitarium rest home, home for the aged</td>
<td>One space per three beds for patients or residents</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Place of Public Assembly</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(1) Church bench length in the main of floor area of main</td>
<td>One space per four seats or eight feet of auditorium, or one space for each 35 sq. ft. auditorium not containing fixed seats</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(2) Library, reading room</td>
<td>One space per 400 sq. ft. of floor area plus one space per two employees</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
(3) Pre-school nursery, kindergarten

Two spaces per teacher

(4) Elementary, junior or high school

One space per classroom plus one space per administrative employee or one space per four seats or eight ft. of bench length in the auditorium or assembly room, whichever is greater

(5) Other public assembly or meeting rooms

One space per six seats or eight feet of bench length, or one space for each 35 s/f of floor area for assembly room not containing fixed seats

d) Commercial

(1) Retail stores except as otherwise specified below

One space per 300 s/ft. of floor area designated for retail sales

(2) Service or repair shop, retail store exclusively handling bulky merchandise such as automobiles and furniture.

One space per 600 s/ft. of floor area

(3) Banks and Offices

One space per 400 s/ft. of floor area

(4) Medical and dental clinic

One space per 300 s/ft. of floor area plus one space per two employees

(5) Eating or drinking establishment

One space per 100 s/ft. of customer access area

e) Industrial

(1) Storage warehouse, manufacturing establishment, rail or trucking freight terminal

One space per employee

(2) Wholesale establishment per 700 square feet of patron

One space per employee plus one space serving area
(f) **Unspecified Uses**

Any use not specifically listed in this section shall have a parking requirement determined by the Planning Commission, based on the parking space requirements for comparable uses listed in this section.

**SECTION 9.515 TRANSPORTATION STANDARDS**

Until such time as a formal Transportation System Plan is completed and adopted by the City of Lowell which addresses and conforms with the State of Oregon Transportation Planning Rule, the development standards for transportation contained in Sections 9.515 through 9.519 shall apply.

(a) The Lowell Master Road Plan shall be a guide in determining the location of required right-of-way dedications. The Planning Commission may require other right-of-way dedications when needed to provide for public access and construction of public utilities for proposed new developments.

(b) Standards for Development of Transportation infrastructure within the City of Lowell are contained in the adopted Standards for Public. The standards contained in Sections 9.515 through 9.519 are in lieu of or in addition to those standards. Where a conflict arises, the standards contained in this code apply.

**SECTION 9.516 ACCESS**

(a) Every property shall abut a street other than an alley for a minimum width of 16 feet, of which 12 feet must be paved, except where the City has approved an access to multiple lots sharing the same access in which case the total width must be at least 16 feet. No more than two properties may utilize the same access unless more are approved with the tentative plan.

(b) The following access alternatives to Panhandle properties may be approved by the City:

1. Approval of a single access road easement to serve proposed parcels. The City may require a provision for conversion to a dedicated public road right-of-way at some future date, in which case the easement shall have the same width as a required right-of-way.

2. Approval of a road right-of-way without providing the road improvements until the lots are developed. This places the burden for road improvements on the City although the City can assess all of the benefiting properties when improvements are provided in the future. As a condition of approval, the City may require an irrevocable Waiver of Remonstrance to be recorded with the property.

3. Approval of a private road. This approach should only be used for isolated short streets serving a limited number of sites and where future City street alignments will not be needed.
SECTION 9.517 STREETS

(a) Urban public street improvements including curbs, gutters and storm drainage are required for all land divisions and property development in the City of Lowell. Urban street improvements may be deferred by the City if there is not existing sidewalk or storm drain system to which connection can be made, conditional upon the responsible party agreeing to an irrevocable waiver of remonstrance to a future assessment at the time of construction of a sidewalk which is otherwise required to be constructed.

(b) The location and grade of streets shall be considered in their relation to existing and planned streets, topographical conditions, public convenience and safety, and to the proposed use of land to be served by the streets. The street system shall assure an adequate traffic circulation system with intersection angles, grades, tangents and curves appropriate for the traffic to be carried considering the terrain. The arrangement of streets shall either:

1. Provide for the continuation or appropriate extension of existing principal streets in the surrounding area; or
2. Conform to a plan for the neighborhood approved or adopted by the City to meet a particular situation where topographical or other conditions make continuance or conformance to existing streets impractical.

(c) Minimum right-of-way and roadway widths. Right-of-way widths and the paved width of streets and sidewalks shall be as prescribed in the City’s most current Standards for Public Improvements. Right-of-way widths may be reduced to that needed only for construction of streets and sidewalks if a minimum of a five foot utility easement is dedicated on both sides of the right-of-way.

(d) Where conditions, particularly topography or the size and shape of the tract make strict adherence to the standards difficult, narrower developed streets may be approved by elimination of parking on one or both sides of the street and/or elimination of sidewalks on one side of the street.

(e) Where topographical conditions necessitate cuts or fills for proper grading of streets, additional right-of-ways or slope easements may be required.

(f) Reserve Strips: A reserve strip is a 1 foot strip of land at the end of a right-of-way extending the full width of the right-of-way used to control access to the street. Reserve strips will not be approved unless necessary for the protection of the public welfare or of substantial property rights. The control of the land comprising such strips shall be placed within the jurisdiction of the City by deed under conditions approved by the City. In addition, a barricade shall be constructed at the end of the street by the land divider which shall not be removed until authorized by the City. The cost shall be included in the street construction costs by the land divider.

(g) Alignment: As far as is practicable, streets shall be in alignment with existing streets by continuations of the center lines thereof. Staggered street alignment resulting in "T"
intersections shall, wherever practical, leave a minimum distance of 260 feet between the center lines of streets having approximately the same direction.

(h) Future Extensions of Streets: Where necessary to give access to or permit a satisfactory future division of adjoining land, streets shall be extended to the boundary of the subdivisions or partition and the resulting dead-end streets may be approved with a turn-around instead of a cul-de-sac. Reserve strips and street plugs may be required to preserve the objectives of street extensions.

(i) Intersection Angles: Streets shall be laid out to intersect at angles as near to right angles as practical except where topography require a lesser angle, but in no case shall the acute angle be less than 60 degrees unless there is a special intersection design.

(j) Existing Streets: Whenever existing streets adjacent to or within a tract are of inadequate width, additional right-of-way shall be provided at the time of approval of the land division or land use approval.

(k) Half Street: Half streets, while generally not acceptable, may be approved where essential to the reasonable development of the subdivision or partition when in conformity with the other requirements of these regulations and when the Planning Commission finds it will be practical to require the dedication of the other half when the adjoining property is divided. Whenever a half street is adjacent to a tract to be divided, the other half of the street shall be provided within such tract. Reserve strips and street plugs may be required to preserve the objectives of half streets.

(l) Cul-de-sacs: A cul-de-sac should have a maximum length of 500 feet but may be longer where unusual circumstances exist. A cul-de-sac shall terminate with a circular or hammerhead turn-around.

(m) Street Names: Except for extensions of existing streets, no street name shall be used which will duplicate or be confused with the name of an existing street. Street names and numbers shall conform to the established pattern in the City and shall be subject to the approval of the City.

(n) Street Name Signs: Street name signs shall be installed at all street intersections to City standards.

(o) Street Lights: Street lights shall be installed to City standards and shall be served from an underground utility.

(p) Traffic Signs/Signals: Where a proposed intersection will result in the need for street signals to serve the increased traffic generated by the proposed development, they shall be provided by the developer or land divider and the costs shall be born by the developer or land divider unless an equitable means of cost distribution is approved by the City.

(q) Private Streets: Private streets are permitted within Planned Developments, Manufactured Home Parks, singularly owned developments of sufficient size to warrant interior circulation on private streets or on small developments where integration into the public road system is impractical. Design standards shall be the same as those required for
public streets unless approved otherwise by the City. The City shall require verification of legal requirements for the continued maintenance of private streets.

(r) Mail Boxes: Provisions for mail boxes shall be provided in all residential developments where mail service is provided. Mail box structures shall be placed as recommended by the Post Office having jurisdiction and shall be noted on the plan.

(s) Clear Vision Areas: In all districts a clear vision area shall be maintained at the corners of all property located at the intersection of two streets or a street-alley. A clear vision area shall also be maintained at all driveways intersecting a street. See Figure 9.5-2

   (1) All properties shall maintain a clear triangular area at street intersections, alley-street intersections and driveway-street intersections for safety vision purposes. The two sides of the triangular area shall be 15 feet in length along the edge of roadway at all street intersections and 10 feet in length at all alley-street intersections and driveway-street intersections. Where streets intersect at less than 30 degrees, the triangular sides shall be increased to 25 feet in length. The third side of the triangle shall be a line connecting the two exterior sides.

   (2) A clear vision area shall contain no plantings, fences, walls, structures, or temporary or permanent obstruction exceeding 3 feet in height, measured from the top of the curb, or, where no curb exists, from the established street center line grade. Trees exceeding this height may be located in this area, provided all branches or foliage are removed to a height of 8 feet above grade.

SECTION 9.518 SIDEWALKS

Public sidewalk improvements are required for all land divisions and property development in the City of Lowell. Sidewalks may be deferred by the City where future road or utility improvements will occur and on property in the rural fringe of the City where urban construction standards have not yet occurred. The property owner is obligated to provide the sidewalk when requested by the City or is obligated to pay their fair share if sidewalks are installed by the City at a later date. An irrevocable Waiver of Remonstrance shall be recorded with the property to guarantee compliance with this requirement.

(a) Sidewalks shall be constructed within the street right-of-way. Sidewalk easements shall only be accepted where the City determines that full right-of-way acquisition is impractical.

(b) Sidewalks shall connect to and align with existing sidewalks. Sidewalks may transition to another alignment as part of the approval process.

(c) The City may approve alternate sidewalk alignments and widths to accommodate obstructions that cannot be altered.

(d) Sidewalks in residential areas shall be a minimum of five (5) feet in width and shall be installed adjacent to the curb unless a planter strip of at least four (4) feet in width is approved adjacent to the curb where sufficient right-of-way is available.
(e) Sidewalks adjacent to Major Collector or Arterial Streets are required and shall be a minimum of five (5) feet in width separated by a planter strip of five (5) feet in width adjacent to the curb. Sidewalks may be approved adjacent to the curb where direct access is required. Sidewalks adjacent to the curb shall be a minimum of seven (7) feet in width or a minimum of ten (10) feet in width adjacent to Commercial properties. Planter openings adjacent to the curb are encouraged within the ten (10) foot wide walks.

(f) Planter strips and the remaining right-of-way shall be landscaped and incorporated as part of the front yard of adjacent property.

(g) Mid-block Sidewalks. The City may require mid-block sidewalks for long blocks or to provide access to schools, parks shopping centers, public transportation stops or other community services. Mid-block sidewalks shall be raised and shall be 6 feet in width.

(h) Internal pedestrian circulation shall be provided within new office parks and commercial developments by clustering buildings and construction of accessways.

SECTION 9.519 BIKEWAYS

Bikeways are required along Arterial and Major Collector streets. Currently the only Bikeway requirements are those required by the County as a part of the County owned Major Collector streets within the City. Future requirements for Bikeways may be addressed at such time that a Transportation System Plan (TTSP) is completed for the City, but until specific Bikeway requirements are adopted, travel lanes of all streets that do not require Bikeways are approved for joint use with bicycles.

SECTION 9.520 STORM DRAINAGE

Until completion of a Storm Drainage Master Plan for the City of Lowell, Section IV, of the Standards for Public Improvements and the following shall apply. In the event of a conflict, the following takes precedence.

(a) General Provisions. It is the obligation of the property owner to provide proper drainage and protect all runoff and drainage ways from disruption or contamination. On-site and off-site drainage improvements may be required. Property owners shall provide proper drainage and shall not direct drainage across another property except as a part of an approved drainage plan. Paving, roof drains and catch basin outflows may require detention ponds or cells and discharge permits. Maintaining proper drainage is a continuing obligation of the property owner. The City will approve a development request only where adequate provisions for storm and flood water run-off have been made as determined by the City. The storm water drainage system must be separate and independent of any sanitary sewerage system. Inlets should be provided so surface water is not carried across any intersection or allowed to flood any street. Surface water drainage patterns and proposed storm drainage must be shown on every development plan submitted for approval. All proposed drainage systems must be approved by the City as part of the review and approval process.
(b) Urban level inlets, catch basins, and drainage pipe improvements are required for all land divisions and property development in the City of Lowell. Urban storm drainage systems may be deferred by the City in lieu of a rural system of culverts and open drainageways.

(c) Natural Drainageways. Open natural drainageways of sufficient width and capacity to provide for flow and maintenance are permitted and encouraged. For the purposes of this Section, an open natural drainageway is defined as a natural path which has the specific function of transmitting natural stream water or storm water run-off from a point of higher elevation to a point of lower elevation. Significant natural drainageways shall be protected as a linear open space feature wherever possible and shall be protected from pollutants and sediments. A 15 foot setback is required from the centerline of any significant drainageway.

(d) Easements. Where a land division is traversed by a water course, drainageway, channel or stream, there shall be provided a public storm water easement or drainage right-of-way conforming substantially with the lines of such water course and such further width as the City determines will be adequate for conveyance and maintenance. Improvements to existing drainageways may be required of the property owner. The property owner is also responsible for the continuing maintenance and protection of natural drainageways.

(e) Accommodation of Upstream Drainage. A culvert or other drainage facility shall be large enough to accommodate potential run-off from its entire upstream drainage area, whether inside or outside of the development. The City must review and approve the necessary size of the facility, based on sound engineering principles and assuming conditions of maximum potential watershed development permitted by the Comprehensive Plan.

(f) Effect on Downstream Drainage. Where it is anticipated by the City that the additional run-off resulting from the development will overload an existing drainage facility, the City may deny approval of the development unless mitigation measures have been approved.

(g) Drainage Management Practices. Developments within the City must employ drainage management practices approved by the City. The City may limit the amount and rate of surface water run-off into receiving streams or drainage facilities by requiring the use of one or more of the following practices:

1. Temporary ponding or detention of water to control rapid runoff;
2. Permanent storage basins;
3. Minimization of impervious surfaces;
4. Emphasis on natural drainageways;
5. Prevention of water flowing from the development in an uncontrolled fashion;
(6) Stabilization of natural drainageways as necessary below drainage and culvert discharge points for a distance sufficient to convey the discharge without channel erosion;

(7) Runoff from impervious surfaces must be collected and transported to a natural drainage facility with sufficient capacity to accept the discharge; and

(8) Other practices and facilities designed to transport storm water and improve water quality.

(h) NPDES Permit Required. A National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit must be obtained from the Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) for construction activities (including clearing, grading, and excavation) that disturb one or more acres of land.

SECTION 9.521 WATER

(a) All new development must connect to the public water system unless specifically approved otherwise as a part of a development approval for parcels exceeding 5 acres in size after division for which the public water system is located further than 300 feet from any property line. All water line extensions, required fire hydrants, and related appurtenances shall be installed and paid for by the developer unless the City has approved otherwise as a part of the tentative plan decision process.

(b) All public water system improvements shall comply with Section II of the City’s Standard for Public Improvements, dated September 1994. The City may modify those requirements upon a recommendation by the City Engineer in the event of special circumstances.

(c) Water Line Extensions. Water distribution lines must be extended along the full length of the property's frontage along the right-of-way or to a point identified by the City Administrator as necessary to accommodate likely system expansion. Water line extensions may be required through the interior of properties, within dedicated public utility easements, when necessary to provide for service to other properties or to provide system looping for fire flows. All public water system line extensions shall have a minimum 6 inch diameter unless a smaller size is recommended by the City Engineer and approved by the City. The City Engineer may also require a larger size if needed to extend transmission capacity or for fire hydrant flow where looping is not available.

(d) Water Plan Approval. All proposed plans for extension and installation of the public water system must be approved by the City as part of the tentative plan review and approval process.

(e) Restriction of Development. The Planning Commission or City Council may limit or deny development approvals where a deficiency exists in the water system or portion thereof which will not be corrected as a part of the proposed development improvements.
SECTION 9.522 SANITARY SEWER

(a) All new development must extend and connect to the public sewer system unless specifically approved otherwise as a part of a development approval for parcels exceeding 5 acres in size after division for which the public sewer system is located further than 300 feet from any property line. All sewer line extensions, manholes, required lift stations and related appurtenances shall be installed and paid for by the developer unless the City has approved otherwise as a part of the tentative plan decision process.

(b) All public sewer system improvements shall comply with Section III of the City’s Standards for Public Improvements, dated September 1994. The City may modify those requirements upon a recommendation by the City Engineer in the event of special circumstances.

(c) Sewer Line Extensions. Sewer collection lines must be extended along the full length of the property's frontage along the right-of-way or to a point identified by the City Administrator as necessary to accommodate likely system expansion.

(d) Sewer Plan Approval. All proposed sewer plans and systems must be approved by the City as part of the tentative plan review and approval process.

(e) Restriction of Development. The City may limit or deny development approvals where a deficiency exists in the sewer system or portion thereof which will not be corrected as a part of the development improvements.

SECTION 9.523 UTILITIES

(a) It is the policy of the City to place all utilities underground except as otherwise exempted below. Developers shall make all necessary arrangements with serving utility companies for installation of such utilities.

(b) Exceptions. The City may permit overhead utilities as a condition of approval where the Applicant can demonstrate one of the following conditions:

1. Underground utility locations are not feasible.
2. Temporary installations.
3. Major transmission facilities located within right-of-ways or easement
4. Surface mounted structures, substations or facilities requiring above ground locations by the serving utility.

SECTION 9.524 EASEMENTS

(a) Easements granting limited use of property for any defined purpose may be approved for any lot or parcel.

(b) Access easements may be approved by the City as provided in Section 9.516. The Planning Commission or City Council may require wider access easements if special circumstances exist.
(c) Utility easements shall be provided for sewers, water mains and public or private utilities necessary to provide full service to all developments. Land dividers shall show on the Tentative Plan and on the final Plat all easements and shall provide all dedications, covenants, conditions or restrictions with the Supplemental Data submitted for review. Minimum interior utility easements shall be 10 feet wide centered on lot or parcel lines where feasible. A wider easement may be required if multiple utilities will be utilizing the same easement or if topography dictates otherwise. An exterior utility easement adjacent to the public right-of-way will be required if at least five feet of unimproved public right-of-way is not available.

(d) Water Courses. If a tract is traversed by a water course such as a drainage way, channel or stream, there shall be provided a storm water easement or drainage right-of-way containing the top of bank, vegetative fringe, and such further width as will be adequate for protection and maintenance purposes. Culverts or other drainage facilities shall be sized to accommodate storm and flood run-off from the entire upstream drainage area at full build out and shall be verified and approved by the City.

SECTION 9.525 BLOCKS

(a) General: The length, width, and shape of blocks shall be designed with regard to providing adequate building sites for the use contemplated; consideration of needs for convenient access, circulation, control, and safety of street traffic including pedestrian and bicyclist, and recognition of limitations and opportunities of topography.

(b) Size: A block shall have sufficient depth to provide for two tiers of building sites. Unless topography, development obstructions, or the location of adjoining streets justifies an exception, block sizes shall not exceed 400 feet unless alternative pedestrian and bicycle access ways are provided.

(c) Large Lot or Parcel Block Configurations: In dividing tracts into large rural lots or parcels which at some future time are likely to be re-divided, the Planning Commission may require that the blocks or sites be of such size and shape to provide for extension and opening of streets at intervals which will permit a subsequent division of any tract into lots or parcels of smaller urban size.

(d) Traffic Circulation: Blocks shall be laid out to provide safe, convenient, and direct vehicle, bicycle and pedestrian access to nearby residential areas, neighborhood activity centers, commercial areas, and industrial areas; and to provide safe convenient and direct traffic circulation.

SECTION 9.526 BUILDING SITES

Size and shape: The size, width, shape and orientation of building sites shall be appropriate for the location and use contemplated, and shall comply with the standards of the Zoning District and the other standards of Article 9.5 specified herein.
(a) Depth and width of properties reserved or laid out for commercial and industrial purposes shall be adequate to provide for the off-street service and parking facilities required by the type of use and development contemplated.

(b) Existing lots or parcels smaller than City standards may be maintained as a conforming use within the district. Damaged buildings or structures may be restored to their previous use. Destroyed buildings may be replaced in conformance with this Code.

(c) Large Lots or Parcels:
   (1) Large lots or parcels which may be further divided into smaller lots in the future shall be of such size and shape that will accommodate the efficient provision of future streets and lots or parcels of smaller sizes. The land division request may be denied if the proposed lots or parcels do not provide for efficient future divisions and streets.
   (2) Large lot or parcel plans must show by dash lines future potential divisions to minimum Code standards prior to approval. Building locations must be within the proposed minimum property lines and setback standards specified herein to facilitate an orderly division and use of the property in the future. Large lot or parcel divisions shall also show future urban street alignments and easements in addition to future urban lot lines on the Tentative Plan.

(d) Through Lots and Parcels: Through lots and parcels shall be avoided except where they are essential to the intended use.

(e) Lot and Parcel Side Lines: The lines of lots and parcels, as far as is practicable, shall run at right angles to the street upon which they face, except that on curved streets they shall be radial to the curve.

(f) Building Lines: If special building setback lines are to be established in a land division, they shall be shown on the subdivision or partition Tentative Plan and on the Final Plat.

SECTION 9.527 GRADING

General grading shall conform to Lowell Ordinance 227, Section 2, Excavation and Grading Building Code, and the following standards unless engineered and approved by the City.

(a) Cut slopes shall not exceed one and one-half feet horizontally to one foot vertically.

(b) Fill slopes shall not exceed two feet horizontally to one foot vertically.

(c) The type and characteristics of imported fill soils shall be the same or compatible with the existing soils on the site.

(d) Fills for streets and building sites shall be engineered and approved by the City.

(e) All sites shall be graded to direct storm water to City storm sewers or to natural drainage ways.

SECTION 9.528 LANDSCAPING

All yard setbacks and parking areas shall be landscaped in accordance with the following requirements:
(a) General Provisions.

(1) Landscaping shall primarily consist of ground cover, trees, shrubs or other living plants with sufficient irrigation to properly maintain all vegetation. Decorative design elements such as fountains, pools, benches, sculptures, planters, fences and similar elements may be placed within the area.

Exceptions: Undeveloped properties or the undeveloped portion of large properties exceeding 4,000 square feet in area are exempt from the landscape requirements specified herein provided the lot or area is maintained so weeds and wild vegetation does not adversely affect adjacent developed properties. Removal of noxious weeds and vegetation will be enforced through the City's Nuisance Ordinance.

(2) Provisions for landscaping, screening and maintenance are a continuing obligation of the property owner. All required landscaped areas shall be cleared of unwanted vegetation and weeds at least once a year prior to July. Dead landscape plantings shall be replaced by April of the following year.

(3) Landscape plans for proposed new industrial, commercial or residential developments shall be included with the site plans submitted to the City for approval. Trees exceeding 10 inches in diameter, plantings and special site features shall be shown on all submitted plans and shall clearly indicate items proposed to be removed and those intended to be preserved.

(b) Yard Setbacks and Open Space.

(1) All required street facing exterior yard setbacks in each land use district and the entire open space of all commercial, and multiple-family dwelling sites exclusive of walks, drives, parking areas and buildings shall be landscaped and permanently maintained.

(2) Commercial and industrial developments abutting residential properties shall have their yard setbacks landscaped and/or fenced to protect the abutting residential properties.

(c) Fences:

(1) Residential fences, hedges and walls may be located within yard setbacks. Height is limited to 6 feet in required side, rear or interior yards, 3 feet in any required front yard or 4 feet if the top 1 foot of the fence is is 75% open, and 3 feet in height in a Vision Clearance Area. Commercial or industrial properties may have 8 foot high fences except in a street facing front yard setback.

(2) Materials. Residential fences and walls shall not be constructed of or contain any material which would do bodily harm such as electric, barbed or razor wire, broken glass, spikes, or any other hazardous or dangerous materials. Commercial or industrial properties may have barbed wire at the top of fences over 6 feet in height.

(3) Sight-obscuring fences, walls or landscaping may be required to screen objectionable activities as part of the City's review and approval process. Sight-
obscuring means 75% opaque when viewed from any angle at a point 25 feet away. Vegetative materials must be evergreen species that meet this standard year-round within 3 years of planting.

(4) Maintenance. Fences shall be structurally maintained in a safe condition of repair and shall not lean over an adjoining property or sidewalk, have missing sections or slats, or broken supports.

(d) Parking Areas:

(1) Parking lots shall be screened from abutting residential districts by a combination of fences, walls, and landscaping adequate to screen lights, provide privacy and separation for the abutting residential districts

(2) Parking lots shall have curbed landscaped islands and trees at the ends of parking rows to facilitate movement of traffic and to break large areas of parking surface. The minimum dimension of the landscaped area excluding the curbs shall be 3 feet and the landscaping shall be protected from vehicular damage by wheel guards.

(3) Parking lots containing more than 20 parking spaces shall have a minimum of 5 percent of the area devoted to vehicular circulation and parking areas in landscaping and trees. Landscaping shall be evenly distributed throughout the parking lot and long rows of parking spaces shall be interrupted by landscaped islands. The 5 percent landscaping shall be within or abutting the parking area and shall be in addition to the required landscaped yard setbacks

(e) Service Facilities:

Garbage collection areas and service facilities located outside the building shall be screened from public view and landscaped.

SECTION 9.529 EXTERIOR LIGHTING

Exterior lighting should be provided in parking lots and may be provided elsewhere. All exterior lighting shall be designed and installed to the following standards:

(a) Uplighting is prohibited. Externally lit signs, displays, building and aesthetic lighting must be lit from the top and shine downward. The only exception to this requirement is for lighting of a flag pole. The lighting must be shielded to prevent direct glare and/or light trespass. The lighting must also be contained to the target area.

(b) All exterior lights shall be designed, located, installed and directed in such a manner as to prevent glare across the property lines.

(c) All exterior building lighting for security or aesthetics will be full cut-off or shielded type, not allowing any upward distribution of light.

(d) For purposes of this subsection:

(1) “Glare” means light that causes annoyance, discomfort, or loss of visual performance and ability.

(2) “Uplighting” means any light source that distributes illumination above a 90 degree horizontal plane.

(e) Pre-existing non-conforming lighting may be required to be brought into compliance upon a determination by the City Administrator that such non-conforming lighting is a nuisance.
SECTION 9.530 SIGNS

(a) General Sign Provisions:

(1) No sign shall, by its light, brilliance, type, design, or character, create a public or private nuisance. The use of flashing or rotating lights is prohibited.

(2) Each sign or outdoor advertising display shall be located on the same site as the use it identifies or advertises or have Conditional Use approval from the City.

(3) No sign shall be constructed or erected such that the vision clearance area or other areas necessary for a safe sight distance by the traveling public would be inhibited or impaired.

(b) Perimeter Street Signs:
One sign oriented toward off-site traffic may be provided on-site at each public access point from a city, county or state road. Such signs shall comply with the following requirements:

(a) Shall not exceed thirty-two (32) square feet in area;

(b) Shall not exceed four (4) feet in height;

(c) Shall use materials and design elements which are complimentary to those used in development.

(d) May be internally illuminated. When a sign is internally illuminated, including awnings and canopies, the sign copy shall be lighter than the sign background. The background shall use a predominance of deep-toned colors or shall be opaque when the light source is on.

(3) Building Signs:
The sign area, location on the building, number of signs, and size of the copy used shall be determined in consideration of the following factors:

(1) The relationship of the building to the road on site circulation.

(2) The use and location of ground-mounted signs identifying the premises.

(3) The amount of signing for the use which can be seen from a given direction.

(4) The size and design of the building elevation on which the sign would be placed.

(d) Residential Signs and Name Plates:
One name plate not exceeding one 1.5 square foot in area, placed flat against the building for each dwelling or Home Occupation as defined in this ordinance. One non illuminated temporary sign not exceeding five (5) square feet in area for the lease,
rental or sale of the building or premises on which it is located.

**SECTIONS 9.531 through 9.599 reserved for expansion.**

**ARTICLE 9.6 SPECIAL DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS**

**SECTION 9.601 SPECIAL DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS, GENERAL.**

This article establishes special development standards unique to land with specific development constraints. Standards are established for the following development constraints:

(a) Wetlands Development, Section 9.610
(b) Flood Hazard Development, Section 9.620
(c) Hillside Development, Section 9.630

**SECTIONS 9.602 through 9.609 reserved for expansion.**

**SECTION 9.610 WETLANDS DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS.**

Wetlands are defined as those areas that are inundated or saturated often enough to support a prevalence of vegetation adapted for life in standing water or saturated soil. Wetlands include swamps, bogs, marshes and similar areas.

(a) **Regulation.** Development within wetlands is prohibited unless replacement or enhancement mitigation is accepted by the regulatory agencies. The Oregon Division of State Lands (DSL) is the coordinating agency for wetland permits. The US Army Corp of Engineers (Corps) is the federal regulatory agency administering Section 404 of the National Clean Waters Act. There are also other state and federal coordinating agencies including DLCD.

(b) **Notice.** ORS 227.350 specifies that cities shall provide notice of proposed wetlands development to the Division of State Lands (DSL). The City shall provide notice to the DSL, the applicant and the owner of record, within 5 working days of the acceptance of any complete application for the following activities that are wholly or partially within areas identified as wetlands on the State-wide Inventory of Wetlands or have been identified in any known wetlands study as possibly containing wetlands.

(1) Subdivisions;
(2) Building permits for new structures;
(3) Other development permits and approvals that allow physical alteration to the land involving excavation and grading, including permits for removal or fill, or both;
(4) Conditional use permits and variances that involve physical alterations to the land or construction of new structures; and
(5) Planned unit development approvals.

(c) The provisions of Section 9.610 (b) do not apply if a permit from DSL has been issued for the proposed activity.
(d) Approval of any activity described in Section 9.610 (b) shall include one of the following notice statements:

1. Issuance of a permit under ORS 196.600 to 196.905 by DSL is required for the project before any physical alteration takes place within the wetlands;
2. Notice from DSL that no permit is required; or
3. Notice from DSL that no permit is required until specific proposals to remove, fill or alter the wetlands are submitted.

(e) If DSL fails to respond to any notice provided under Subsection (2) of this section within 30 days of notice, the City approval may be issued with written notice to the applicant and the owner of record that the proposed action may require state or federal permits.

(f) The City may issue local approval for parcels identified as having potential wetlands on the State-wide Wetlands Inventory upon providing to the applicant and the owner of record of the affected parcel a written notice of the possible presence of wetlands and the potential need for state and federal permits. The City will provide DSL with a copy of the notification together with a map showing the property location.

(g) Notice of activities authorized within an approved wetland conservation plan shall be provided to the division within five days following local approval.

(h) Failure by the City to provide notice as required in this section will not invalidate City approval.

(i) Development Standards:

1. No building permits shall be issued within designated wetlands unless a permit has been acquired from DSL and any other regulatory agency having jurisdiction or documentation is provided indicating that no permit is required.
2. The City of Lowell shall not provide water and sewer service to any new structures or development which would encroach upon or adversely affect any designated wetlands within the Lowell City Limits or Urban Growth Boundary until the requirements of any permit are met. In the event that that water and sewer service are required before permit conditions such as mitigation, are accepted by the permitting agency, such service will only be provided on the condition that if permit conditions are not met, service will be terminated.

SECTIONS 9.611 through 9.619 reserved for expansion.

SECTION 9.620 FLOOD HAZARD DEVELOPMENT.

The City of Lowell’s only Floodplain area is along the shore of Dexter Reservoir and development in that area is restricted and controlled by the Corps of Engineers.

SECTION 9.621 PURPOSE.

(a) It is the purpose of this Code to minimize public and private losses due to flood
conditions in specific areas by provisions designed:

(1) To protect human life and health.
(2) To minimize expenditure of public money and costly flood control.
(3) To minimize the need for rescue and relief efforts associated with flooding and generally undertaken at the expense of the general public.
(4) To minimize prolonged business interruptions.
(5) To minimize damage to public facilities and utilities such as water and gas mains, electric telephone and sewer lines, streets and bridges located in areas of special flood hazard.
(6) To provide for the sound use and development of areas of special flood hazard so as to minimize future flood blight areas.
(7) To ensure that potential buyers are notified that property is in an area of special flood hazard.
(8) To ensure that those who occupy the areas of special flood hazard assume responsibility for their actions.

(b) In order to accomplish its purposes, this Code includes methods and provisions for:

(1) Restricting or prohibiting uses which are dangerous to health, safety, and property due to water or erosion hazards, or which result in damaging increases in erosion or in flood heights or velocities.
(2) Requiring that uses vulnerable to floods, including facilities which serve such uses, be protected against flood damage at the time of initial construction.
(3) Controlling the alteration of natural flood plains, stream channels, and natural protective barriers, which help accommodate or channel flood waters.
(4) Controlling filling, grading, dredging, and other development which may increase flood damage.
(5) Preventing or regulating the construction of flood barriers which will unnaturally divert flood waters or which may increase flood hazards in other areas.

SECTION 9.622 GENERAL PROVISIONS.

(a) This Section shall apply to all areas of special flood hazards within the jurisdiction of the City of Lowell. The degree of flood protection required by this Code is considered reasonable for regulatory purposes and is based on scientific and engineering considerations. Larger floods can and will occur on rare occasions. Flood heights may be increased by manmade or natural causes. This Code does not imply that land outside the areas of special flood hazards or uses permitted within such areas will be free from flooding or flood damages. This Code shall not create liability on the part of the City of Lowell, any officer or employee thereof, or the Federal Insurance Administration, for any flood damages that result from reliance on this Code or any administrative decision lawfully made thereunder.
(b) The areas of special flood hazard identified by the Flood Insurance Study for Lane County and incorporated areas and the Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) Number 41039C1695 F, dated June 2, 1999, and any revision thereto, are adopted by reference and declared to be a part of this Code.

(c) New development, including the construction of dwelling units and other structures, is not allowed on undeveloped properties within the 100 year floodplain as identified on FIRM, or as may be established on subsequent updates unless no practicable, non-floodplain sites are available. The burden of proof that such sites are not available rests with an applicant. A finding that no practicable, non-floodplain sites are available must be approved by the City Council to allow floodplain development.

(d) Exception to (c) above: New development of recreational facilities and commercial facilities along the shores of Dexter Reservoir under the control of the US Army Corps of Engineers for which a permit has been issued by the Corps, may be permitted conditional upon such development meeting the requirements of this section.

(e) Additional development and redevelopment of currently developed lots within the floodplain is permitted conditional upon such development meeting the requirements of this section.

(f) A Development Permit shall be required before construction or development begins within designated 100 year floodplain. The permit shall apply to all structures including manufactured dwellings and all other development including fill and other activities. The following additional information shall be submitted:

(1) Elevation in relation to mean sea level, of the lowest floor (including basement) of all structures.
(2) Elevation in relation to mean sea level to which any structure has been floodproofed.
(3) Certification by a registered professional engineer or architect that the floodproofing methods for any nonresidential structure meet the flood hazard development standards of this Section.
(4) Description of the extent to which any watercourse will be altered or relocated as a result of proposed development.

(g) The City Administrator is the Permit issuing authority. The issuing authority shall:

(1) Determine that the requirements of this Code have been satisfied.
(2) Determine that all necessary permits have been obtained from those federal, state or local governmental agencies from which prior approval is required.
(3) Review all development proposals to determine if proposed development adversely affects the flood carrying capacity of the area of special flood hazard. For the purposes of this Code, "adversely affects" means damage to adjacent properties because of rises in flood stages attributed to physical changes of the channel and the adjacent overbank areas.

   A. If it is determined that there is no adverse effect, then the proposal shall be granted consistent with provisions of this Code without further consideration of these effects.
B. If it is determined that there is an adverse effect, then flood damage mitigation measures shall be made a condition of the permit.

(4) When base flood elevation data has not been provided, the City Administrator shall obtain, review, and reasonably utilize any base flood elevation and floodway data available from a federal, state or other source, in order to administer this Section.

(5) Make interpretations where needed, as to exact location of the boundaries of the areas of special flood hazards (for example, where there appears to be a conflict between a mapped boundary and actual field conditions). The person contesting the location of the boundary shall be given a reasonable opportunity to appeal the interpretation. Such appeals shall be granted consistent with the standards of Section 60.6 of the rules and regulations of the National Flood Insurance Program (44 CFR 59-76).

(6) Notify adjacent communities and the Department of Land Conservation and Development prior to any alteration or relocation of a watercourse, and submit evidence of such notification to the Federal Insurance Administration.

(7) Require that maintenance is provided within the altered or relocated portion of said watercourse so that the flood carrying capacity is not diminished.

(8) Information to be obtained and maintained:
   A. Where base flood elevation data is provided through the Flood Insurance Study, obtain and record the actual elevation (in relation to mean sea level) of the lowest floor (including basement) of all new or substantially improved structures, and whether or not the structure contains a basement.
   B. For all new or substantially improved floodproofed structures:
      1. Verify and record the actual elevation (in relation to mean sea level), and;
      2. Maintain the floodproofing certifications required in Section 4.1 (3) of the NFIP.
   C. Maintain for public inspection all records pertaining to the provisions of this Code.

(g) In approving or disapproving a Flood Hazard development proposal, the deciding authority shall also consider all technical evaluations, all relevant factors, standards specified in other sections of this Code, and:

(1) The danger that materials may be swept onto other lands to the injury of others.
(2) The danger to life and property due to flooding or erosion damage.
(3) The susceptibility of the proposed facility and its contents to flood damage and the effect of such damage on the individual owner.
(4) The importance of the services provided by the proposed facility to the community.
(5) The necessity to the facility of a waterfront location, where applicable.
(6) The availability of alternative locations, for the proposed use which are not subject to flooding or erosion damage.
(7) The compatibility of the proposed use with existing and anticipated development.
(8) The relationship of the proposed use to the Comprehensive Plan and flood plain management program for that area.
(9) The safety of access to the property in times of flood for ordinary and emergency vehicles.
(10) The expected heights, velocity, duration, rate of rise, and sediment transport of the flood waters and the effects of wave action, if applicable, expected at the site.

(11) The costs of providing governmental services during and after flood conditions, including maintenance and repair of public utilities and facilities such as sewer, gas, electrical, and water systems, and streets and bridges.

(h) Flood Hazard Development Permit Fee Established.

(1) The City, by resolution, will establish fees for application and issue of floodplain and floodway development permits.

(2) If any development activity occurs prior to issuing a permit under this section, the fee for approval of the permit, after the fact, will be five (5) times the normal cost of the permit as established by resolution. If a permit is not subsequently issued, the property owner is responsible, in addition to the permit fee, for all costs to remove the development. If not approved, the development must be removed within 90 days of the date of notice of disapproval.

SECTION 9.623 FLOOD HAZARD DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS.

In all areas of special flood hazards the following standards are required:

(a) Anchoring

(1) All new construction and substantial improvements shall be anchored to prevent flotation, collapse or lateral movement of the structure.

(2) All manufactured dwellings must likewise be anchored to prevent flotation, collapse or lateral movement, and shall be installed using methods and practices that minimize flood damage. Anchoring methods may include, but are not limited to, use of over-the-top or frame ties to ground anchors (Reference FEMA's "Manufactured Dwelling Installation in Flood Hazard Areas" guidebook for additional techniques).

(b) Construction materials and methods

(1) All new construction and substantial improvements shall be constructed with materials and utility equipment resistant to flood damage.

(2) All new construction and substantial improvements shall be constructed using methods and practices that minimize flood damage.

(3) Electrical, heating, ventilation, plumbing, and air-conditioning equipment and other service facilities shall be designed and/or otherwise elevated or located so as to prevent water from entering or accumulating within the components during conditions of flooding.

(c) Utilities

(1) All new and replacement water supply systems shall be designed to minimize or eliminate infiltration of flood waters into the system.
(2) New and replacement sanitary sewage systems shall be designed to minimize or eliminate Infiltration of flood waters into the systems and discharge from the systems into flood waters.

(3) On-site waste disposal systems shall be located to avoid impairment to them or contamination from them during flooding.

d) Subdivision proposals

(1) All subdivision proposals shall be consistent with the need to minimize flood damage.

(2) All subdivision proposals shall have public utilities and facilities such as sewer, gas, electrical, and water systems located and constructed to minimize flood damage.

(3) All subdivision proposals shall have adequate drainage provided to reduce exposure to flood damage.

(4) Base flood elevation data shall be provided for subdivision proposals and other proposed development.

(e) Review of building permits

Where elevation data is not available either through the Flood Insurance Study or from another authoritative source, applications for building permits shall be reviewed to assure that proposed construction will be reasonably safe from flooding. The test of reasonableness is a local judgment and includes use of historical data, high water marks, photographs of past flooding, etc., where available. Failure to elevate at least two feet above grade in these Districts may result in higher insurance rates.

(f) Residential construction

(1) New construction and substantial improvement of any residential structure shall have the lowest floor, including basement, elevated to one foot or more above base flood elevation.

(2) Fully enclosed areas below the lowest floor that are subject to flooding are prohibited, or shall be designed to automatically equalize hydrostatic flood forces on exterior walls by allowing for the entry and exit of floodwaters. Designs for meeting this requirement must either be certified by a registered professional engineer or architect or must meet or exceed the following minimum criteria:

A. A minimum of two openings having a total net area of not less than one square inch for every square foot of enclosed area subject to flooding shall be provided.
B. The bottom of all openings shall be no higher than one foot above grade.
C. Openings may be equipped with screens, louvers, or other coverings or devices provided that they permit the automatic entry and exit of floodwaters.

(g) Nonresidential construction

New construction and substantial improvement of any commercial, industrial or other nonresidential structure shall either have the lowest floor, including basement, elevated to one foot or more above the base flood elevation; or, together with attendant utility and sanitary facilities, shall:
(1) Be floodproofed so that below the base flood level the structure is watertight with walls substantially impermeable to the passage of water.

(2) Have structural components capable of resisting hydrostatic and hydrodynamic loads and effects of buoyancy.

(3) Be certified by a registered professional engineer or architect that the design and methods of construction are in accordance with accepted standards of practice for meeting provisions of this subsection based on their development and/or review of the structural design, specifications and plans. Such certifications shall be provided to the Turner Planning Commission.

(4) Nonresidential structures that are elevated, not floodproofed, must meet the same standards for space below the lowest floor as described in Section 5.2-1(2) of the NFIP.

(5) Applicants floodproofing nonresidential buildings shall be notified that flood insurance premiums will be based on rates that are one foot below the floodproofed level (e.g. a building constructed to the base flood level will be rated as one foot below that level).

(h) Manufactured dwellings

All manufactured dwellings to be placed or substantially improved within Districts A1 through A30, AH, and AE shall be elevated on a permanent foundation such that the lowest floor of the manufactured dwelling is one foot or more above the base flood elevation and be securely anchored to an adequately anchored foundation system in accordance with the provisions of Section 9.923 (a) (2).

(i) Recreational Vehicles

Recreational vehicles placed on sites within Zones A1-30, AH, and AE on the community's FIRM either:

(1) Be on the site for fewer than 180 consecutive days.

(2) Be fully licensed and ready for highway use, on its wheels or jacking system, is attached to the site only by quick disconnect type utilities and security devices, and has on permanently attached additions; or

(3) Meet the requirements of (h) above and the elevation and anchoring requirements for manufactured dwellings.

(j) Placing Fill in the Floodplain

(1) Placing any amount of fill material within the floodplain or floodway in a manner that would alter the direction of stormwater flow or otherwise divert stormwater from its normal course requires review a flood hazard development permit.

(2) Notwithstanding subsection (1) above, placement of up to 50 cubic yards of fill, either temporarily or permanently, is allowed without a City permit if such fill just raises the land surface without diverting or altering flow but may require permits from other agencies. If there is any question as to impact on stormwater flow, subsection (1) above applies.
(3) A fill permit application will not be processed without a full explanation of the purpose of the fill, the maximum quantity of fill to be placed, the exact location of the proposed fill, and submission of a certificate by a registered professional engineer or registered architect demonstrating that the proposed fill will not increase flood levels during the occurrence of a base flood discharge or otherwise negatively impact the property of others.

(k) Floodways

Development within areas of special flood hazard designated as floodways is extremely hazardous due to the velocity of flood waters which carry debris, potential projectiles, and erosion potential, and the following additional provisions shall apply:

(1) Prohibit encroachments, including fill, new construction, substantial improvements, and other development unless certification by a registered professional engineer or architect is provided demonstrating that encroachments shall not result in any increase in flood levels during the occurrence of the base flood discharge.

(2) If item (1) above is satisfied, all new construction and substantial improvements shall comply with all other applicable flood hazard reduction provisions of this section.

In areas where a regulatory floodway has not been designated, no new construction, substantial improvements, or other development (including fill) shall be permitted within Zone AE on the FIRM, unless it is demonstrated that the cumulative effect of the proposed development, when combined with all other existing and anticipated development, will not increase the water surface elevation of the base flood more than one foot at any point within the community.

SECTION 9.624 FLOOD HAZARD DEFINITIONS.

Area Of Special Flood Hazard means the land in the flood plain within a community subject to a one percent or greater chance of flooding in any given year. Designation on maps always includes the letters A or V.

Base Flood means the flood having a one percent chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year. Also referred to as the "100-year flood." Designation on maps always includes the letters A or V.

Development means any man-made change to improved or unimproved real estate, including but not limited to buildings or other structures, mining, dredging, filling, grading, paving, excavation or drilling operations located within the area of special flood hazard.

Fill means any material deposited, excavated or moved upon property, including but not limited to, dirt, rocks and boulders, processed or unprocessed aggregate, asphalt or cement, logs or tree stumps or any other material that will displace water when deposited.

Flood Or Flooding means a general and temporary condition of partial or complete inundation of normally dry land areas from:
(1) The overflow of inland or tidal waters and/or
(2) The unusual and rapid accumulation of runoff of surface waters from any source.

**Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM)** means the official map on which the Federal Insurance Administration has delineated both the areas of special flood hazards and the risk premium zones applicable to the community.

**Flood Insurance Study** means the official report provided by the Federal Insurance Administration that includes flood profiles, the Flood Boundary-Floodway Map, and the water surface elevation of the base flood.

**Floodway** means the channel of a river or other watercourse and the adjacent land areas that must be reserved in order to discharge the base flood without cumulatively increasing the water surface elevation more than one foot.

**Lowest Floor** means the lowest floor of the lowest enclosed area (including basement). An unfinished or flood resistant enclosure, usable solely for parking of vehicles, building access or storage, in an area other than a basement area, is not considered a building’s lowest floor, provided that such enclosure is not built so as to render the structure in violation of the applicable non-elevation design requirements of this Code.

**Manufactured Dwelling** means a structure, transportable in one or more sections, which is built on a permanent chassis and is designed for use with or without a permanent foundation when connected to the required utilities. For flood plain management purposes the term "manufactured dwelling" does not include park trailers, travel trailers, and other similar vehicles.

**Manufactured Dwelling Park Or Subdivision** means a parcel (or contiguous parcels) or land divided into two or more manufactured dwelling lots for rent or sale.

**New Construction** means structures for which the "start of construction" commenced on or after the effective date of this Code.

**Start Of Construction** includes substantial improvement, and means the date the building permit was issued, provided the actual start of construction, repair, reconstruction, placement or other improvement was within 180 days of the permit date. The actual start means either the first placement of permanent construction of a structure on a site, such as the pouring of slab or footings, the installation of piles, the construction of columns, or any work beyond the stage of excavation; or the placement of a manufactured dwelling on a foundation. Permanent construction does not include land preparation, such as clearing, grading and filling; nor does it include the installation of streets and/or walkways; nor does it include excavation for a basement, footings, piers, or foundation or the erection of temporary forms; nor does it include the installation on the property of accessory buildings, such as garages or sheds not occupied as dwelling units or not part of the main structure.
Structure means a walled and roofed building including a gas or liquid storage tank that is principally above ground.

Substantial Improvement means any repair, reconstruction, or improvement of a structure, the cost of which equals or exceeds 50 percent of the assessed value of a structure either:

1. Before the improvement or repair is started, or
2. If the structure has been damaged or is being restored, before the damage occurred.

For the purposes of this definition "substantial improvement" is considered to occur when the first alteration of any wall, ceiling, floor, or other structural part of the building commences, whether or not that alteration affects the external dimensions of the structure.

The term does not, however, include either:

1. Any project for improvement of a structure to correct existing violations of state or local health, sanitary, or safety codes.
2. Any alteration of a structure listed on the National Register of Historic Places or a State Inventory of Historic Places.

SECTIONS 9.625 through 9.629 reserved for expansion.

SECTION 9.630 HILLSIDE DEVELOPMENT

The purpose of this Section is to provide standards governing development of hillside land within the City to alleviate harmful and damaging effects of on-site erosion, sedimentation, runoff, access issues and to regulate the effects of excavation and grading on hillsides.

SECTION 9.631 SCOPE.

This Section shall apply to all areas of the City where the slope of the land is 15 percent or greater. In all areas of the City, concurrent with application for a building permit, excavation or fill permit or land division, the applicant shall provide elevation data adequate to determine slope characteristics of the property or portions thereof being developed. If the City determines that the property does have areas of 15 percent slope or greater, then the proposed development shall, in addition to other applicable City ordinances, rules and regulations, also be reviewed for compliance with the requirements of Sections 9.630 through 9.635.

SECTION 9.632 HILLSIDE DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

(a) General grading. Any grading performed within the boundaries of a hillside development shall be kept to a minimum and shall take into account the environmental characteristics of that property, including but not limited to prominent geological features, existing streambeds, drainage ways, and vegetative cover.

(b) Slope stability. Potential slope instability problems such as slip planes, clay layers and dome-shaped bedrock shall be identified. Mitigation measures sufficient to render these areas safe for structures and infrastructure development shall be applied.
(c) **Building sites.** Building sites shall be designed to minimize the need to alter the natural grade during construction of individual buildings. Mass pad grading or continuous terracing of building sites is not allowed. Lot development plans must demonstrate that the lot is large enough to safely accommodate both the planned structure(s) and the needed cuts and/or fills.

(d) **Retaining walls.** Especially on cutbanks, retaining structures are preferred in lieu of larger excavations to minimize the amount of disturbed area. Retaining walls over 4 feet high shall be engineered. Smaller walls shall be constructed in conformance with the soils and geology report recommendations and the engineer’s plans. Designs for retaining structures shall give consideration to aesthetics and shall use mitigations such as terracing and/or landscaping plants to reduce the structures’ apparent height and mass.

(e) **Cut and Fill Standards.**

1. All cut and fill slopes generally must not exceed a two (horizontal) to one (vertical) ratio. Slopes which are steeper (i.e. 1:1/2 or 1:1) may be conditionally approved by the City upon certification, by a qualified engineer that the slope will remain stable under foreseeable conditions. The certification must delineate any specific stabilization measures deemed necessary by the engineer.

2. Cuts and fills shall be designed to avoid movement or episodic erosion during heavy rains or earthquakes, mechanical overloading of underlying soils and undercutting of adjacent areas. Fills shall be benched as required to provide a proper bond with the existing terrain.

3. Unless proven otherwise by specific soils information to the contrary, cuts shall be presumed to be incapable of revegetation without special treatments, such as importation and retention of topsoil. Plans must be submitted for all cuts in excess of 2 feet deep, showing either a covering for the cut, such as stonework, or a revegetation plan that does not rely on the ability of the exposed subsoil to support plant growth.

(f) **Revegetation.** Earthwork shall be designed so that all disturbed areas will be restored to have at least 6” of topsoil. Revegetation of projects exposing soil shall be aggressively pursued so that bare ground will not be unnecessarily exposed to the weather between November 1 and May 30. Construction schedules shall be drawn up to limit the period of time that soil is exposed and unprotected. The existing vegetative ground cover should not be destroyed, removed, or disturbed more than 15 days prior to grading or construction of required improvements. Soil exposed during the removal or significant disturbance of ground cover vegetation shall be built upon (i.e. covered with gravel, a slab, foundation or other construction), landscaped (i.e. seeded or planted with ground cover) or otherwise protected within 15 days of grading or other pre-development activity. Provided, however, that these restrictions do not apply during the months of June, July, August and September.

(g) **Modification of Public Street Standards.** Street width, grade and alignment, right-of-way width, and sidewalks in hillside areas shall be designed to minimize changes to existing topography and provide adequate access to adjacent properties. Cuts and fills in excess of four feet deep shall be considered significant and should be avoided where feasible. Modifications to established standards, if necessary to meet these requirements, shall be made as provided below.
(1) Street grades may exceed the maximum grade standards of the Lowell Standards for Public Improvements where topographical conditions make it impractical to meet those standards, subject to the following conditions:
   A. Driveways and intersections shall not be permitted where street grades exceed 15 percent.
   B. Street grades of over 15 percent shall not be permitted for a distance of more than 200 feet in any 600 foot long section of street.
   C. Street grades shall not exceed 20 percent for any distance.

(2) Requirements specified in the Lowell Standards for Public Improvements for public right-of-way width, pavement width, and/or installation of sidewalk may be modified where topographical conditions make it impractical to meet those standards, subject to the following conditions:
   A. Reduction in public right-of-way width may be made if the proposed right-of-way is large enough to accommodate the street and sidewalk(s), and 5-foot public utility easement is provided on each side of the right-of-way and slope easement is provided where required.
   B. Reduction in pavement width to 21 feet may be made for access lanes with less than 250 vehicle trips per day, that are not dead-end, and that will be no parking on one side. For not more than one 200 foot section of street per block, any road may be reduced to 20 feet if the road is not dead-end, will be no parking on both sides along the narrowed portion, and if at least one parking space is provided for each lot taking driveway access from the narrowed portion; said parking shall be within 200 feet of the driveway access. On all other roadways, the City Council may allow the above described pavement width reductions only after consultation with the City Engineer and the local fire official, and upon a finding that the proposed width will provide adequate parking and emergency vehicle access. All no parking areas shall be signed and curbs shall be painted yellow.
   C. All sidewalks shall be a minimum of 5 feet wide. All streets shall have vertical curbs adjacent to sidewalks. For short distances, street-side sidewalks may be relocated to an off-street location that will provide equivalent service, conditional upon right-of-way being available or public access easements being provided. Sidewalks may be approved for only one side of the street for access lanes with less than 250 vehicle trips per day. On all other roadways, the City Council may allow sidewalks on only one side upon a finding that a single sidewalk will provide adequate pedestrian safety.

(3) The City may require modification of street improvement construction standards for any portion of proposed street improvements being constructed in areas of special concern identified in the Soils and Geology Report.

(h) Storm Drainage. In addition to City-wide storm drainage system development standards contained in Section 9.520, hillside storm drainage systems shall be designed to:
(1) Protect cuts, fills, roadways, retaining walls and structures from saturation, slope failure and settling.
(2) To anticipate and mitigate the rapid movement of debris into catch basins, and storm water flows bypassing catch basins.
(3) Insure that concentrated storm water is disposed of in a controlled manner does not create significant erosion or adverse effects on downhill properties.

(i) Preservation of Trees and Existing Vegetation. Construction shall be done in a manner that avoids unnecessary disruption to vegetation and trees. Temporary protective fencing shall be established around all trees designated for protection prior to the commencement of grading or other soil disturbance. Grade changes and trenching shall not be made within 5 feet of the dripline of such trees without written concurrence from an arborist that such changes will not cause permanent damage to the tree.

SECTION 9.633 SUBMISSION REQUIREMENTS FOR LAND DIVISIONS.

When land division application is submitted in which all or a portion of the development contain slopes which are 15% or greater, the following additional reports and plans shall be submitted:

(a) Surveyor’s Report. A scale drawing of the property prepared by a licensed surveyor, showing existing topography at two-foot contour intervals, watercourses both permanent and intermittent, and natural physical features such as rock outcroppings, springs and wetlands. Also show the location and dimensions of any existing buildings or structures on the property where the work is to be performed, the location of existing buildings or structures on land of adjacent owners that are within 100 feet of the property.

(b) Soils and Geology Report. This report shall be prepared by a suitably experienced and qualified licensed engineering geologist or geotechnical engineer, and shall include the following for each proposed lot and for public right-of-way areas proposed for development which have slopes greater than 15%:

(1) Data regarding the subsurface condition of the whole site such as the nature, depth and strength of existing soils, depth to bedrock, location of soft soils, hard stratum, potential slip planes, geological weak zones, clay seams or layers, unconsolidated deposits, and previous grading activities. The report shall also address existing water tables, springs, watercourses and drainage patterns, seismic considerations, and any offsite geologic features or conditions that could impact or be impacted by onsite development. Locations of exploratory boreholes shall take into consideration the terrain and geology of the site instead of following a general grid pattern.

(2) Conclusions and recommendations regarding the stability of underlying slopes and of proposed cuts and fills, any remedial or preventative actions that are required, any limitations upon the use of the site, grading procedures, requirements for vegetation preservation and revegetation, special coverings or treatments for areas that cannot be readily revegetated, erosion control methods, drainage systems, setbacks from slopes or other geologic features, foundation and building design, and backfills.

(c) Engineer’s Plans. Detailed plans shall be prepared for all proposed public improvements by a suitably qualified licensed civil engineer. Detailed plans for private development on each parcel may also be provided and if provided, will be accepted as required building permit
submittals. These plans shall be based upon the findings of the required soils and geology report, and shall include the following information:

(1) **Infrastructure Plan.** A scale drawing plan showing the location and approximate grade of all proposed streets, walkways and alleys, and the location of proposed easements, lots, common areas, parks, open space and other land proposed for dedication to the City. Also indicate the locations of utilities such as sewer and water lines.

(2) **Grading Plan.** A scale drawing grading plan of the property, showing existing and proposed finished grades at two-foot contour intervals, retaining walls or other slope stabilization measures, cuts and fills, and all other proposed changes to the natural grade. Include cross-sectional diagrams of typical cuts and fills, drawn to scale and indicating depth, extent and approximate volume, and indicating whether and to what extent there will be a net increase or loss of soil.

(3) **Drainage Plan.** Detailed plans and locations of all proposed surface and subsurface drainage devices, catch basins, area drains, dewatering provisions, drainage channels, dams, sediment basins, storage reservoirs, and other protective devices together with a map showing drainage areas, the complete drainage network, including outfall lines and natural drainageways which may be affected by the proposed development, and the estimated run-off of the area(s) served by the drains.

(4) **Erosion Control Plan.** Descriptions and/or drawings of proposed changes to soils and/or existing vegetation on the site; specific methods proposed to restore disturbed topsoil, minimize the identified potential erosion problems, and revegetate areas which will be stripped of existing vegetation; and a schedule showing when each stage of the project will be started and completed, including the total area of soil surface which is to be disturbed during each stage and the length of time soils will be left exposed.

(5) **Affidavit.** The authoring engineer shall include a statement that the plans are consistent with the soils and geology report required by this Section, and with the standards of Section 9.632.

(d) One copy of each individual lot survey, geotechnical report and development engineering plans submitted and approved with the tentative plan shall be filed with the City at the time of submission of the final plat and one copy shall be provided to the purchaser of the individual lot.

**SECTION 9.634 SUBMISSION REQUIREMENTS FOR BUILDING PERMITS.**

The requirements of this shall section apply to all submissions for building permits and for excavation and grading permits applied for separately from a building permit.

(a) **Surveyor’s Report.** A scale drawing of the property prepared by a licensed surveyor, showing existing topography at two-foot contour intervals, watercourses both permanent and intermittent, and natural physical features such as rock outcroppings, springs and wetlands. This information is in addition to required development site plan submittal requirements.

(b) **Soils and Geology Report.** This report shall be prepared by a suitably experienced and qualified licensed engineering geologist or geotechnical engineer, and shall include the following for areas to be developed having 15% or greater:
(1) Data regarding the subsurface condition of the site such as the nature, depth and strength of existing soils, depth to bedrock, location of soft soils, hard stratum, potential slip planes, geological weak zones, clay seams or layers, unconsolidated deposits, and previous grading activities. The report shall also address existing water tables, springs, watercourses and drainage patterns, seismic considerations, and any offsite geologic features or conditions that could impact or be impacted by onsite development.

(2) Conclusions and recommendations regarding the stability of underlying slopes and of proposed cuts and fills, any remedial or preventative actions that are required, any limitations upon the use of the site, grading procedures, requirements for vegetation preservation and revegetation, special coverings or treatments for areas that cannot be readily revegetated, erosion control methods, drainage systems, setbacks from slopes or other geologic features, foundation and building design, and backfills.

(c) Blueprints. Detailed plans shall be prepared for all proposed development on the lot. These plans shall become part of the working drawings on the jobsite, shall be based upon the findings of the required soils and geology report, and shall include the following information, in addition to the requirements of the relevant building codes and other City regulations:

(1) Grading Plan. A grading plan of the property, drawn to scale, showing existing and proposed finished grades at two-foot contour intervals, retaining walls or other slope stabilization measures, cuts and fills, and all other proposed changes to the natural grade. Include cross-sectional diagrams of typical cuts and fills, drawn to scale and indicating depth, extent and approximate volume, and indicating whether and to what extent there will be a net increase or loss of soil.

(2) Drainage Plan. Detailed plans for collecting on-site drainage including the locations of all proposed surface and subsurface drainage devices, roof drains, foundation drains, catch basins and area drains showing clearly where and how they discharge into the public storm drainage system shall be provided. The direction of surface stormwater flows shall be indicated with arrows.

(3) Erosion Control Plan. Descriptions and/or drawings of proposed changes to soils and/or existing vegetation on the site; specific methods proposed to restore disturbed topsoil, minimize the identified potential erosion problems, and revegetate areas which will be stripped of existing vegetation; and a schedule showing when each stage of the project will be started and completed, including the total area of soil surface which is to be disturbed during each stage and the length of time soils will be left exposed.

(4) Elevations. Elevation views of all four sides of proposed structures shall be prepared which clearly show the existing and proposed grades, across the entire length of the structure all the way to the property lines on each side.

(5) Trees. Location of any trees to be retained and the location of protective fencing to be installed prior to construction shall be shown.

(6) Special Inspections. If any special soils or foundation inspections are required, this shall be noted on the plans.

(7) Affidavit. The authoring engineer shall include a statement that the plans are consistent with the soils and geology report required by this Section, with standards of Section 9.632 and with any conditions of approval for the underlying development.
SECTION 9.635 APPROVAL PROCESS AND AUTHORITY.

(a) Land Divisions. For land divisions, review and approval under this Section shall be undertaken as a part of the land division development approval process in accordance with Sections 2.320 through 2.340.

(b) Building Permits. Submissions for Building Permits subject to requirements of Section 9.634 shall be reviewed by the City and approved by the City Administrator.

(c) Excavation and Fill Permits. Submissions for excavations or fills of greater than 50 cubic yards on property subject to hillside development standards and requiring submissions in accordance with Section 9.634 will be reviewed by the City and approved by the City Administrator.

SECTION 9.636 FEES AUTHORIZED.

The City Council, by Resolution, may establish a fee for review and approval of hillside development applications.

(a) For land divisions, the fee shall be per lot for every lot containing any slopes which are 15% or greater and shall be in addition to the land division application fee.

(b) For building and excavation and fill permits requiring review and approval by the City, a flat fee shall be established that is in addition to the established building permit fee schedule.

(c) Fees shall be set no higher than the cost for paid and contracted staff to review and approve the submittals and reasonable overhead.

SECTIONS 9.637 through 9.699 reserved for expansion.

ARTICLE 9.7 USE STANDARDS

SECTION 9.701 USE STANDARDS

In addition to the Development Standards specified in Articles 9.5 and 9.6, there are also uses that may occur in more than one district. The following Sections specify development standards applicable to specialized uses within the City of Lowell.

SECTION 9.702 HOME OCCUPATION STANDARDS

A Home Occupation is a Conditional Use for any single-family home and must comply with the Conditional Use provisions of Section 9.251 and the following additional standards:

(a) The home occupation shall be secondary to the main use of the dwelling as a residence.

(b) All aspects of the home occupation shall be contained and conducted within a completely enclosed building.

(c) The home occupation shall be limited to either a pre-existing garage or accessory structure, or not over 25% of the living area of the dwelling. If located within an
accessory structure or a garage, the home occupation shall not utilize over 500 square feet of floor area.

(d) No structural alteration, except the provision of an additional entrance, shall be permitted to accommodate the home occupation. Such structural alteration shall not detract from the outward appearance of the property as a residential use.

(e) No persons other than those residing within the dwelling shall be engaged in the home occupation unless approved by the Planning Commission.

(f) No window display or sample commodities displayed outside the dwelling shall be allowed.

(g) No materials or mechanical equipment shall be used which are detrimental to the residential use of the dwelling or any nearby dwellings because of vibration, noise, dust, smoke, odor, interference with radio or television reception, or any other factor.

(h) No parking of customer vehicles in a manner or frequency that would cause disturbance or inconvenience to nearby residents or that would necessitate the provision of additional off-street parking shall be allowed.

(i) No signs shall be permitted except for a single name plate not to exceed 1.5 square feet in area.

SECTION 9.703 BED AND BREAKFAST STANDARDS.

A Bed and Breakfast is a Conditional Use for any single-family home and must comply with the Conditional Use provisions of Section 9.251 and the following additional standards:

(a) That all residences used for Bed and Breakfasts be either business-owner occupied or the business-owner must reside adjacent to the Bed and Breakfast. The business-owner shall be required to reside on or immediately adjacent to the property to the property occupied by the Bed and Breakfast, and occupancy shall be determined as the Bed and Breakfast or adjacent dwelling location being the primary residence of the owner during the operation of the Bed and Breakfast. “Business-owner” shall be defined as a person or persons who own the property and Bed and Breakfast outright; or who have entered into a lease agreement with the property owner(s) allowing for the operation of the Bed and Breakfast. Such lease agreement to specifically state that the property owner is not involved in the day-to-day operation or financial management of the Bed and Breakfast, and that the business-owner is wholly responsible for all operations associated with the Bed and Breakfast, and has actual ownership of the business.

(b) That no more than three (3) units (sleeping rooms) are provided on a daily basis or weekly period, not to exceed 14 consecutive days, for the use of travelers or transients for a charge or fee. Provision of a morning meal is customary as implied by this title.

(c) That only one ground or wall sign, constructed of a non-plastic material, non-interior illuminated of 6 square feet maximum size be allowed. Any exterior illumination of
signage shall be installed such that it does not directly illuminate any residential structures adjacent or nearby the Bed and Breakfast.

(d) That each Bed and Breakfast until shall have one off-street parking space, and the owner occupant shall have two parking spaces. Off-street parking must comply with safety regulations in paragraph (i) of this section.

(e) That the primary resident on site be at least 21 years old.

(f) The primary residence may be altered or adapted for Bed and Breakfast use, including expansion of floor area. Additional structures may be allowed to accommodate additional units, but must be in conformance with all setbacks and lot coverage of the underlying zone.

(g) Transfer of business ownership of a Bed and Breakfast shall be subject to all requirements of this Section, and subject to Conditional Use Permit approval and conformance with the criteria of this Section. All Bed and Breakfasts receiving their initial approvals prior to the effective date of adoption of this code section shall be considered as approved, conforming uses, with all previous approvals, conditions and requirements remaining in effect upon the change of business ownership. Any further modifications beyond the existing approvals shall be in conformance with all requirements of this Section.

(h) An annual inspection by the Lane County Health Department shall be conducted as required by the laws of Lane County or the State of Oregon.

(i) Off-street parking, ingress and egress must meet the minimum requirements of the Lowell Fire District.

SECTION 9.704 RESIDENTIAL CARE HOME STANDARDS

A Residential Care Homes for 5 or less people and Group Child Care Homes for 12 or less children are a Permitted Use in a dwelling located within any residential district with the following additional standards:

(a) Outdoor areas shall be provided in accordance with State Standards for each type of use. The outdoor area shall be adequately fenced in order to provide for the safety and privacy of those at the facility.

(b) The Care Home shall be readily accessible for people with disabilities and fire or other emergency access.

(c) The Care Home shall meet all applicable state licensing requirements. Proof that these requirements are met shall be provided.
SECTION 9,705 RESIDENTIAL CARE FACILITY STANDARDS

A Residential Care Facility other than a private residence for more than 12 children or for more than 5 adults is a Permitted Use in the Multi-family Residential District, R-3 and may be allowed in accordance with the Conditional Use provisions of Section 9.251 in the Single-family Residential R-1 District with the following additional standards:

(a) Access shall be from a designated arterial or collector street.

(b) Requirements for front, rear, side and street side yards, for Care Facilities shall comply with the District standards in which the facility is located.

(c) Additional landscaping, privacy fencing, buffers or other screening devices may be required to screen or protect the facility or adjacent properties.

(d) Outdoor areas shall be provided in accordance with State Standards for each type of use. The outdoor area shall be adequately fenced in order to provide for the safety and privacy of those at the facility.

(e) The Care Home shall be readily accessible for people with disabilities and fire or other emergency access.

(f) The Care Home shall meet all applicable state licensing requirements. Proof that these requirements are met shall be provided.

SECTION 9.706 MULTIPLE-FAMILY STANDARDS

Medium density multiple-family housing is allowed in the R-3 residential district up to 15 units per acre and high density Multiple-family housing may be allowed in accordance with the Conditional Use provisions of Section 9.251.

(a) Access shall be from a designated arterial or collector street.

(b) Requirements for front, rear, side and street side yards, for high density shall comply with the R-3 District standards.

(c) On-site bicycle storage facilities, bicycle paths and pedestrian ways shall be provided for developments exceeding six dwelling units.

(d) The City may require conditions of approval when deemed necessary for the mitigation of potential adverse impacts on a neighborhood or adjacent areas:

(e) The City may regulate the type of dwelling units for high density multiple-family to mitigate potential adverse impacts on a neighborhood or adjacent areas.

(f) Additional landscaping or screening on the property boundary may be required to mitigate potential adverse impacts on adjacent properties.

SECTIONS 9.707 through 9.709 reserved for expansion.
SECTION 9.710 MANUFACTURED DWELLING STANDARDS

Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS), Chapter 446 and Oregon Administrative Rules (OAR), Chapter 918 specify the standards and regulations for Manufactured Dwelling (MD) use in the State of Oregon. The Oregon Manufactured Dwelling and Park Specialty Code (OMDS) defines the state standards and Section 9.711 through Section 9.717 provide additional supporting standards for all manufactured dwelling developments within the City of Lowell. The standards contained herein are intended to support suitable living environments for residents of manufactured dwellings and to increase compatibility with adjacent land uses.

SECTION 9.711 GENERAL MANUFACTURED DWELLING PROVISIONS

(a) **Definitions.** The definitions of terms used are as defined in the Oregon Manufactured Dwelling and Park Specialty Code (OMDS) or Section 9.190 of this Code.

(b) **Relationship to Deed Restrictions.** Nothing in these provisions shall be interpreted as superseding more restrictive deed covenants, conditions or restrictions (CC&R's). The Standards contain herein are the "minimum requirements" of the City. Applicant/Owners may specify more restrictive standards for their development as part of their CC&R's.

(c) **Manufactured Dwelling Construction & Safety Standards.** All manufactured dwellings must comply with the minimum construction standards in effect at the time of construction, and all associated rules, regulations, amendments and interpretations of both federal and state authorities. All manufactured dwellings placed in the City of Lowell must bear a U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, HUD, certification label or a State of Oregon Manufactured Dwelling Insignia of Compliance.

(d) **Building Permit.** The owner of a lot upon which a manufactured dwelling is to be installed shall, before installation, obtain a Manufactured Dwelling Building Installation Permit, and any other required permits, from the City. In applying for and obtaining said permit, the owner of a lot shall be deemed to have agreed to comply with Oregon State Standards and the terms of this Code.

(e) **Inspection.** The manufactured dwelling shall be inspected by the Building Inspector, who shall determine that the manufactured dwelling complies with State standards for manufactured dwelling construction and siting, the standards set forth in this Code and, prior to approval of installation, require the owner of said manufactured dwelling to bring the manufactured dwelling up to the required standards by repair and improvement.

No reconstruction or equipment installation shall have been made to the manufactured dwelling unless it has been state approved as evidenced by an appropriate State of Oregon insignia.

(f) **Perimeter Enclosures & Support Systems.** All load bearing foundations, supports, and enclosures shall be installed in conformance with state regulations and with the manufacturer's installation specifications. There are two primary types of perimeter enclosures permitted:
Perimeter Skirting: Skirting shall be constructed in accordance with the Oregon Manufactured Dwelling Standards. Permitted perimeter skirting materials are any material or system approved by the State of Oregon.

Perimeter Foundations: shall be constructed in accordance with the Council of American Building Officials (CABO) One and Two Family Dwelling Code in addition to the Oregon Manufactured Dwelling Standards. Permitted perimeter foundation materials are concrete or masonry.

Accessory Structures. All accessory structures must be constructed to the Oregon State One and Two Family Dwelling Code.

Removal. If a manufactured dwelling is removed, the owner shall immediately disconnect and cap all sewer, water and utility services. The owner of the property shall within (6) months of said removal, make application for and replace said manufactured dwelling with an approved manufactured dwelling, or remove the foundation and all protrusions above the slab or ground level. Should the property owner fail to comply, the city may contract for removal and disconnection, and collect the costs thereof from the property owner or place a lien against the real property for the unpaid amount.

Continued Use. Any manufactured dwelling in place at the time of passing this Code and appropriately connected to a sewer and water system, but otherwise not conforming to the above requirements, may be maintained in the place of location. Any replacement of or addition to said manufactured dwelling shall comply with the requirements stated herein and The State of Oregon Installation Standards.

SECTION 9.712 CLASSIFICATION OF MANUFACTURED DWELLINGS

For purposes of these regulations, manufactured dwellings are divided into two classes, "A" and "B". The classes are segregated by the size of the manufactured dwelling. All manufactured dwellings placed within the City after the effective date of this Code must comply with the following placement standards.

Class "A": A Class "A" manufactured dwelling is one that complies with the following standards:

1. A double-wide or multi-sectional unit ten (10) years old or newer bearing a U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, HUD, certification label in conformance with the Federal Manufactured Dwelling Construction and Safety Standards in effect on the date of manufacture. The unit shall be in excellent condition and free of structural, electrical, mechanical, or plumbing defects. Inspection and verification by the Building Official is required prior to placement.

2. The manufactured dwelling shall be multi-sectional and enclose a space of not less than 1,000 square feet

3. The manufactured dwelling shall be placed on an excavated and back-filled foundation and enclosed at the perimeter such that the manufactured home is located no more than 12 inches above grade.
(4) The manufactured dwelling shall have a pitched roof, except no standard shall require a slope of greater than a nominal three feet in height for each 12 feet in width.

(5) The manufactured dwelling shall have exterior siding and roofing which in color, material and appearance is similar to the exterior siding and roofing material commonly used on residential dwellings within the community or which is comparable to the predominant materials used on surrounding dwellings as determined by the City.

(6) The manufactured dwelling shall be certified by the manufacturer to have an exterior thermal envelope meeting performance standards which reduce levels equivalent to the performance standards required of single-family dwellings constructed under state building code as defined in ORS 455.010.

(7) The manufactured dwelling shall have a garage or carport constructed of like materials.

(8) Placement: Class "A" manufactured dwellings are permitted on all individual lots in all Residential Districts and in all approved manufactured dwelling parks. Class "A" manufactured dwellings are also permitted for approved temporary uses specified in Section 9.714.

(b) Class "B": A Class "B" manufactured dwelling is one that complies with the following standards:

(1) A single-section unit ten (10) years old or newer bearing a U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, HUD, certification label in conformance with the Federal Manufactured Dwelling Construction and Safety Standards in effect on the date of manufacture. The unit shall be in excellent condition and free of structural, electrical, mechanical, or plumbing defects. Inspection and verification by the Building Official required prior to placement.

(2) Contains more than five hundred (500) square feet of occupied space in a single or expanded unit.

(3) Placed onto a permanent foundation system with piers, perimeter foundations or perimeter skirting. Wheels, axles, and hitch mechanisms shall be removed in accordance with approved state installation standards.

(4) Minimum roof pitch shall be 3 inch rise for each 12 inches of run with materials commonly used for site-built houses such as composition, wood or tile shingles.

(5) Exterior materials shall be similar to those used on site-built houses.

(6) Placement: Class "B" manufactured dwellings are permitted in all manufactured dwelling parks and approved temporary uses specified in Section 9.714. Class "B"
manufactured dwellings may also be permitted by Conditional Use on individual lots as specified in Section 9.713.

(c) Manufactured dwellings that do not meet the standards of either Class “A” or Class “B” are not permitted to be placed within the City of Lowell.

SECTION 9.713 PLACEMENT ON INDIVIDUAL LOTS

(a) Class "A" Manufactured Dwellings are permitted on individual parcels outside of Manufactured Dwelling Parks in the City's Residential Districts, R-1 and R-3 in accordance with the standards of this Section and all other provisions of the Lowell Land Development Code for conventional built dwellings placed within a Residential District.

(b) Conditional Use approval is required for placement of a Class "B" manufactured dwelling on an individual lot. In order to be approved, the unit must be found to have design compatibility with other dwellings within 500 feet of the subject lot or parcel. The criteria for determining acceptable compatibility shall be based upon a review of the following design elements:

1. The placement of the manufactured dwelling and accessory structures upon the lot shall be consistent with other dwellings in the review area in terms of setback dimensions, angle to the street, location of garage or carport, and any other special features of the neighborhood or vicinity.

2. The location and design of porches, patios, driveways, walkways, and landscaping shall be similar to and complementary to the features of other dwellings in the vicinity.

3. The manufactured dwelling shall be placed on an excavated and back-filled foundation and enclosed at the perimeter such that the manufactured home is located no more than 12 inches above grade.

4. The manufactured dwelling shall be certified by the manufacturer to have an exterior thermal envelope meeting performance standards which reduce levels equivalent to the performance standards required of single-family dwellings constructed under state building code as defined in ORS 455.010.

5. The manufactured dwelling shall have a garage or carport constructed of like materials.

SECTION 9.714 TEMPORARY MANUFACTURED DWELLING USE

(a) Application: Applicants for a temporary use permit shall make written application for a Site Plan Review on the City's Application Form. The Planning Commission may grant approval for a Temporary Manufactured Dwelling use subject to the procedures of Section 9.250. The Applicant shall provide a statement of intended use and the estimated length of time for the temporary use on the application form and shall submit the site plan information specified in Section 9.204.
(b) **Approved Uses:** A temporary Manufactured dwelling use may be granted for the following uses:

1. A manufactured dwelling as a temporary accessory dwelling to a residence for designated members of the immediate family. The temporary use shall be subject to a Periodic Review by the Planning Commission. The manufactured dwelling and all accessory elements shall be removed within 60 days of non occupancy by the designated family members.
2. Temporary on-site residence for owners whose dwelling is under construction or a dwelling that has been destroyed.
3. Caretaker residence for a commercial or industrial facility.
4. Temporary offices accessible to the general public for use during construction or remodeling.
5. Temporary building space for public and semi-public agencies.
6. Other temporary uses may be considered by the Planning Commission under the Conditional Use procedures specified in [Section 9.251](#).

(c) **Conditions of Use:** The Temporary Use Permit may be limited to a specified time period and shall be a Class "A" or "B" Manufactured Dwelling for use on a single lot in accordance with the following provisions:

1. Compliance with the State of Oregon Manufactured Dwelling Installation Standards.
2. Manufactured dwellings shall not be included or sold as a part of any property on which it is located.
3. Manufactured dwellings shall not be expanded or attached to a permanent structure.
4. Manufactured dwellings shall have an approved perimeter enclosure permitted by the State of Oregon.
5. Manufactured dwellings shall have approved connections to utility systems and the owners shall be allowed to hook to an existing residential sewer service lateral.
6. Use shall be limited to the function as set forth in the application for the temporary permit.
7. The manufactured dwelling shall comply with residential setback requirements and shall be sited so as to have the least possible impact on adjacent properties or adjoining streets.

(d) **Renewal:** The permit as issued shall not exceed the designated approval period. The City shall notify holders of a permit at least thirty (30) days prior to the date of expiration. Applicants for renewal of a temporary use permit shall reapply and submit the same information as required for the original permit.

(e) **Right of Revocation:** The City shall have the right to revoke any Temporary Use Permit granted under this section with thirty (30) days notice, if upon inspection, the use is found to be in noncompliance with the application for which the permit is issued.

(f) **Removal:** If the Manufactured Dwelling is required to be removed from the site, the owner of the property shall remove the foundation and all additions to the Manufactured Dwelling and permanently disconnect and secure all utilities. The City may perform the work and place a lien against the property for the cost, after 60 days from the date on
which the Manufactured Dwelling is required to be moved from the site. This condition shall not apply in the event that another approved Manufactured Dwelling is placed on the original foundation within 60 days of the removal of the original unit.

SECTION 9.715 MANUFACTURED DWELLING PARKS

Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS), Chapter 446 and Oregon Administrative Rules (OAR), Chapter 918, and Chapter 10 of the OMDS specify the standards and regulations for Manufactured Dwelling Parks in the State of Oregon. This Section contains additional supporting standards for all Manufactured Dwelling Parks located within the City of Lowell as permitted in Chapter 10 of the OMDS. In cases of conflict, the state standards of Chapter 10 shall govern.

(a) Where Permitted: Class "A" or "B" Manufactured Dwellings are permitted in all Manufactured Dwelling Parks. Manufactured dwelling parks are permitted in the City's R-3 Residential District, in accordance with the standards of Section 9.716 and 9.717 and the provisions for Conditional Use approval, Sections 9.251.

(b) Minimum Site Area: An area that provides space for four or more manufactured dwellings together with all conditions and standards required by Chapter 10 of the OMDS and the standards contained in this Section.

(c) Density: Maximum density of the park shall not exceed 10 units per gross acre.

(d) Access: Manufactured Dwelling Park access shall occur from a public Collector or Arterial street.

(e) Permitted Uses: Manufactured Dwelling Parks may contain manufactured dwellings and accessory structures, community laundry and recreation facilities and other common buildings for use by park residents only, and one residence other than a manufactured dwelling for the use of a caretaker or a manager responsible for maintaining or operating the park.

(f) Conditions: Upon granting site plan approval for a manufactured dwelling park, the Planning Commission may require conditions of approval including but not limited to any of the following where such are deemed necessary for the mitigation of adverse impacts on an adjacent area:

1. Limit the type of units to be installed to Class "A" or Class "B" or both.

2. Additional landscaping or screening on the park boundary.

3. Increased setbacks from park boundaries.

SECTION 9.716 IMPROVEMENT STANDARDS

Park standards shall conform to The Oregon Manufactured Dwelling and Park Specialty Code (OMDS) within the Park boundary and shall conform to City Standards when abutting public streets.
(a) **Streets:** Public streets located within the Park and the first 100 feet of Park streets connecting to a public street shall conform to City standards.

(b) **Perimeter Setbacks:** Distance of a manufactured home or accessory structure from an exterior park boundary or public right of way shall be 20 feet.

(c) **Landscaping:** All common areas within a manufactured dwelling park; exclusive of required buffer areas, buildings, and roadways; shall be landscaped and maintained in accordance with the following minimum standards per each 1,000 square feet of open area:

1. One tree at least six feet in height.
2. Five shrubs or accent plants.
3. The remaining area containing walkways and attractive ground cover at least 50% of which must be living ground cover within one year of planting.
4. All manufactured dwelling spaces shall be similarly landscaped within six months of manufactured dwelling placement. Such landscaping shall be the responsibility of the park owner.

(d) **Perimeter Property Screening:** The entire perimeter of the manufactured dwelling park shall be screened except for driveways and the Clear Vision Area. The following minimum standards shall apply:

1. At least one staggered row of trees:
   A. Deciduous trees - 10 feet high, spaced 30 feet apart
   B. Evergreen trees - 5 feet high, spaced 15 feet apart.
2. At least five 5-gallon shrubs or ten 1-gallon shrubs per 1,000 square feet of area.
3. One row of evergreen hedge at least four feet in height within two years of planting, or;
   A. A six-foot high fence or masonry wall providing a uniform sight-obscuring screen, or;
   An earth berm combined with a fence or evergreen hedge which forms a sight obscuring screen at least six feet in height. Plantings shall obtain the required height within two years of installation.
4. The remaining area shall contain an attractive ground cover.

(e) **Utilities:** All manufactured dwelling parks must provide each lot or space with storm drainage, municipal sanitary sewer, municipal water, electric and communication cables, including telephone and television cables. All utilities shall be located underground and there shall be no exposed radio or TV antenna. Easements shall be dedicated where necessary to provide service to all utilities. Utilities shall be connected in accordance with state requirements and the manufacturer's specifications.
SECTION 9.717  DESIGN AND SUBMISSION REQUIREMENTS

(a) **Professional Design Team:** The applicant for a proposed Manufactured Dwelling Park shall certify in writing that the services of a registered architect, landscape architect or registered engineer licensed by the State of Oregon have been utilized in the design and development of the project.

(b) **Site Plans Required:** The Conditional Use Application for a new or expansion of an existing Manufactured Dwelling Park shall be accompanied by 10 copies of the site plan of the proposed park containing the following information in addition to that required in Section 9.204 for Application Site Plans. The plot plan shall show the general layout of the entire Park and shall be drawn to a scale not smaller than one inch representing 40 feet. The drawing shall include all of the following information:

1. Name and type of Park, address, owner, Design Team members, scale, date and north point of plan.
2. A vicinity plan showing streets and properties within 500 feet of the development site.
3. Plot plan of park boundaries and the location, dimensions and number of Manufactured Dwelling spaces. Number each space and demonstrate that planned spaces can reasonably accommodate the proposed Manufactured Dwelling types.
4. Location and dimensions of existing and proposed structures, together with the usage and approximate location of all entrances, heights, and gross floor areas. Heights shall not exceed the maximums specified for the zoning District.
5. Location and dimensions of roads, accessways, parking, loading facilities, garbage receptacles and walkways.
6. Extent, location, arrangement, and proposed improvements of all open space, landscaping, fences and walls.
7. Location of lighting fixtures for park spaces and grounds.
8. Location and area of recreation spaces and buildings in square feet.
9. Locations where park water, sewer, drainage and utility systems connect to City systems including easement locations.
10. Location of existing and proposed fire and irrigation hydrants.
11. Enlarged plot plan of a typical Manufactured Dwelling space, showing location of the stand, patio, storage space, accessory structures, parking, sidewalk, utility connections, and landscaping.
12. Architectural drawings and sketches demonstrating the planning and character of the proposed development.
(13) A construction time schedule and development phasing plan.

(14) Detailed plans required. Prior to application for a building permit to construct an approved Park or to expand an existing Park, the applicant shall submit five copies of the following detailed plans:

A. A legal survey.
B. Plans of new structures.
C. Water, sewer and utility systems.
D. Utility easements.
E. Road, sidewalk, and patio construction.
F. Drainage system, including existing and proposed finished grades.
G. Recreational improvements including swimming pool plans approved by the Oregon State Board of Health.
H. Landscaping and irrigation plans.

SECTIONS 9.718 through 9.719 reserved for expansion.

SECTION 9.720  RESIDENTIAL STRUCTURES IN COMMERCIAL DISTRICTS

(a) Existing Houses: In commercial districts pre-existing residential structures may be occupied by commercial uses permitted in the commercial district provided the structure meets minimum building and safety standards as provided in the Building Code and provided further that the City approves a development plan for vehicular access and parking, signing, and exterior lighting in accordance with the Site Plan Review provisions of Section 9.250.

(b) Second Story Residences: Single-family or Multi-family housing may be permitted above or behind a commercial business in the C-1 and C-2 Districts in accordance with the Conditional Use provisions of Section 9.251 and the standards contained herein. Setback and siting standards of the single-family or multi-family District shall apply when located behind the commercial business.

(1) On-site Parking shall be provided for both the commercial and residential uses in accordance with Section 9.514.

(2) There are no yard setbacks or open space required for second story residences.

SECTION 9.721  PUBLIC & SEMI-PUBLIC STANDARDS

Public and Semi-public uses represent a wide range of "Civic" use types that include utilities, public safety, maintenance, governmental, recreational, educational, cultural, religious, and civic assembly uses or facilities. Public and semi-public uses shall comply with the following additional standards in addition to the standards of the land use district in which the public use is located:
(a) Public and Semi-public uses in residential districts may be permitted in accordance with the Conditional Use provisions of Section 9.251 and the standards contained herein.

(b) Public and Semi-public uses in commercial or industrial districts may be permitted in accordance with the Site Plan Review provisions of Section 9.250 and the standards contained herein.

(c) Requirements for front, rear, side and street side yards, for public uses shall not be less than that specified for the Primary or Overlay District unless specifically approved as part of the conditional use or site plan review procedures. Yard setbacks may be increased by one (1) foot for each foot by which the structure height exceeds that specified for the district.

(d) Additional landscaping, fencing, buffers or other screening devices may be required to screen or protect adjacent properties or the street.

(e) Off-street parking for the specified use shall comply with Section 9.514.

(f) In a residential district, all equipment and material storage shall be within an enclosed building unless it is deemed necessary and approvable in accordance with the Conditional Use provisions of Section 9.251.

(g) Exterior lighting shall be directed away from abutting residential properties in conformance with Section 9.529.

(h) Offices and workshops should be located in the commercial or industrial districts whenever possible and should not be permitted in a residential district unless it is deemed necessary and approvable in accordance with the Conditional Use provisions of Section 9.251.

(i) Public utility facilities including treatment, maintenance and storage areas should not be permitted in a residential or commercial district unless it is deemed necessary and approvable in accordance with the Conditional Use or Site Plan Review provisions of Section 9.251 or Section 9.250.

(j) The minimum lot size requirement may be waived on finding that the waiver will not result in noise or other detrimental impacts to adjacent or nearby property.

SECTION 9.722 AGRICULTURAL USE STANDARDS

Limited agricultural use of property in the City is allowed under the following conditions and standards:

(a) The raising of crops in the general field of horticulture including berry, brush, tree, flower and vegetables for on-site home consumption is allowed on any lot within the city, as long as such crops are controlled and don’t become a nuisance to neighboring properties.
(b) The raising of crops in the general field of horticulture including berry, brush, tree, flower and vegetables for sale is a Home Occupation Conditional Use in all residential districts.

(c) The raising of pigs and roosters is not permitted within Lowell. The raising of other farm animals in the general field of animal is permitted within the Residential or Industrial Districts under the following conditions:

1. Fencing must be designed and constructed to confine all animals within the property line.

2. A Setback of 100 feet from any off-site residence is required for all farm animal housing, feeding and watering facilities. Exception: fowl, rabbits and similarly sized animal require no additional setbacks.

3. Proper sanitation shall be maintained in conformance with applicable health standards for all farm animals. Proper sanitation includes:
   A. Not allowing animal waste to accumulate.
   B. Not allowing animal waste to contaminate groundwater or drainageways.
   C. Taking the necessary steps to insure odors resulting from farm animals is not detectable beyond the property line.
   D. Storing all farm animal food in metal or other rodent proof containers.

4. Minimum area requirements include:
   A. Minimum property area of 3 acres. Exception: fowl, rabbits and similarly sized animal require no additional lot area.
   B. Minimum area per large size animal (Similar to cows or horses) over six months of age – one per every two acres.
   C. Minimum area per medium size animal (Similar to sheep, goats or llamas) over six months of age – one per every one half acre.
   D. No more than 10 fowl, rabbits or similarly sized animals may be maintained on each 20,000 sf of property or portion thereof.

5. It is the responsibility of the applicant for a Conditional Use Permit to clearly demonstrate that proper health and sanitation standards will be maintained and that potential nuisance factors such as noise, smell and unsightly conditions are mitigated.

6. Property owners wishing to maintain animals on smaller lots or exceed the maximum number of animals permitted may have those standards modified as a Conditional Use in accordance with Section 9.251.

(d) It is the continuing responsibility of the owner to properly contain or restrain all animals or fowl and to maintain proper sanitation at all times, and further provided that such raising activities are not part of nor conducted in conjunction with any live stock sales yard, slaughter house, or animal by-product business.
(e) The above standards are the minimum standards applicable to property located within the City of Lowell, additional site area or other standards may be required to comply with Health and Sanitation Standards.

SECTIONS 9.723 through 9.799 reserved for expansion.

ARTICLE 9.8 IMPROVEMENT REQUIREMENTS AND STANDARDS

SECTION 9.801 IMPROVEMENT PROCEDURES

In addition to other requirements, public improvements and connections to public facilities installed by a developer or land divider shall conform to the requirements of this Code and all design standards and construction specifications of the City, and shall be installed in accordance with the following procedure. As used in this section, the terms developer and land divider includes the property owner. In the event that the persons making application for a land division or development are not the owner of record, a signed and notarized authorization must be provided by the owner, authorizing the applicant to act in his behalf.

(a) Improvement work shall not be commenced until plans and specifications have been reviewed and approved by the City. To the extent necessary for evaluation of an Application, the plans may be required before approval of a Site Plan or land division Tentative Plan.

(b) Improvement work shall not commence until after the City is notified, and if work is discontinued for more than 72 hours, for any reason other than inclement weather, it shall not be resumed until after the City is notified.

(c) Improvements shall be constructed under the inspection of the City. The City may require changes in the design and construction in the public interest, or if unusual conditions arise during construction to warrant the change.

(d) Underground utilities, sanitary sewers and storm drains installed in streets shall be constructed prior to the surfacing, or resurfacing, of the streets. Stubs for service connections for underground utilities and sanitary sewers shall be located to prevent the necessity for disturbing the street improvements when service connections are made.

(e) "As-built" drawings and specifications of the installed public improvements shall be filed with the City upon completion of the improvements.

(f) The City, by Resolution, shall establish a fee, as a percentage of construction costs for all off-site and on-site public improvements, for costs to the City associated with the design review, inspection and administration for construction of public improvements required under this Code. If after City design approval, design changes are made which require significant staff time for additional review, the City may require reimbursement of such costs.
SECTION 9.802 SPECIFICATIONS FOR IMPROVEMENTS

Design and construction standards have been adopted by the City of Lowell although they may not address each situation. The developer or land divider shall prepare and submit to the City for review and approval, plans and specifications in compliance with this Code and other applicable City ordinances. Where specific City standards are lacking, the plans and specifications shall comply with the intent of this Code based upon engineering standards appropriate for the improvements proposed. Specifications shall be prepared for the design and construction of all required public improvements and such other public facilities the developer installs.

SECTION 9.803 REQUIRED PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS

Those standards and requirements for public improvements contained in Article 9.5, which are determined by the City to be applicable are required to be constructed unless specifically exempted or deferred as a part of the application approval and identified as such in the City’s Notice of Decision. The City will not issue a building permit until all required improvements have been constructed and accepted by the City or appropriate security for construction is provided in accordance with Section 9.806.

SECTION 9.804 PUBLIC USE DEDICATIONS

(a) Within or adjacent to a residential development, a parcel of land may be required to be set aside and dedicated to the public by the developer for park use in conformance with the Lowell Park Master Plan. If land is dedicated for park space, a Park SDC credit and/or reimbursement will be provided to the development if the dedication qualifies as meeting Park Capital Improvement Plan needs.

(b) If the City or other public agency indicates it desires to acquire a portion of a proposed land division for a public purpose not already dedicated as a condition of approval, or if the City has been advised of such interest by a school district or other public agency, and there is reasonable assurance that steps will be taken to acquire the land, then the City may require that those portions of a land division be reserved for public acquisition.

SECTION 9.805 IMPROVEMENTS AGREEMENT

Before City final approval of a development, site plan or land division, the developer or land divider shall file with the City an agreement between developer or land divider and the City, specifying the period within which required improvements and repairs shall be completed and providing that, if the work is not completed within the period specified, the City may complete the work and recover the full cost and expense, together with court costs and attorney fees necessary to collect said amounts from the developer or land divider. The agreement shall also provide for reimbursement of the City's cost of inspection in accordance with Section 9.801 (f).

SECTION 9.806 SECURITY

(a) The developer or land divider shall file with the agreement, to assure full and faithful performance thereof, one of the following:

(1) A surety or performance bond executed by a surety company authorized to transact business in the State of Oregon in a form approved by the City Attorney; or
(2) A personal bond co-signed by at least one additional person together with evidence of financial responsibility and resources of those signing the bond sufficient to provide reasonable assurance of ability to proceed in accordance with the agreement to the satisfaction of the City Council; or

(3) A cash or negotiable security deposit.

(b) Such assurance of full and faithful performance shall be for a sum approved by the City as sufficient to cover the cost of the improvements and repairs, including related engineering and incidental expenses, and to cover the cost of City inspections and other costs.

(c) Prior to acceptance of required public improvements, the developer or land divider shall file one of the above listed assurances with the City, in an amount equal to 20% of actual construction costs, as a warranty towards defects in materials and workmanship identified for a period of no less than one year after City acceptance of the public improvements. The City may agree to a longer warranty period in lieu of the above required assurances.

SECTION 9.807 NONCOMPLIANCE PROVISIONS

(a) If the developer or land divider fails to carry out provisions of the agreement, the City shall provide written notice to the developer or land divider and the surety specifying the details of noncompliance. Unless the City allows more time for compliance because of circumstances beyond the developer or land divider's control, within 30 days after receiving the notice, the developer or land divider or the surety shall commence compliance and proceed diligently to comply with the agreement.

(b) If the developer or land divider or the surety does not begin compliance within the 30 days or the additional time allowed by the City, or compliance is not completed within the time specified in granting the land division approval, the City may take the following action:

1. Notify the developer or land divider and the surety of the developer or land divider's failure to perform as required by this Code and the agreement.
2. Demand payment from the developer or land divider or the developer or land divider's surety for the unfulfilled obligation.
3. Enter upon the site and carry out the obligation in accordance with the provisions of the approval and agreement.
4. If the security for the obligation is a performance bond, notify the surety that reimbursement for City expenses for fulfillment of the obligation is due and payable to the City. If the security is a deposit of cash or other assets, appropriate as much of the deposit as is necessary to recoup City expenses.
5. Void all approvals granted in reliance on the agreement.

(c) If the bond or other required security is not sufficient to compensate the City for expenses incurred to fulfill the obligation, the amount due to the City for the obligation is a lien in favor of the City upon the entire contiguous real property of the owner of the land subject to the obligation.
(d) The lien attaches upon the filing with the City Recorder of notice of the claim for the amount due for the fulfillment of the obligation. The notice shall demand the amount due, allege the insufficiency of the bond or other security to compensate the City fully for the expense of the fulfillment of the obligation, and allege the developer or land divider's failure to fulfill the required obligation.

(e) The lien may be foreclosed in the manner prescribed by law for foreclosing other liens on real property.

(f) The remedies set forth for non-compliance are cumulative. In addition to the remedies set forth above, non-compliance by the developer or his surety with any term of a performance guarantee shall entitle the City to pursue any civil remedy permitted by law.

SECTION 9.808 DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS

The City of Lowell has adopted the public improvement design and construction standards for public improvements contained in the current editions of the following:

(a) City of Lowell Standards for Public Improvements.
(b) City of Lowell Public Works Construction Standards, consisting of:
   (1) Vol. I, Technical Specifications for Public Works Construction, and
   (2) Vol. II, Standard Details.

SECTION 9.809 MODIFICATIONS PERMITTED

The City Administrator is authorized to approve modifications to the adopted design and construction standards of the City of Lowell. Any modification that is made under this authorization must be upon the recommendation or in consultation with the City Engineer. Such modifications may be initiated by the City Engineer or be made upon written request from a developer or contractor designing and/or constructing public improvements within the City of Lowell. Such modifications may be improved on a one-time basis only. Permanent modifications require the further approval of the City Council.

(a) One-time Modifications: The City Administrator may approve one-time modifications for a particular public improvement upon written request if, after consultation with the City Engineer, it is determined that the requested modification would not adversely impact safety, life span and/or maintenance and repair requirements of the improvement.

(b) Permanent Modifications: If a particular construction standard or specification requirement is no longer appropriate as established in the adopted construction standards, the City Engineer and/or the City Administrator may recommend a permanent modification to the standard. Permanent modifications will be adopted by Resolution by the City Council and become a part of the City’s adopted design and construction standards.

SECTION 9.810 APPLICABILITY OF LANE COUNTY STANDARDS

For public improvements that are constructed within the public rights-of-way owned and controlled by Lane County, coordination is required with Lane County Public Works Department.
and the required Lane County permits must be obtained. In the event of a conflict between the City of Lowell's adopted design and construction standards with those of Lane County, Lane County standards will take precedence unless jointly agreed upon otherwise by the Lane County Public Works Department and the City Engineer for the City of Lowell.

SECTION 9.110 through 9.189 Reserved for Expansion

SECTION 9.190 DEFINITIONS

(a) **Rules of Construction.** The following rules of construction shall apply unless inconsistent with the plain meaning of the context of this Code:

1. **Tense:** Words used in the present tense include the future tense.
2. **Number:** Words used in the singular include the plural, and words used in the plural include the singular.
3. **Shall and May:** The word "shall" is mandatory; the word "may" is permissive.
4. **Gender:** The gender may include the feminine, masculine and neuter which can mean any of those forms.
5. **Headings:** If there is any conflict or inconsistency between the heading of an article, section or paragraph of this Code and the context thereof, the said heading shall not be deemed to affect the scope, meaning or intent of such context.

(b) **Definitions.** The words and phrases used in this Code shall have the following meaning:

**ABUT:** Contiguous to or immediately joined. For example, two lots with a common property line are considered to be abutting.

**ACCESS:** The way or means by which pedestrians, bicycles, and vehicles shall have safe, adequate and usable ingress and egress to property.

**ACCESS MANAGEMENT:** Regulation of access to streets, roads, and highways from abutting property, public and private roads and driveways.

**ACCESSWAY:** A right-of-way or easement, not located within a street right-of-way, that provides a space for pedestrian and/or bicycle passage.

**ACCESSORY STRUCTURE OR ACCESSORY USE:** A structure or use incidental, appropriate and subordinate to the main use of property and located on the same lot as the main use.

**ADVERSE IMPACT:** An impact that is detrimental to or contrary to the desired effect or so opposed as to cause harmful interference. A negative effect that is detrimental to the public welfare or injurious to people, property or the community environment.

**ALLEY:** A public way which affords only a secondary means of access to property.

**ALTERATION:** Any change, addition or modification in construction or occupancy.
BASEMENT: A story partly or wholly underground. A basement shall be counted as a story for purposes of height measurement where more than one-half of its height is above the average level of the adjoining ground.

BED and BREAKFAST: A dwelling where travelers are lodged for sleeping and dining purposes under the provisions of local or state law governing such facilities.

BIKEWAY: The general term for the four basic types of bikeways:
(a) Bikes lanes are paved 5 to 6-foot wide designated lanes adjacent to (vehicle) travel lanes.
(b) Shoulder Bikeways are where bicyclists travel within the roadway's paved shoulder. Typically, shoulder bikeways are four to six feet in width.
(c) Shared Roadways are roadways where bicyclists and motor vehicles share the travel lane.
(d) Multi-Use Paths are separated from vehicular traffic. They are two-way pathways about 10 feet wide used by pedestrians, bicyclists and joggers.

BOARDING AND/OR ROOMING HOUSE: A building where lodging, with or without meals, is provided for compensation, but shall not include Homes for the Aged, Nursing Homes or Group Care Homes.

BUILDING: Any structure used or intended for supporting or sheltering any use or occupancy.

BUILDING HEIGHT: The vertical distance from the average adjacent building grade to the highest point of the roof.

BUILDING INSPECTOR: An individual with duties and authority to enforce all building codes and the provisions of this Code in accordance with Section 9.209, Building Permits.

BUILDING LINE: A line on a plat or map indicating the limit, beyond which buildings or structures may not be erected. Also referred to as the Setback line, the area between the building or setback line and the property line is referred to as the "yard."

CHURCH: A building, together with its accessory buildings and uses, where persons regularly assemble for worship, and which building, together with its accessory buildings and uses, is maintained and controlled by a religious body organized to sustain public worship.

CITY: The City of Lowell, Oregon.

CLINIC: Single or multiple offices for physicians, surgeons, dentists, chiropractors, osteopaths, and other members of the healing arts, including a dispensary in each such building to handle only merchandise of a nature customarily prescribed by occupants in connection with their practices.

CLINIC, SMALL ANIMAL: A business establishment in which veterinary services are rendered to small domestic pets on an out-patient.

CLUB: A facility owned or operated for a social, educational, or recreational purpose, to which membership is required for participation and which is neither operated primarily for profit nor to render a service which is customarily carried on by a business.
COMMUNITY CENTER: A facility owned and operated by a governmental agency or a non-profit community organization which is open to any resident of the neighborhood in which the facility is located or to any resident of the City or surrounding area, provided that the primary purpose of the facility is for assembly, and provided further that no permanent or temporary commercial eating or drinking facilities shall be operated on the premises.

COMMUNITY SEPTIC SYSTEM: A sewage treatment and disposal system serving two or more dwelling units.

COMPREHENSIVE PLAN: A city plan for the guidance of growth and improvement of the City, including modifications or refinements which may be made from time to time.

COUNCIL: The City Council of the City of Lowell, Oregon, which is the governing body of said City.

DAY NURSERY/DAY CARE CENTER: Any institution, establishment or place, including nursery schools or private kindergartens, in which children are commonly cared for.

DECIDING AUTHORITY: The City Administrator, City Planning Commission or City Council, which ever is responsible for making a decision on an application.

DLCD: Department of Land Conservation and Development.

DWELLING: A building or portion thereof, which is occupied in whole or in part as a home, residence, or sleeping place, either permanently or temporarily by one (1) or more families.

DWELLING, MULTI-FAMILY (APARTMENT): A building or portion thereof designated for occupancy by three (3) or more families living independently of each other, with the number of families in residence not exceeding the number of dwelling units provided.

DWELLING, SINGLE-FAMILY: A detached building, other than a recreational vehicle, designed for and occupied by not more than one family.

DWELLING, TWO-FAMILY (DUPLEX): A detached building designed for and occupied by not more than two (2) families living independently of each other.

DWELLING UNIT: A single unit providing complete independent living facilities, designed for occupancy by one (1) family, and including permanent provisions for living, sleeping, eating, cooking and sanitation.

EASEMENT: A grant of the right to land for specific purposes without ownership.

FACT: Something that has actual existence, an actual occurrence or a piece of information presented as having objective reality. In the Land Use Hearing Process, facts are the information submitted as evidence that is relied upon in making a decision on a land use issue. The justification for the decision shall be based on the criteria, standards and facts set forth in the hearing.
FENCE, SIGHT-OBSCURING: A continuous fence, wall, evergreen planting or combination thereof, constructed and/or planted so as to effectively screen the particular use from view.

FLOOR AREA: The area included within the surrounding exterior walls of a building or portion thereof, exclusive of vent shafts and courts. The floor area of a building or portion thereof, not provided with surrounding exterior walls, shall be the usable area under the vertical projection of the roof or floor above.

GARAGE, PRIVATE: A fully enclosed detached accessory building or a fully enclosed portion of the main building for the parking of automobiles of the occupants of the premises.

GARAGE, PUBLIC: A building other than a private garage used for the care, repair, parking or storage of automobiles.

GRADE (GROUND LEVEL): The average elevation of the finished ground level at the centers of all walls of a building.

HOME OCCUPATION: A lawful occupation carried on by a resident of a dwelling, where the occupation is secondary to the main use of the property as a residence provided the use does not alter the character of the dwelling, there is no exterior display of stock and no employees other than family members.

HOTEL/MOTEL: A building or group of buildings used for transient lodging containing more than 5 guest rooms without guest room cooking facilities used primarily for sleeping purposes. On-site restaurant facilities may also be provided.


LOADING SPACE: An off-street space or berth on the same lot with a building for the temporary parking of a commercial vehicle while loading or unloading merchandise or materials, and which abuts upon a street, alley or other appropriate means of access.

LOT (PARCEL): A unit of land that is created by a legal division of land.

MANUFACTURED DWELLING: A structure transportable in one or more sections, each built on a permanent chassis, and which is designed to be used for permanent occupancy as a dwelling and is not designated as a "recreational vehicle" or prefabricated structure as defined by the State or Oregon.

NEIGHBORHOOD ACTIVITY CENTERS: Schools, parks, and other like sites.

NONCONFORMING STRUCTURE LOT OR USE: A lawful existing structure, lot, or use, at the time this Code, or any amendment thereto, becomes effective which does not conform to the standards of the zone or district in which it is located.

OCCUPANCY: The purpose for which a building, or part of a building, is used or intended to be used.
OWNER: An individual, association, partnership, or corporation having legal or equitable title to land, other than legal title held for purpose of security only.

PARCEL: See LOT.

PARKING SPACE: An off-street enclosed or unenclosed surfaced area of not less than 180 square feet, not less 8 feet wide and 18 feet in length, exclusive of maneuvering and access area, permanently reserved for the temporary storage of one automobile, and connected with a street by a surfaced driveway which affords ingress and egress for automobiles.

PARTITION: Either an act of partitioning land or an area or tract of land partitioned.

PARTITION LAND: To divide land into two or three parcels of land within a calendar year, but does not include:

(a) A divisions of land resulting from a lien foreclosure, foreclosure of a recorded contract for the sale of real property or the creation of cemetery lots.

(b) An adjustment of a property line by the relocation of a common boundary where an additional unit of land is not created and where the existing unit of land reduced in size by the adjustment complies with any applicable zoning Code.

(c) A sale or grant by a person to a public agency or public body for state highway, county road, city street or other right-of-way purposes provided that such road or right-of-way complies with the applicable comprehensive plan.

PEDESTRIAN CONNECTION: A continuous, unobstructed, reasonably direct route intended and suitable for pedestrian use between two points. Pedestrian connections include but are not limited to sidewalks, walkways, accessways, stairways and pedestrian bridges.

PEDESTRIAN WAY: A right-of-way for pedestrian traffic.

PLANNING COMMISSION: The Planning Commission of the City of Lowell.

PLAT: A final subdivision plat, replat or partition plat.

(a) Partition Plat: A final map and other writing containing all the descriptions, locations, specifications, provisions and information concerning a partition.

(b) Subdivision Plat: A final map and other writing containing all the descriptions, locations, specifications, dedications, provisions and information concerning a subdivision.

(c) Replat: The act of platting the lots, parcels and easements in a recorded subdivision or partition plat to achieve a reconfiguration of the existing subdivision or partition plat or to increase or decrease the number of lots in the subdivision.

PROFESSIONAL OFFICE: An office occupied by doctors, dentists, accountants, attorneys, optometrists, architects, professional engineers or surveyors or persons engaged in similar occupations.
PROPERTY: A lot or parcel, or a single unit of land which, at the time of application for a building permit, is designated by its owner or developer as a tract to be used, developed or built upon as a unit, under single ownership or control.

(a) Corner Property: A lot or parcel at least two adjacent sides of which abut streets other than alleys, provided the angle of intersection of the adjacent streets does not exceed 135°.

(b) Through Property: A lot or parcel having frontage on two parallel or approximately parallel streets other than alleys.

(c) Panhandle Property: A lot or parcel which has access to a right-of-way by means of a narrow strip of land which is part of that parcel.

PROPERTY LINE: The legal boundary of a lot or parcel. The division line between two units of land.

(a) Front Property Line: The lot or parcel line separating the property from a street other than an alley, and in the case of a corner property, the shortest property line along a street other than an alley.

(b) Rear Property Line: The lot or parcel line which is opposite and most distant from the front property line.

(c) Side Property Line: Any lot or parcel line not a front or rear property line.

PROPERTY WIDTH: The average horizontal distance between the side lot lines, ordinarily measured parallel to the front lot line.

PROPERTY LINE ADJUSTMENT: The relocation of a common property line between two abutting properties.

PUBLIC AND SEMI-PUBLIC BUILDING OR USE: A building or use, owned or operated by a religious, charitable, or other nonprofit organization; a public utility; or any social agency such as a church, school, auditorium, meeting hall, library, art gallery, museum, fire station, cemetery, park, playground, community center or similar use.

RIGHT-OF-WAY: A continuous strip of land between property lines allowing a right of passage usually containing a street, railroad or other passageway.

ROADWAY: The portion of a street right-of-way developed for vehicular traffic.

SALE OR SELL: Every disposition or transfer of land in a subdivision or partition or an interest or estate therein.

SERVICE STATION, AUTOMOBILE: A place or station designed and used primarily for the supplying of motor fuel, oil, lubrication and accessories to motor vehicles, but excluding major repair and overhauling.
SEWAGE DISPOSAL SYSTEM: Any approved method of sewage treatment including but not limited to a municipal system, septic tank and drainfield and sand filter systems.

SETBACK: A line within a property boundary defining a locational limit for buildings, structures or other defined uses that creates an area or yard between the property line and the setback line.

SIDEWALK: A pedestrian walkway with permanent surfacing.

SIGN: Any medium including its structure and component parts, which is used or intended to be used to attract attention to the subject matter for advertising purposes or identification.

STORY: That portion of a building included between the upper surface of any floor and the upper surface of the floor next above, except that the topmost story shall be that portion of a building included between the upper surface of the topmost floor and the ceiling above. (See basement).

STREET OR ROAD: A public or private way that is created to provide ingress or egress for persons to one or more lots, parcels, areas or tracts of land and including the term "road," "highway," "lane," "drive" "avenue," "alley" or similar designations.

(a) Arterial: A street of considerable continuity which is primarily a traffic artery for interconnection between large areas.

(b) Collector: A street supplementary to the arterial street system and a means of interconnection between arterials; used for through traffic and access to small areas.

(c) Minor street: A street intended primarily for access to abutting properties.

(d) Cul-de-sac: A short dead-end street terminated by a vehicular turnaround.

(e) Half street: A portion of the width of a street, usually along the edge of a subdivision, where the remaining portion of the street could be provided in another subdivision.

(f) Limited access street: A means of access to property that is limited by law for public roads or by posting by an owner for private roads.

STRUCTURAL ALTERATION: Any change to the supporting members of a structure including foundations, bearing walls or partitions, columns, beams, girders or structural change in the roof or in the exterior walls.

STRUCTURE: That which is built or constructed, an edifice or building of any kind, or any physical work built up of parts joined together in some definite manner.

SUBDIVIDE LAND: To divide an area or tract of land into four or more lots within a calendar year.
**SUBDIVISION:** Either an act of subdividing land or an area or tract of land subdivided.

**TENTATIVE PLAN:** A tentative plan is the application, supplemental data and map showing the general design of the proposed subdivision or partition, submitted to the City for approval under the provisions of **ORS 92** and **Section 9.220** of the Lowell Land Development Code.

**USE:** The purpose for which land or a structure is designed, arranged or intended or for which it is occupied and maintained.

**YARD:**
   
   (a) **Exterior Yard** A yard area abutting a street right-of-way created by a setback line.

   (b) **Interior Yard** A yard area adjacent to a property line created by a setback line that may be either a side yard or rear yard abutting another property.

   (c) **Rear Yard** An interior yard opposite the Front Yard.

   (d) **Front Yard** An exterior yard facing a street. For corner lots the smallest street facing dimension shall be the front of the property.

   (e) **Street Side Yard:** The yard of a corner lot not designated the Front Yard.

**ZERO PROPERTY LINE:** A lot or parcel line having no setback therefrom and may equally divide a common wall in a building.

**SECTION 9.191 through 9.199 Reserved for Expansion.**